THE WEATHER

Rain or snow tonight and probably Sunday; colder; moderate variable winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY MARCH 1 1913 | PRICE ONE CENT

STRIKE RIOT IN BOSTON

APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR

Voted by the Municipal Council—Reduction of the Water Rates Ordered

At its meeting yesterday the municipal council the appropriations for the year, the total being 3,977 or $44,314 less than last year:

The reduction of 20 per cent. in water rates was to take effect today.

The lighting contract for six years was adopted.

At today's meeting the sub-apportionments were made.

The appropriations for this and last year are as follows:—

	1913	1912
Dept. of Public Safety	$ 372,417	$ 363,481.92
Dept. of Public Property	128,810	137,236.00
Fire Department	187,000	191,755.00
Dept. Streets and Highways	282,000	286,500.00
Dept. of Finance	57,700	56,740.00
School Dept.	385,000	420,983.57
Commissioners' Salaries	10,000	10,000.00
Commissioners' Incidentals	2,500	4,131.00
Memorial Day	1,350	1,350.00
Band Concerts	700	700.00
Labor Day	1,000	—
Public Library	14,500	14,500.00
July Fourth	1,000	913.56
Totals	$1,443,977	$1,488,291.05

TODAY'S MEETING

Of Municipal Council Dealing With Subdivisions of the Appropriation Made Late Yesterday Afternoon

At a meeting of the municipal council held this forenoon Alderman Barrett branded a statement made by Ald. Brown as an "absolute falsehood." The rather unpleasant episode had to do with the fire department appropriation, Mr. Brown contending that more money was appropriated this year than was expended last year and that about $17,000 of last year's total appropriation, $191,755.00, had not been expended. It was then that the ugly word was passed. Alderman Barrett stating that the extra money had been set aside for the payment of motor propelled fire apparatus. He said that Commissioner Brown well knew that money appropriated this year could not be used

Continued to page nine

WORKERS ATTACKED BY STRIKERS AND SYMPATHIZERS

Many Injured---Police Reserves Forced to Pull Clubs---Two Arrested---Mass Meeting Planned

BOSTON, March 1.—A party of non-union garment workers were attacked by a crowd of several hundred persons as the new men arrived at their place of employment in taxicabs this morning. There was a lively fight during which Angelo Palombu, a non-union worker of Chelsea, was so badly injured that it was necessary to remove him to a hospital. Several persons were less seriously hurt. Police reserves were on the spot soon after the rioting began and, clubbing their way through the crowd, rescued the assaulted ones and gave them safe escort to their benches in the shop. They then turned their attention to the strike sympathizers who were handled roughly before they gave way. Two of the crowd were arrested. Annabala Marcelli was charged with assault and Giovanni Corangello for disturbing the peace. Union officials claim that there were further desertions from the shops today of members of the Ladies' Garment Workers' union, who left their machines yesterday demanding a minimum wage of $6 a week, a 15 per cent. increase for those now earning that amount or more; and better sanitary conditions in the shops.

The strikers place the number of these women and girls who have struck at 6000. They were engaged in making shirtwaists and dresses. The strikers state that many of the manufacturers who have not agreed to the terms of the garment workers are engaging non-union help and that a large number of workers from outside cities have come here during the past few days to take the place of the strikers.

Plans have been made for a mass meeting of garment workers, shirtwaist workers and all affiliated unions.

CHARLES LAJOIE WON HIS CASE

Supreme Court Decided in His Favor in Trial Against City and New Haven Road

The full bench of the supreme court yesterday rendered a decision in the case of Charles Lajoie of this city vs. the city of Lowell, and the same vs. the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. The finding of the superior court was confirmed.

This case grew out of the abolition of the grade crossing in Lincoln street and was tried before jury, Judge Morton presiding, in Dec. 1911. A verdict was rendered in favor of Mr. Lajoie in the sum of $866.44 against the city of Lowell and also in the same party's favor in the sum of $165.39 against the railroad company.

Choate, Hall and Stewart, who were representing the city of Lowell and the railroad company appealed and the case was heard by the full bench of the supreme court. Lawyer Henri V. Charbonneau appeared for the plaintiff.

The supreme court held that the railroad location was not good, and this will affect titles on several miles of land alongside of the railroad tracks between Lowell and Framingham.

IMPORTANT TEXTILE SCHOOL BILL

Introduced by John Jacob Rogers—State Asked to Reimburse Cities and Towns

Congressman John Jacob Rogers had introduced in the legislature a bill to provide for the free instruction of students in the evening classes of the textile schools. The bill is an important one for Lowell, inasmuch as it seeks to lessen the city's burden in connection with the Lowell Textile school by having the commonwealth reimburse cities and towns sending pupils to the Lowell school. A tuition is paid at the present time, but the state does not reimburse the city or town from which the pupils come. If the state would reimburse the cities and towns it is believed that a greater number of boys and girls would attend and if the school could succeed in increasing its attendance the city of Lowell would be benefited. Mr. Rogers' bill and other bills having to do with the Lowell Textile school will be heard before the committee on education at the state house Monday forenoon at 10:30 o'clock. The Rogers bill reads as follows:

Section 1. Any resident of any city or town in Massachusetts may make application for admission to the evening classes of any textile school established and maintained under the provision of chapter 475 of the acts of the year 1895 or of chapter 293 of the acts of the year 1899, as amended. The board of education, whose decision shall be final, shall approve or disapprove such application.

Section 2. The city or town in which the person resides who has been admitted as above provided to such textile school, shall pay such tuition fee as may be fixed by the board of education; and the commonwealth shall reimburse such city or town, as hereinafter provided. If any city or town neglects or refuses to pay for such tuition, it shall be liable therefor in an action of contract to the trustees of the textile school aggrieved.

Section 3. Cities and towns that have paid claims for tuition in such textile schools as hereinbefore provided, shall be reimbursed by the commonwealth to the extent of one half the sums expended by such cities and towns in payment of such claims.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

REV. W. GEORGE MULLIN

Chaplain of Lowell Council, K. of C., to Give Lecture Before Members in the Council Tomorrow

Rev. W. George Mullin, chaplain of the K. of C., will give the second of a series of talks before the members in the council chambers tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

STATE INSPECTOR BUSY

Examination in This City on Thursday

The board of engineers from Boston will be at the state boiler inspector's office in Central block on Thursday of next week to assist in examining the many applicants that apply at the first of the month. No applicant will be examined unless he has received notice to appear at the office on that date. Although many of the mills of Lowell are reported as not running on full time the state inspector is kept as busy as ever.

AT THE HIGHLAND CLUB

Enjoyable "Stag Party" Held Last Night

The members of the Highland club of this city held another of their pleasing "stag parties" last night and enjoyed a well rendered entertainment. Some of Lowell's best known and most popular singers were present to assist in the program and they included Messrs. Andrew McCarthy, John Dalton, Edward Shea, Commissioner James Donnelly, with Dick Noonan doing remarkably good work as accompanist at the piano.

Following the entertainment, a buffet lunch was served down stairs, by Herbert E. Webster, steward of the club, and this proved to be no small feature of the evening's gathering. The members highly enjoy these parties and look forward to them with a great deal of pleasure. They have in every instance been very successful.

The committee in charge of the event of last night included the following: A. G. McCurdy, Frederick G. Woodworth, John W. Kernan, William E. Potter and Herbert E. Webster.

Stop, Look, Listen. The greatest legitimate jewelry sale ever held in Lowell, now going on at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

MANY CASES ON DOCKET

The Grand Jury Session Opens Here March 3

The following are the cases to be tried before the grand jury which will hold session at the court house in Gorham street, Lowell, on the first Monday in March:

Harvey W. Burnett, several counts of breaking and entering and larceny, alleged to have been committed in cottages and camps in and near Tyngsboro, the victims including several Lowell men.

Thomas J. Burns and Martin P. Dunn charged with breaking and entering and larceny, in whose trial, Judge Enright recently found probable cause and held them for the grand jury. They are alleged to have broken into the room of Alfred Dube and to have taken therefrom a watch, some jewelry and a small sum of money.

Thomas J. Burns, the same mentioned in connection with Dunn, breaking and entering and larceny.

Edward Gray, breaking and entering and larceny, another Lowell case.

George Giatas and Theodore Giatas, two brothers who conduct a tailor shop in Market street, alleged to have defaulted a woman of a sum amounting to approximately $600; also a case recently.

Matthias Silva, larceny, who it is alleged defaulted a society of part of its funds.

School Children Visit State House

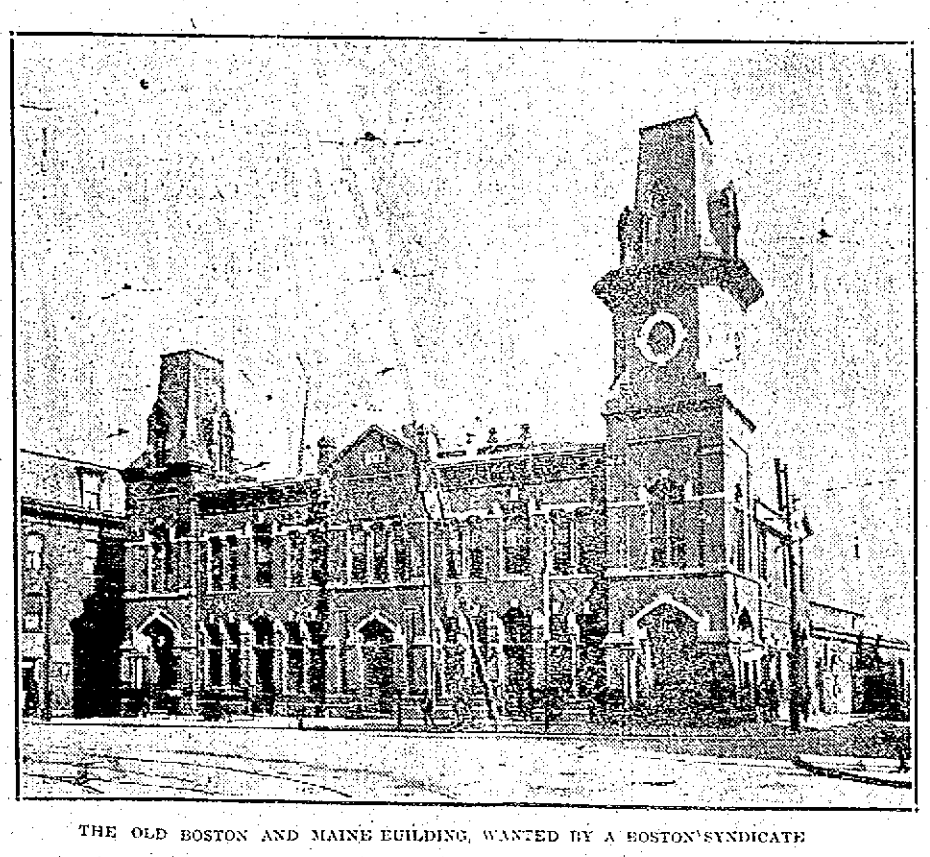
Principal Green of the Moody school, together with about 20 of the boys of the upper grade of the school, left this morning on the 7:45 o'clock car for Boston, where they will visit the state house, Faneuil hall, the art museum, Old South church and other points of interest. A short time ago Mr. Green took a delegation of the girls on a similar tour of inspection. These trips are highly enjoyed by the boys and girls, who have looked forward to them with a great deal of pleasure.

RUMORS FALSE

Rev. Fr. Watelle, O. M. I., Had Nothing to Do With Changes of Clergymen in St. Joseph's Parish

The rumors in regard to Rev. Henri Watelle, O. M. I., to the effect that he was responsible for the changes in the clergymen of St. Joseph's parish are false, for it is a rule in the Oblate order that such changes are made by the provincial.

OLD B. & M. STATION MAY BE LEASED BY A BOSTON CONCERN—TELEPHONE CO. MOVES TO NEW BUILDING



THE OLD BOSTON AND MAINE BUILDING, WANTED BY A BOSTON SYNDICATE

Today the Telephone company will have almost completely moved from its quarters in the old Boston and Maine station to its new building in Appleton street, but what is of greater interest than its removal is the fact that a Boston syndicate wants to lease the entire station from the front on Central street back to George street for business and manufacturing purposes.

The New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. which is occupying the old Boston & Maine railroad station in Central street, has moved a certain portion of its plant to the new building in Appleton street which was erected purposely for this company. At the present time the district revenue accountant and his large clerical force, the district plant chief and his clerical force, as well as the district traffic chief and his force, are now occupying the new building.

A crew of men is now engaged in connecting the telephone apparatus in the new building to the many underground cables by which telephone service is distributed, in order that the cut over, or shifting over to the new plant may be done at a minute's notice. This will be done, it is expected, on March 15, and the manager of the company stated to the writer yesterday, that the service will not be held up a minute when this change is made. Everything is being so ar-

Continued to page three

Wind and Dust produce skin troubles that are quickly relieved by Hood's Lotion, which soothes and heals, and is antiseptic. 50c.

Dys-pep-lets

Made only by C. I. HOOD CO.

are just what you should take if you can't eat without fear of sour stomach, belching, heartburn or nausea. They prevent as well as relieve after-dinner discomforts. Get a box today, 10c., 50c. or $1.

Remember the name Dys-pep-lets Take no Substitute

N. SOROGHAN

TAILOR

Is showing an elegant line of

MEN'S SUITING

In foreign and domestic woolens, at popular prices. Fit, style and workmanship guaranteed.

147 CENTRAL ST.

ROOM 214

FOR 64 YEARS

This Bank Has Never Paid Less Than

Four Per Cent.

City Institution for Savings

CENTRAL STREET

JOHN STREET WINDOW

Three Great Bargains

PAPER CUTTERS, BRASS INK STANDS, and PAINT BOXES

Look at Them

R. E. JUDD Bookseller and Stationer 79 Merrimack St.

The ONLY

SAVINGS BANK

IN LOWELL

Where deposits will draw interest from

MARCH 1st

MECHANICS

202 MERRIMACK ST.

BRAND YOUR NAME

Contractors, builders and manufacturers!

Do your branding the clean, quick and flameless way!

Order an electric branding iron.

IT CAN'T CLOG!

Lowell Electric Light Corp.

50 CENTRAL ST.

Watch Our Windows

TODAY

and NEXT WEEK

And see the process of making

DOWS' MENTHOL CREAM

Goes direct to the spot. Cures colds in the head, rose cold, hay fever, sneezing, sniffing, catarrh and nasal troubles. It's volatile. A little in the nostrils and up it goes in full strength. You're cured. Exactly!

Tubes 10c and 25c

DOWS, The Druggist,

Cor. Merrimack and Central Streets

INTEREST STARTS Today

DEPOSITS

Made on or before 3rd day any Month Draw Interest from 1st day same

SAVINGS DEPT.

Traders National Bank

Hours: 8:30 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Saturdays, 8:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.; Saturday evenings, 7 to 9 o'clock

If You Experience Any Difficulty

Finding a good ready made suit this spring, owing to the prolonged strike in the ready made industry, please remember us. Please remember us anyway, as suits such as we make cannot be produced by any process other than that of the custom tailor.

See Our New Spring Line of Men's Suiting at $25.00 to order.

M. MARKS CO.

—— Tailors ——

40 CENTRAL STREET

9 MEMBERS OF CABINET SELECTED

Democratic Senators Declared That Wilson's Portfolio is Almost Completed

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Democratic senators who are in a position to know whereof they speak declared yesterday that nine of the prospective members of Woodrow Wilson's cabinet have been selected by Mr. Wilson to serve with him, and that everyone had accepted.

The only place in the cabinet not filled according to the information that is absolutely reliable is that of secretary of agriculture.

The slate is as follows:

William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state.

William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury.

Col. George W. Goethals, secretary of war.

James C. McReynolds, attorney-general.

Albert S. Burleson, postmaster-general.

Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy.

Edwin L. Norris, secretary of the interior.

Louis D. Brandeis, secretary of commerce.

William B. Wilson, secretary of labor.

Secretary of agriculture undecided.

Goethals For War Portfolio

Four of these have been known for several days, namely, Bryan, Burleson, Daniels and McAdoo. Rumors concerning McReynolds and Brandeis have been floating about for two weeks and it has been conceded generally for some time that if the bill creating a department of labor passed Congressman Wilson of Pennsylvania would be the man selected for its head. It now seems certain that these three men will be members of the Wilson cabinet and that they will receive the positions designated.

In choosing Mr. McReynolds for attorney general, Mr. Wilson is making a move that will be satisfactory to the progressive members of his party and to the leading workers of the department of justice.

McReynolds was assistant attorney-general during Roosevelt's administration. He is a native of Nashville, Tenn., but after leaving the department of justice he went to New York to practice law. He was employed by the government as special attorney in trust prosecutions, his most notable work being in connection with the tobacco and anthracite and soft coal cases.

George W. Goethals' name is familiar to everyone who has followed the development of the Panama canal during the past few years. It is felt here that in selecting him as head of the war department, Mr. Wilson is aiming to have a man whom he can consult with confidence on the canal question, which is sure to be one of the most important matters before his administration. Col. Goethals is credited to New York.

Norris Opposed to Pinchot

Edwin L. Norris, ex-governor of Montana, is a native of Kentucky, but went to Montana when quite young. He is a democrat, an ardent state's rights man in the matter of national conservation and has been opposed to the Pinchot ideas.

Mr. Wilson met him on several occasions at governors' meetings and was much impressed with him. Powerful influences are back of Norris. Several of his backers were heavy contributors to the Wilson campaign fund.

There are some who think that Norris will not be appointed because of his anti-Pinchot views. Mr. Wilson is known to have considered, in connection with the secretaryship of the interior, Walter H. Page, a magazine editor. Mr. Page's friends say emphatically that he is not yet out of the calculations, but the best information obtainable in Washington favors Norris.

That Louis D. Brandeis will go into the cabinet is practically settled, according to what leading democratic senators hear. Members of the Massachusetts delegation are convinced of it, and there seems no reason to doubt the reliability of their information.

If the bill creating the department of labor is not vetoed by the president, Mr. Brandeis will be secretary of commerce, for the labor bureaus of the department of commerce will be taken away from it. If the bill is vetoed, Mr. Brandeis will be known as secretary of commerce and labor.

The appointment of Congressman Wilson of Pennsylvania, chairman of the house committee on labor, to a position in the cabinet hinges upon the fate of the labor department bill. Mr. Wilson was born in Scotland, but came to Pennsylvania in his youth.

He has always been a strong friend of organized labor and his appointment will be more than acceptable to the labor leaders of the country. In case President Taft vetoes the labor department bill, it is expected that Mr. Wilson will ask congress to pass it again during the extra session, so Congressman Wilson will not have long to wait.

Son Slayer Sentenced

CHICAGO, March 1.—Mrs. Louisa Lindloff, who was convicted of the murder of her son to obtain insurance on his life, was sentenced yesterday to 25 years in the penitentiary.

WE SAVE YOU MONEY, TIME AND WORRY

Thousands of New England people now take advantage of our Weekly Bargain Sales formerly enjoyed only by Boston people.

A TWO-CENT STAMP AND THE PARCEL POST

will take and carry your order. Our highly efficient Parcel Post Dept. fills your order promptly and your purchase is in your hands within 24 hours.

Our advertisements in the Boston Sunday Papers accurately list these sales.

Send us your order Sunday

Address: PARCEL POST DEPT.

HOUGHTON & DUTTON CO.

"New England's Great Cash Store"

BOSTON, MASS.

A BIG PIANO SALE

PIANO TRUST CAN'T DOWN THE

Roxbury Storage Salesrooms

The Fight Grows Harder and More Bitter

A Great Chance for the Public to Buy at Cut Prices

A piano sale here is always a sacrifice, always a bargain sale, always a markdown sale. The very nature of the business here is one of sacrifice. The business here is not conducted like the business of a regular piano store where they are expected to make a profit on each piano. We don't let any piano loaf around our floors; a sacrifice tag is clapped on which on the face of it sends competition defied and it is sold to the first wise man or woman for the price marked on the tag. Price doesn't mean anything at these sales. We cut and double cut prices on all makes alike; we ask no favors, we want none, and we give none. In sales like these someone's loss is your gain, the profit is all yours. The finest instruments of the world's best makers are in the sacrifice list.

SOME NEW—SOME USED MORE—SOME LESS

McPhail Upt.	$ 75	Hallet & Davis Upt.	$ 80
Kimball Upt.	$125	Doll & Sons Upt.	$250
Jebbing Upt.	$ 51	McPhail Upt.	$ 85
Ivers & Pond Upt.	$ [illegible]	Schumann Upt.	$175
Haynes Upt.	$105	Emerson Upt.	$ 75
H. F. Miller Upt.	$ 87	Steinway Upt.	$115
Chickering Upt.	$ 67	Vose Upt.	$ 50
Kranich & Bach Upt.	$ 90	H. F. Miller Upt.	$ 85

PIANO PLAYERS NEW AND SECOND HAND, $150—$450

Your old Piano, Organ, Phonograph, Typewriter, Furniture, Desks, Jewelry or anything of value taken in exchange—Full Value Given.

$5 Down Free Delivery Anywhere, Any Time. Trial Allowed at Home. $1 a Week

No pianos sold to dealers for less than prices marked. Pianos stored low rates. Three years allowed to test pianos. Full value allowed if you desire to change.

227 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SALES EVERY DAY

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings Till 9 o'clock.
Boston Salesrooms, 2418 Washington Street, Roxbury.

How to Be Well.

By Dr. True

Your stomach and bowels are the largest organs in your body.

And the easiest part of you to be abused. You eat all kinds of different foods, you don't chew enough, you bolt your food too fast. Then you neglect your bowels.

Consequence is you get a stomach full of sour, half-digested food and the bowels choked full of filthy waste matter, giving poisons off into the blood and body. Is it any wonder you feel badly?

In my practice I found so many people whose sickness came from bad stomach and bowels that I had a prescription put up and waiting for them.

This prescription became famous as a health giver, so I put it up, naming it Dr. True's Elixir, and you can buy it most everywhere. All druggists and dealers in medicine sell it for 35c, 50c and $1.00. I know a lot of doctors and druggists who use it in their own families, so you see what they think of it! Just remember the name, Dr. True's Elixir. It brings health to men, women and children.

HALF MILLION CIGARS

German Says He Enjoyed Every One

Herr Stark, the German misogynist, died in Berlin, proud to the last of his reputation as a devotee of "my Lady Nicotine." "During my long lifetime," he wrote shortly before he smoked his last Havana, according to Tit-Bits, "I estimate that I have smoked over half a million cigars, an average of more than twenty-two daily for sixty years. I have thus enjoyed 10,000 hours of such happiness as nothing else could ever have given me and which was well worth the 6000 pounds that purchased it. My cigars have been the one solace and sweetener of my life, and my only regret in leaving it is that I cannot bring my record up to a million."

And even this amazing feat was quite thrown into eclipse by the achievement of Herr Nanas, an Austrian, whose record verges on the incredible. From the age of 27 Herr Nanas kept an exact account of all he bought and what he paid for it. Thus his account book shows that in 27 years (from 27 to 54) he consumed 28,786 glasses of beer—quite a modest average of less than three glasses a day.

Would Reach 40 Miles

From his fifty-fourth birthday he abandoned his beer, but contrived to smoke more and more furiously until when he died in his 73d year he had consumed exactly 628,713 cigars. Of the whole number, it is said, 43,500 were given to him; on the rest he had spent the equivalent of 2500 pounds, or roughly a penny apiece.

Assuming that each cigar was only four inches long (they were probably much longer), Herr Nanas must thus have reduced to ashes an aggregate cigar little less than forty miles in length and must have spent nearly thirty-six years of his life in the process. As these two champions died at the ages of 80 and 72 respectively it seems clear that excessive cigar smoking is not necessarily a shortener of life.

Pipe Smoker

Among pipe smokers the palm must be awarded to a Dutch sailor named Berken, whose boast it is that for the last sixty-five years his voracious bowl has consumed the English equivalent of a pound of tobacco weekly. It requires no skill in arithmetic to discover that the "Dutch chimney," as he is proud to be known, has dissipated in smoke more than thirty hundredweights of tobacco, which is almost exactly 21 times his own weight.

Equally remarkable are the feats of rapid smoking, which, however, have little to commend them in the way of enjoyment. It is to America that we must go to find the "world's champion cigarette smoker," a hardy Pole, who for a wager once reduced thirty-two cigarettes to ashes before the minute hand had completed the circuit of the clock. On another occasion he performed a feat even more remarkable smoking a round hundred cigarettes in ten minutes under four hours. "And now," the insatiable man exclaimed as he flung away the last stump, "I think I will have a cigar."

UPSET STOMACH AND INDIGESTION.

Heartburn, Gas, Sourness or Dyspepsia Ended in Five Minutes With "Pape's Diapepsin."

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain remedy in the whole world and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know now it is needless to have a bad stomach.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it, enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. It should be kept handy, should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night it is there to give the quickest, surest relief known.

DORR EATS AND SMOKES

Convicted Murderer is Not Worried

SALEM, March 1.—As unconcerned as if he walked the streets a free man, William A. Dorr, convicted of murder in the first degree for the killing of George E. Marsh, spent his first day in the shadow of the electric chair without a sign of emotion, awaiting the action of his attorneys in filing an appeal.

C. Neal Barney, his counsel, announced his plans for the fight to save Dorr's life. He will ask that the trial be set aside on the ground that the murder was committed in Suffolk county on Dorr's own admission, whereas the trial was held in Essex county.

During the trial Atty. Barney saved numerous exceptions and is now engaged in drawing up an appeal from the verdict of the court.

After a sound sleep in his cell at the Salem jail Dorr awoke to his first day as a condemned murderer. He showed his appreciation of his changed status by ordering a hearty breakfast sent in from outside, and then asking for a cigar.

He had but one visitor during the day, the Rev. Arthur E. Harriman, pastor of the East Baptist church of Lynn, and spent the greater part of the day reading. He shows absolutely no concern over the outcome of his attorney's fight for his life.

Several claimants appeared yesterday for the $2500 reward for the arrest of Marsh's murderer. The first on the list is Frank B. Briare, chief of police of Stockton, Cal., who arrested Dorr and procured the "death diary." Other claimants are those who found the button torn from Dorr's coat, the Marsh cap and cane, and the Dorr automobile.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

For the Week Ending March 1

LOWELL

John F. Callahan to Frederick Peterkat, et ux., land and buildings on Third street.

Clement Surprenant, et ux., to Zephirin Perusse, land on River and Acton streets.

Clement Surprenant, et ux., to Zephirin Perusse, land on Bolton street.

Warren Land Trust, trs. of, to William Lawery, land at Rosemont Terrace.

Albert Gregoire to Pierre L. Gregoire et al., land and buildings on Moody street.

Pierre L. Gregoire, et al., to Rosanna Nolin, land and buildings on Moody street.

Central Savings bank, Lowell, to C. Harry Clapp, land corner Watson and Oak avenues.

Margaret McKinnon to David G. Common, land on Carl street.

Damiano De Giorge to Joseph Carpenito, land on Charles street.

Lowell Weaving company to Bay State Cotton Corp., Boston, land and buildings on Marginal street.

BILLERICA

Charles Bruce to Edward D. Chapman, land corner Bridge road and Park avenue.

Frank W. Coughlin to Dinah Spring, land on Montrose avenue.

Hans Alfred Hanson to Fred M. Moore, et al., land on Pine street.

Edgar P. Sellew to Margaret E. Conway, land on Riverdale road.

Edgar P. Sellew to Louisa Wentworth Washburn, land at Riverdale.

DRACUT

Rosanna Nolin to Catherine L. Gregoire, land on Lakeview avenue.

Mary A. Cunningham to Mary Cunningham, land and buildings on Parker avenue.

Mary C. Leach to James J. McManmon, land on Arlington avenue, County road and Methuen street.

TEWKSBURY

Jacob W. Wilbur to Costas L. Giorgakakos, land on Barker and Highland View roads.

WESTFORD

Charles H. Worcester, et al., to Lewis L. Couture, land.

Lewis L. Couture to Charles E. Couture, land.

Frank M. Kimball to George A. Kimball, land and buildings on Boston and Griffin roads.

WILMINGTON

George A. McCormack to Nora Havey, land on Huron avenue and Ballardvale road.

George A. McCormack to Bridget Walsh, land on Huron avenue.

Catherine A. Wade to Mary A. Brown, land.

Frank W. Coughlin to William A. Smith, land corner Forest and Calumet streets.

George H. Shields, trustee, to Chas. E. Hatch, et al., land at Wilmington Square park.

George H. Shields, trustee, to Chas. E. Hatch, et al., land at Pinegrove park.

MUST REFUND $51,025.15

Lawrence Faces an Increased Tax Rate or a Reduction of Its Running Expenses

LAWRENCE, March 1.—The decision of the supreme court against the city of Lawrence in the action brought by the Essex company for an abatement of taxes will have a material effect upon the city's resources this year. An increase in the tax rate, or a reduction in the running expenses, seems inevitable. The amount which the city must refund to the Essex company, with interest, is $51,025.15, dating back to 1905.

In that year at the behest of ex-Mayor White, the assessors increased the valuation of the Essex company's property, including the dam across the Merrimack river and land beneath the two canals. The Essex company paid the extra assessment under protest and the case went to an auditor, who decided against the city, from which an appeal was taken.

The case has been pending, during which the company has been paying the taxes, which must now be refunded. The amount of the excess taxes paid is $46,242.64, and the interest aggregates $5282.51. The decision also reduces the total valuation of the city $690,313.

With the refund and the reduction in the total valuation the loss to the city amounts to practically $65,000, so far as available funds go this year. The matter will come up at the next meeting of the city council.

POOR BOX ROBBERIES

Dextradeur and Seguin of New Bedford Are Arrested in Manchester, N. H., on That Charge

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 1.—Identified by descriptions furnished the police, Edward Seguin, 19 years old, and Geo. Dextradeur, 20, both of New Bedford, Mass., were arrested on Elm street yesterday by Officers Healy and Moore. They are charged with pilfering from the poor boxes in St. Anne's church, the Monastery of the Precious Blood and St. George's church.

For Your Morning Newspaper

THE BOSTON HERALD

1c 1c

In general news, in features and in all departments—financial, business, sporting and editorial—the most satisfactory newspaper for every member of the family

TRY IT—YOU'LL LIKE IT

BOY HURT BY EXPLOSION

Cap Went Off in Newton School

NEWTON, March 1.—The explosion of a detonating cap, filled with fulminate of mercury, in the hands of John Foran, Jr., of Mague avenue, West Newton, in the physics class of the Newton Technical High school yesterday, caused painful injury to the young man and much confusion among the other students. The young boy, a member of the sophomore class, was sitting in the front seat in the classroom, and was picking on the cap with a pencil when it exploded.

The report could be heard throughout the building, and the smoke from the cap necessitated the pupils leaving the room until it had cleared away. The boy's left hand was badly torn, all the skin being burned off his little finger. Three pieces of the shell lodged in his right arm. Dr. P. B. Howard of Walnut street, Newtonville, was called by the school officials, and ordered the removal of the young man to the Newton hospital, where an X-ray picture was taken of the wounds.

When the accident happened the students were nearly through the physics course. It is thought that the boy found the cap on his way to school, and, not knowing how dangerous it was, proceeded to pick it apart. The arm of the chair in which he was sitting was split by the force of the explosion and the book which he was studying was torn to pieces.

H. T. BINGHAM RESIGNS

Oldest Inspector in the Boston Immigration Service Leaves Service at Age of 74 Years

BOSTON, March 1.—Henry T. Bingham, the oldest inspector in the immigration service at this port, has tendered his resignation and retired to private life. The resignation became effective yesterday, and caused many expressions of regret from Col. Billings, immigration commissioner, and members of his staff.

Mr. Bingham is a veteran of the Civil war. He was appointed inspector in 1891, but was removed during the second administration of President Cleveland. Four years later he was reappointed by President McKinley, and served continuously ever since.

When Mr. Bingham first entered upon his duties the immigration work was under the supervision of the state, and there were very few inspectors. He has seen the service grow until more than 20 inspectors are now required to take care of the large number of immigrants arriving here. Mr. Bingham is 74 years of age, and resides in Manchester, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND TEAM

Members to Participate in the Senior National Championship Meet to be Held in New York on March 6

BOSTON, March 1.—The team which will represent the New England A. A. U. in the senior national championship meet in New York on March 6 was announced today by the championship committee of the association. The members of the team are: Howard P. Drew of the Springfield high school; C. A. Rice of Powder Point school and Francis G. O'Hara of the Boston A. C. who will participate in the 75 yard dash; Fred Burns of the Boston A. C. in the 300 yard run; Thomas J. Halpin of the Boston A. C., in the 600 yard run; E. T. Marceau of the Boston A. C. in the 1000 yard run; Oscar Hedlund and Joseph D. Silva of the Boston A. C. in the two mile run; J. B. Cummings of Harvard in the high hurdles, J. C. Lawler, unattached in the 24 pound shotput and H. Barwise of the Boston A. C. in the high jump.

TWO WOMEN KILLED

Mrs. George Hodgdon and Mrs. Bert Libby Struck by Train at Woodfords, Me. Station

PORTLAND, Me., March 1.—Mrs. George Hodgdon and Mrs. Bert Libby were hit by a Maine Central train at the Woodfords station late last night and were instantly killed. Apparently they went directly in front of the train.

STEAMER IN TROUBLE

Is Sinking at New Orleans Dock

NEW ORLEANS, March 1—Attended by three tugs and in grave danger of entirely sinking, the new steamer George Hawley, with a cargo of 55,000 cross ties, lies at Vaence street dock with its stern under water. The tugs are trying to keep her afloat.

The Hawley is owned by the Harper Company of Portland, Me. Finishing taking on cargo at 5 o'clock yesterday the ship prepared to sail for Portland when the ballast listed after the lines were released and she began taking water.

She has been in service only four months, having been built in Detroit and put into commission in October.

The steamer came to New Orleans for its cargo eight days ago after discharging a cargo at Galveston.

MONTREAL TRAIN DELAYED

Express From Boston Breaks Connecting Rod of Two Left Driving Wheels at Winchester

WINCHESTER, March 1.—Train 81 on the southern division of the B. & M., which left Boston yesterday at 8:30 p. m. for Montreal, was delayed two hours by the breaking of the connecting rod of the two left driving wheels of the locomotive, which is numbered 3607.

The accident took place just north of the Center crossing. A section of the bar, about four feet long, dropped off near the center, and the train went about a quarter of a mile further before it was stopped.

The platform along the side of the boiler and the compressed-air tank beneath it were torn off by the section of the rod that was not torn off.

Another locomotive was sent from Boston and the train was pulled back to Winchester station, then sent north over the Woburn loop to get around the installed locomotive.

LECTURE ON GOOD ROADS

Delivered by Col. Sohier Last Night

The members of the recently organized community council of representatives from the trade boards of the various towns held a well attended meeting last night in the rooms of the Lowell board of trade and listened to a very interesting discussion on the construction of roads by Col. William D. Sohier, chairman of the Massachusetts state highway commission.

In his talk, the speaker dwelt particularly on the construction of roads in the country districts and smaller towns and referred but briefly to the city street building. He proceeded without delay to his subject and spoke at length on the various defects and improvements in the making of roads.

Lack of proper drainage, he said, is one of the chief defects to be found in roads of modern construction and it is strange how the contractors persistently overlook this important item of their work. In this regard, Col. Sohier said that in regard to roads, the same care should be taken in regard to drainage as is in the building of a house. The water should be removed from the surface of the road proper and to some distance from the road into a ditch or other place provided for it. As an illustration of the value and advantage of good highways to a town, he took the town of Richmond which by expending a sum of about $3000 yearly in the care and improvement of its roads increased the valuation of its property to a considerable extent.

Col. Sohier, in the course of his address applied his discussion locally and spoke of the various towns which have representatives in the community council. Some, he said, have not good material for the construction of first rate roads and this is especially apparent in the towns of Dracut and Tyngsboro. In cases of this kind, he went on to say, proper drainage of the roads is all the more important in their maintenance.

As one way of keeping the roads in proper condition, the lecturer suggested the use of the log drag, a very inexpensive way of keeping the roads in good condition. It is an implement easy and simple of construction and of great efficiency and should be used when the road is moist but not in such a condition as to render the dirt sticky. Each man might use such a drag to advantage. The ordinary modern road machine, he said, might be better employed in scraping off the sides of the road so as to allow the water to run off more easily and thus better the drainage.

In regard to the forming of the roads, the speaker emphasized the importance of proper spreading of the dirt used, saying that the gravel should be first deposited on the shoulders of the road and then gradually leveled toward the center. He also said that if instead of a six inch crown, one of five inches was used, the contractors would be enabled to do twice as much roadwork with the same amount of material.

The width of a road is becoming more and more an important factor with the increase in the number of automobiles.

In conclusion, the speaker said that there is room for considerable improvement in the roads of some of the towns and that taking into consideration the importance of the roads, this repairing and rebuilding should be begun at once. He explained the new act now pending the decision of the legislative body, whereby the towns are enabled to combine for the hiring of an engineer to take care of the roads of an entire section or district. A number of questions were asked by those present at the meeting and all showed deep interest in the discussion.

THIEVES GET $10,000

Porch Climbers Enter House of Mrs. Julia H. Erwin in Hartford, Conn., and Steal Jewelry

HARTFORD, Conn., March 1.—A jewelry robbery at the home of Mrs. J. H. Erwin has been reported to the police, who will give no particulars. The loss is thought to be $10,000 and expert porch climbers did it. This same house was robbed by William J. Travers, the "gentleman burglar" some years ago and he served seven years for it. Travers afterwards shot a New Haven policeman and later was executed for murder in New Jersey.

ON MURDER CHARGES

Three Men and Woman Arraigned at Salem

SALEM, March 1.—Three men and a woman, indicted for murder in four separate cases, were arraigned before Judge Quinn in the superior court yesterday.

The defendants were: Mrs. Jessie M. Chapman of Lynn, Marsoob Casparian of Lynn, Joseph Warnis of Lawrence, and Nicholas Tsoukluris of Peabody.

The case of Mrs. Chapman, charged with shooting Eva F. Ingalls in Lynn, March 6, 1912, was put over until the next sitting of the court.

Nicholas Tsoukluris, who had been indicted for murder of George Kaskouris in Peabody, May 3, 1912, was arraigned, and after hearing several witnesses on the subject of the man's sanity, Judge Quinn ordered him committed to an insane asylum for further examination.

Marsoob Casparian, charged with the murder of Takochie Casparian, his wife, and the attempted murder of Anna Bedreasean, pleaded not guilty through an interpreter. He was remanded without bail to await trial.

Joseph Warnis, indicted for killing Veronica Britin, in Lawrence, Nov. 29, pleaded not guilty, and was remanded without bail.

Following the arraignment the court adjourned for the term.

MAN FELL TO HIS DEATH

Strange Fatal Accident at Graniteville

A peculiar accident occurred in Graniteville Friday when a man, whose identity could not be learned, dropped from a freight car into the mill pond as the train was going over the bridge, near the Boston & Maine station. It must have been some time before he was noticed in the water as he was in a very serious condition when taken from the pond by a crew of section men that were working nearby. After trying many ways to restore the man to consciousness without success, he was sent to Lowell but died on the way. The body has not yet been identified.

Don't miss the big jewelry sale now going on at J. A. Dillon's, 156 Merrimack street.

SIZE OF PAPER MONEY

Senator Sheppard Would Have Change Forbidden Except by Consent of Congress

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Senator Sheppard of Texas today introduced a bill forbidding a change of size or color of paper money without the consent of congress. Plans have been made by the treasury department to reduce the size of the bills within the next few weeks.

The senate again refused to agree to the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill yesterday because it still contained the house provision to abolish the assay offices at Helena, Mont.; Boise, Ida.; Carson, Nev.; Salt Lake City, Utah; Deadwood, S. D., and Charlotte, N. C. The measure now goes back to conference, where it has been for weeks.

The senate adopted a conference report on the house "net weight bill" requiring manufacturers to stamp on the outside of packages the exact weight of the contents. The bill is proposed as an amendment to the pure food food act and permits "reasonable variations."

The annual appropriation for the military academy at West Point passed the senate yesterday, carrying $1,125,000 and an amendment restoring the status of four cadets discharged in August, 1911, for violating the regulations regarding the use of liquor. The cadets who would be restored to the rolls should the house approve the provisions are Ralph I. Sasse, Elliott H. Freeland, Tanall D. Simkins and James W. Christian.

Secretary Fisher was called on by the senate to forward all "correspondence and protests" relating to the proposed leasing of the oil and gas lands of the Osage Indian nation in Oklahoma.

TO LEASE OLD B. & M. STATION

Continued

ranged that the matter of changing the subscribers' telephones to the new switch board will be easy.

The company, it is said, has invested about a half a million dollars in the new plant, this comprising the construction of the building which is a fine fireproof structure, the installing of the new switch board and the fixtures. Nothing has been spared and the plant when opened will be one of the finest and best equipped in the country.

Through the courtesy of the manager, Mr. C. J. Leathers, the writer was shown through the building and what he saw really amazed him. Upon entering through the main door in Appleton street one will walk right into the business office, as changes are now being made. The partition separating the corridor and the office will be torn down and in its stead a large counter will be placed. Booths will be installed at the end of the office, and the corridor will be a part of the office. To the right on the same floor are the district manager's and the district traffic chief's offices which are now being occupied and well equipped with new furniture. The service inspector's room is also situated on the same floor.

A feature of the building is that all the wires from the outside are laid between the floors and emerge through small manholes. The terminal room and test tables are at the end of the corridor. The basement of the building is very spacious and contains several apartments, among them being the supply room and the charging department. The latter is a very interesting place which is decorated with numerous pipes, some containing cables, while others are for gas, water, etc. Each pipe has its color so there is no danger of mistaking one for another in case of trouble.

In this department are also gas engines and dynamos for charging purposes. The most important parts of the building, however, are the switch board on the second floor and a small room in the basement for underground cables as well as the terminal room on the first floor. In the cable room are numerous cables containing from 40 to 1200 wires each, the former being what are known as the toll cables, while the others are for local service. When the writer visited this department a crew of men was busily engaged in stripping a cable of 1200 wires, that is all wires were tested one by one and placed in their respective places in the distributing frame, from which they go to the switch board. Some of those wires are covered with tissue paper, while others have a wool covering. The latter are those exposed and the wool is to preserve them from dampness.

The switch board which it is figured will cost about $150,000 when completed is situated on the second floor and so arranged that additions may be put on at any time. There is room for 29 operators, and each one will have access and will be able to communicate with all subscribers, although one will not handle more than her hands can reach. In the rear of the switch board are millions of wires inserted in different cables, and all are numbered so in case of trouble the defective wire can be easily picked out and repaired.

School for Operators

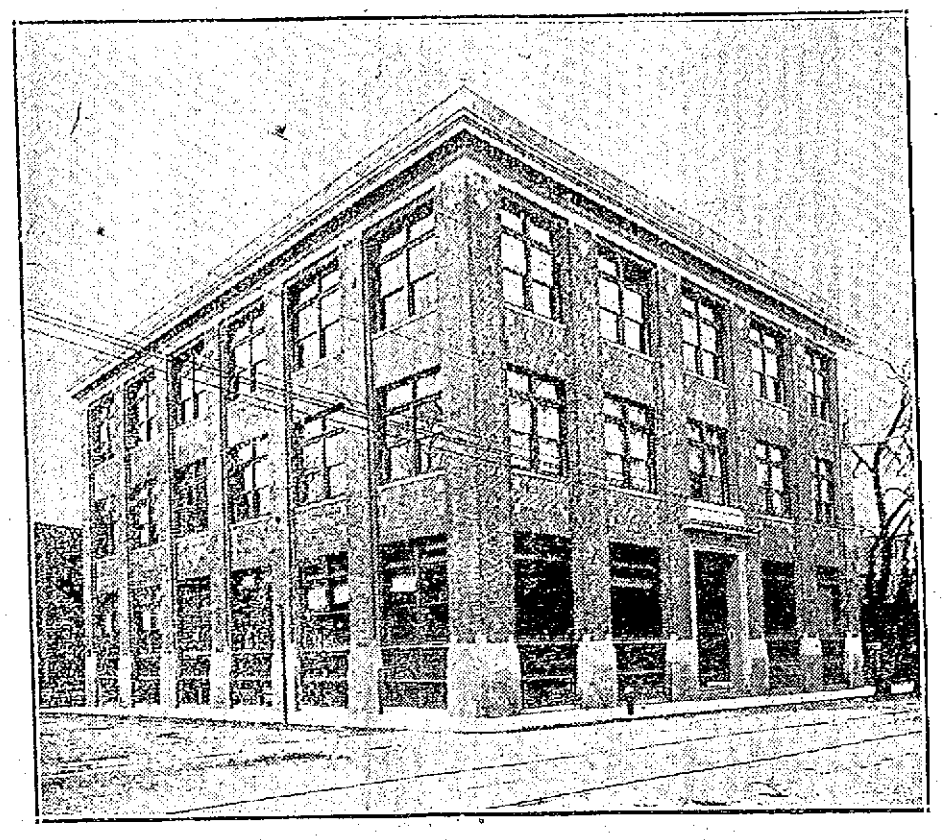
An innovation in the new plant will be the school for operators which will be on the same floor as the switch board. In this department is a small switch board, where beginners will be taught the work by competent operators. With this improvement the subscribers will not be troubled, for an operator will not be put to work on the main switch board until she is very competent. Adjoining this department are two small rooms, one for studies and the other for recreation. There is also a large reception room, which may be utilized by the operators to rest, this connecting with a large dining room.

All in all the new plant, when completely finished will be one of the finest of its kind in the country. It is well lighted throughout, and with the exception of the basement there is not a department where artificial light will be needed during the day.

New apparatus and fixtures are being installed in all departments as none of the old fixtures will be moved into the new place. The cut over will be made on March 15, but this does not mean that the N. E. Tel. & Tel. Co. will give up its present location in the old B. & M. depot in Central street, for although the lease has expired some time ago it may be that the company will retain the building for some time for storage purposes.

Boston Firm May Lease Station

It is stated on good authority that a Boston firm is negotiating for the lease of the entire station. Local parties have visited the railroad company to lease all or part of the station but they could get no satisfactory answer. It appears the company is negotiating with outside parties who may also utilize the vacant land on the East side of George street for factory purposes. The location is ideal.



THE NEW TELEPHONE BUILDING ON APPLETON STREET

COMMUNITY COUNCIL

Chelmsford Men Want Car Sprinkler Service

The Chelmsford board of trade held a meeting last Thursday night and although the storm kept the attendance from being as large as was expected, the meeting proved very interesting to those present. President William J. Quigley was in the chair.

Many matters of interest to citizens of the town were discussed, among them: The election of John Adams as a fifth delegate to represent the town in the community council; the topic of car sprinkler service in No. Chelmsford; the proposed water supply for Chelmsford Centre, and the subject of the Whitman & Pratt rendering company in West Chelmsford. Much interest was shown in all the discussions and from the time that President Quigley opened the meeting until 10:15 the floor was taken by a speaker.

EIGHT MEN SAVED

Schooner Zaccheus Sherman Stranded Near Hatteras and Probably a Total Loss

NORFOLK, Va., March 1.—Capt. Scranton and seven men composing the crew of the three-master schooner Zaccheus Sherman were rescued from the vessel in a breeches buoy, late yesterday afternoon by life savers from the Gull Shoals, New Inlet and Chicamicomico stations.

The schooner stranded during a 70-mile southwest gale last night and was sighted by the lifesavers yesterday. The Sherman was lumber laden for New York. She is a total loss.

Kling Still Free Agent

KANSAS CITY, March 1.—Johnny Kling denied today the statement that he had signed a contract to play with Cincinnati the coming season.

"I have not received a contract from President Herrmann," Kling said. "The report from Cincinnati is news to me. The last time I heard from Herrmann was several weeks ago when he wrote that he would send a man here to talk business with me. I haven't seen the man yet."

Maynard Vilas Drowns Himself

BOSTON, March 1—The disappearance of Maynard Vilas, aged 27 years, an employe of the D. F. Munroe Paper Company a few days ago, was explained last night when word was received by his landlady in Newton that he had committed suicide in Lebanon, N. H. He jumped into the Mascoma river and drowned. Despondency over poor health was the cause of Vilas' act.

Vilas had lived with the Emerson family at 56 Richardson sreet, Newton, for some time. He was an intimate acquaintance of Miss Emilie Frances Emerson, who received word of his death last night.

At one time Vilas was secretary of the Newton high school. He was a Dartmouth college student, but left that institution on account of ill health.

"HIKERS" ENJOY REST

Suffragettes Are Nursing Sore Feet

WASHINGTON, March 1.—General Rosalie Jones and her thoroughly tired and footsore band of suffragist hikers today are enjoying the first real rest they have had since they left New York more than two weeks ago. When they retired last night wearied to the point of exhaustion but exultant over their reception at the hands of the crowd that greeted their arrival at the capital all of them announced that they would lie abed late.

The coming of the hikers spurred the anti-suffragists to redoubled efforts in their opposition to the equal suffrage cause. Both organizations have an ambitious program of meetings and open air "revivals" scheduled for today.

Liquor Into Dry State

WASHINGTON, March 1.—When the house met today leaders favoring the Webb bill to prevent shipments of liquor into dry states, prepared for an effort to pass it over President Taft's veto of yesterday. The senate had repassed the bill over the president's disapproval by a wide margin over the necessary two-thirds. Reps. Clayton and Webb, leading supporters of the measure in the house, declaring their belief in its constitutionality prepared for an effort to follow the upper body's action.

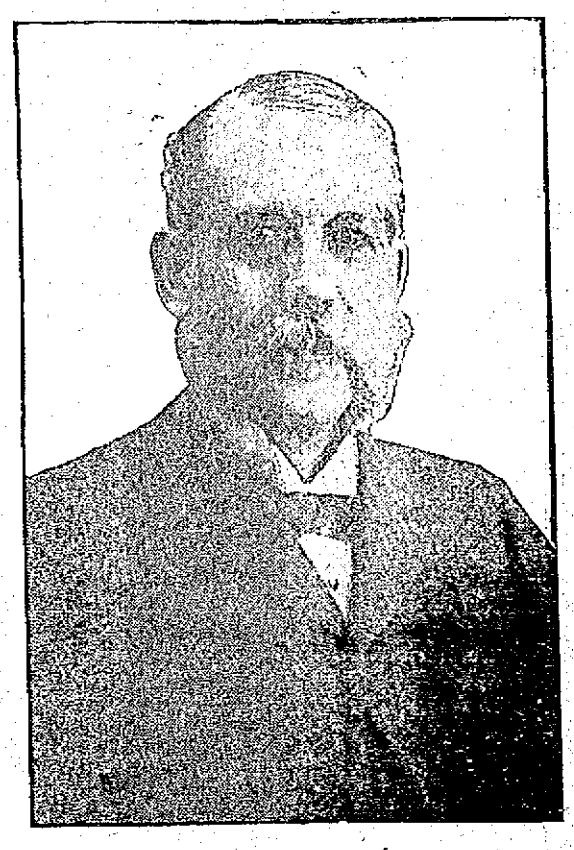
THE MALTED CEREAL CO.'S

Malt Breakfast Food

IS A SUPERIOR BREAKFAST CEREAL

Made solely of parched and granulated wheat combined with a special product of wheat flour and barley malt. This special product added to the parched wheat gives a deliciously sweet, nutty flavor to the food, and increases the food value. 30 large portions cooked food for 15c.

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION VISITS TEXTILE SCHOOL



A. G. CUMNOCK
Chairman Board of Trustees

The committee on education from the legislature came to Lowell last evening and visited the Lowell Textile school. It was the committee's annual visit and it made the third visit for at least two of its members. Rep. Fred Parker Greenwood of Everett has been a member of the committee on education for a number of years and he said last night that every piece of machinery in the school looked familiar to him. Somebody has asked the reason of the committee's annual visit and the answer is that the committee represents the state and the state provides an annual appropriation for the school. Just how generous the legislature will be with the school depends in a great measure, of course, upon the report of the committee on education.

Friday night is not the best night in the week for visitors at the Textile school. If they would drop around on Tuesday or Thursday night they would find a busier school than on Friday night, which is an off night. There were probably 200 boys and girls in the school last night, but scattered here and there through the great building, one would not realize that there were so many at work. On Tuesday and Thursday nights that number is more than doubled.

The committee on education arrived in Lowell on the 5 o'clock train from Boston last evening and had supper at the Richardson hotel, where they remained over night. The visitors arrived at the Textile school about 8 o'clock and were met by President A. G. Cumnock, Clerk James T. Smith and Principal Eames, who escorted them through the school, from room to room, explaining as they went. Rep. Greenwood was able to do a little explaining himself and when he entered the woolen worsted department he pointed to a machine and asked when it arrived. He was told that the machine had been installed but a short time ago. "I knew it wasn't here last year," he said.

Mr. Cumnock made a proud eye-survey of the room and turning to the visitors, said: "The comonwealth does not own a particle of this machinery. It was given to the school by manufacturers and there is more coming. I asked a manufacturer once why he gave the machinery to the school and he said he considered it good advertising. He said that the Textile school student of today would be the buyer or the manufacturer tomorrow. He said he liked, too, to place his machines where their real worth could be tested."

Those of the committee who had not visited the school before were mightily interested in the work of the boys and girls and they had many nice things to say about the school. In one of the rooms visited where about thirty boys were busy at their desks, Mr. Cumnock asked those who had worked all day to raise their hands and every boy in the room shot a hand into the air. All of them were not Lowell boys. Some of them came from Lawrence, Haverhill, Andover, No. Andover and other surrounding towns. One young man who was busily engaged at a machine that seemed to move very smoothly, said that he came from Boston and right beside him was a young man from Gloucester.

The state board of education and the board of economy and efficiency have inspected the Lowell Textile school within the last few months. The state board is preparing a report on the three textile schools of the state and it is expected that the report will be out within a week or two. The statement has been made that in all probability the legislature would not act on textile school appropriations until the report of the state board of education has been issued.

Representatives Jewett, Achin and Toomey accompanied the committee on education on its visit to the school. There are no Lowell men on the committee on education. The committee is made up as follows: Senators Ross (chairman), Clark and Halley; Representative Haines (chairman), Greenwood, Wood, Armstrong, Sanborn of Norwood, Morrill, Grady and Lawler (clerk.)

The Lowell Textile school asks the commonwealth to appropriate the sum of $34,438.43 to be applied to the purposes of the school for the last half of the school year, beginning January 1, 1913, and ending June 30, 1913, and the further sum of $50,000 for the same purposes for the fiscal year of said school beginning July 1, 1913, and ending June 30, 1914. Additional money is asked in the following resolves accompanying the petition of A. G. Cumnock for legislation relative to the Lowell Textile school.

To Provide for Certain Payments to the Lowell Textile School for a Term of Years

Resolved, That there shall annually be paid out of the treasury of the commonwealth to the trustees of the Lowell Textile school for the term of ten years, beginning with the first day of July, 1913, the sum of $65,000, to be expended under the direction of the corporation for the general purposes of the Lowell Textile school.

Resolved, That the further sum of $48,512.43 shall be likewise so paid during the current year, of which $32,500 shall be for the maintenance of the said school for the period from Jan 1, 1913, to June 30, 1913, the fiscal year having been changed as above from calendar to school year, the sum of $6882.43 to meet a deficiency in revenues of 1912, the sum of $3630 for deficiency in appropriation for new boiler house and connections, and $6000 for alterations in construction to make more available existing floor space.

In Favor of Textile School

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the treasury of the commonwealth to the trustees of the Lowell Textile school the sum of $34,438.43, including deficiency of 1912, to be applied to the purposes of the school for the last half of the school year, beginning Jan. 1, 1913, and ending June 30, 1913, and the further sum of $50,000 for the same purposes for the fiscal year of said school beginning July 1, 1913, and ending June 30th, 1914. These two sums being required for the maintenance of said school for 18 months because of the change of the fiscal year of the corporation from calendar year to school year by chapter 445 of public acts of 1912.

The city of Lowell is hereby authorized to raise by taxation and pay to said trustees such sum of money, not exceeding $20,000, as may be necessary to provide free evening instruction at said school for residents of Lowell.

Big Sale! Big Sale! Entire jewelry stock must be sold at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Dillon.

Bell and Wing
By FREDERICK FANNING AYER
Absorbing, astounding, inspiring, baffling.—*London Academy.*
Power and originality.—*Cork Examiner.*
A great work.—*Boston Herald.*
Marks of genius constantly.—*Troy Record.*
A wealth of ideas.—*Boston Transcript.*
Genuine aspiration and power.—*Occult Review, England.*
Near the stars.—*Portland Oregonian.*
Astounding fertility.—*Brooklyn Times.*
A striking book of verse.—*Boston Post.*
G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS, Publishers, N. Y. Price $2.50

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS
AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED
CRESCENT RANGE
PETER DAVEY
134 MARKET ST. TELEPHONE CONNECTION 79-2
FURNITURE DEALER. UNDERTAKER. FUNERAL DIRECTOR

DO you wish to improve your complexion, hands and hair? If you wish a skin clear of pimples, blackheads and other annoying eruptions, hands soft and white, hair live and glossy, and scalp free from dandruff and itching, begin today the regular use of Cuticura Soap for the toilet, bath and shampoo, assisted by an occasional light application of Cuticura Ointment. No other method is so agreeable, so often effective and so economical in treating poor complexions, red, rough hands, and dry, thin and falling hair. Liberal sample of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment sent free with 32-page Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura," Dept. 44, Boston.

TEACHERS MUST WAIT FOR RAISE

Cambridge Bill Given to New Committee—Jurors May Get $4 a Day for Services

BOSTON, March 1.—The fight on the bill to increase the salaries of Cambridge teachers was going merrily on in the house yesterday when a motion by Mr. Doyle stayed hostilities, at least for the present. The bill had been favorably reported to the house by the committee on education.

Doyle contended that the measure should have been referred to the committee on municipal finance, which, he said, has made a careful study of Cambridge's financial condition. The education committee had no knowledge of this matter, he said, and had evinced no inclination to obtain information concerning it.

He did not believe the legislature, without careful inquiry as to the city's finances, would pass so important a measure against the protest of the Cambridge city council and the representatives from that city. He therefore moved that the bill be referred to the committee on municipal finance, and this was carried without division.

Before this action was taken Mr. Haines attempted to have the pending bill put over till Wednesday next owing he said, to the absence on official business of two legislative committees.

This was vigorously opposed by Mr. Conway, who said: "The member from Medford had the floor practically all day yesterday and refused to yield even for questions. He played to the galleries then. Today there is no 'gallery,' and he desires time in which to round one up." The motion to postpone was defeated, 47 to 63.

Jurors May Get $4 a Day

The jurors' compensation bill, increasing the per diem from $3 to $4, was passed to be engrossed after the adoption of a perfecting amendment.

Representative Piper's petition for a law requiring that only one ballot shall be used at primaries was referred to the rules committee.

The taxation committee reported leave to withdraw on a bill providing that veterans of the Civil war shall be exempt from paying poll taxes, without request on their part.

The public service committee reported reference to the next general court on the bill to increase the salaries of the civil service commissioners.

Senate Kills Coal Mine Resolution

The state senate lost no time on the house resolutions memorializing congress in favor of national legislation to provide for public ownership of coal mines. The resolutions were rejected on a voice vote on the first call of the calendar. No dissent was heard.

The committee on taxation reported leave to withdraw on the petitions of Thomas A. Niland and Charles A. Dean for a tax on stock transfers. Among important committee reports received were:

Labor—A bill to prohibit manufacturing and mechanical establishments from making up time lost because of a legal holiday; also a bill to require that boxes and baskets in mills which are to be moved by women or girls shall have pulleys or casters attached.

Judiciary—Leave to withdraw on the petition that the powers and duties of the attorney-general be enlarged. Senator Mack and Messrs. Drury, Meaney and Gordon of the house dissent.

Public Service—Leave to withdraw to Henry Riddell on his petition that the minimum salary of a judge or register of probate shall be $1500 and $1600 respectively.

Legal Affairs—Leave to withdraw to William McDowell on his petition to prohibit the manufacture and sale of any matches that do not light by scratching on the box; also to the Massachusetts State Fire Prevention association on its petition to regulate the sale of matches in this state; also to William McDowell on his petition to prohibit the sale of other than safety matches in the commonwealth.

Military Affairs—Leave to withdraw to Charles H. Haskins on his petition to strike out from the law the requirement that staff officers to be eligible to appointment shall have had military service; also to Patrick B. Carr on his petition to amend the law as to retirement of militia officers on request of the appointing officer; also to Michael S. Keenan on his petition for the consolidation of the quartermaster's, pay and subsistence departments in a quartermaster's corps.

Matters Put Over

The senate postponed until Monday, the Independent Agricultural School bill for Boston and the Boston Police Listing bill; till Tuesday, the Barnum High School of Commerce bill, the adverse report on the Monthly Payment of Interest Savings Bank bill, and the adverse report on the bill to prohibit discharge of employes on religious grounds.

These matters were laid on the table. The motion to reconsider the vote rejecting the Boston Veteran's Retirement bill the bill to pension fire and water district laborers and the bill to prohibit the employment of persons pensioned by Boston or the county of Suffolk by such city or county.

GOING TO WASHINGTON

Lowell Men Going to the Inauguration

Lowell men will attend the inauguration of Woodrow Wilson as president of the United States on Tuesday next and will leave with a special party of 100 arranged by the democratic state committee, which leaves Boston tonight at 11.30 o'clock. Those who will go from Lowell are Humphrey O'Sullivan, Hon. James B. Casey, and John V. Donoghue of The Sun. It was but a few days ago that Mr. O'Sullivan had a conference with the president-elect and it was taken for granted then that he would attend the inaugural exercises as one of the prominent leaders in national democratic circles. Ex-Mayor Casey is one of the original Wilson men hereabouts. He pinned his faith and allegiance to the Wilson standard early in the game and it is but fitting that he should join that other company of loyal Wilson men in the Bay State who stuck to Wilson when his candidacy was anything but rosy.

The party of one hundred will leave Boston in a special train and will arrive in New York at 7 o'clock Sunday morning, allowing a five hour stop in the metropolis, the party will take the train at 12 o'clock and travel over the Royal Blue line, arriving in the capital at 5.30 o'clock. All arrangements have been made for hotel accommodations and other incidentals and it is expected that the official party from the Old Bay State will have a fine time. Banquets and happy meetings will be the order of the day and one of the first on the program is a dinner to National Committeeman John W. Coughlin of Fall River. The Lowell men will be quartered at The Cochran, a splendidly appointed hotel overlooking the White House. The party will return in about a week.

Press despatches received indicate that the inaugural will be a brilliant one in every sense of the word, the illumination, it is said, being the grandest ever attempted in any city in the world.

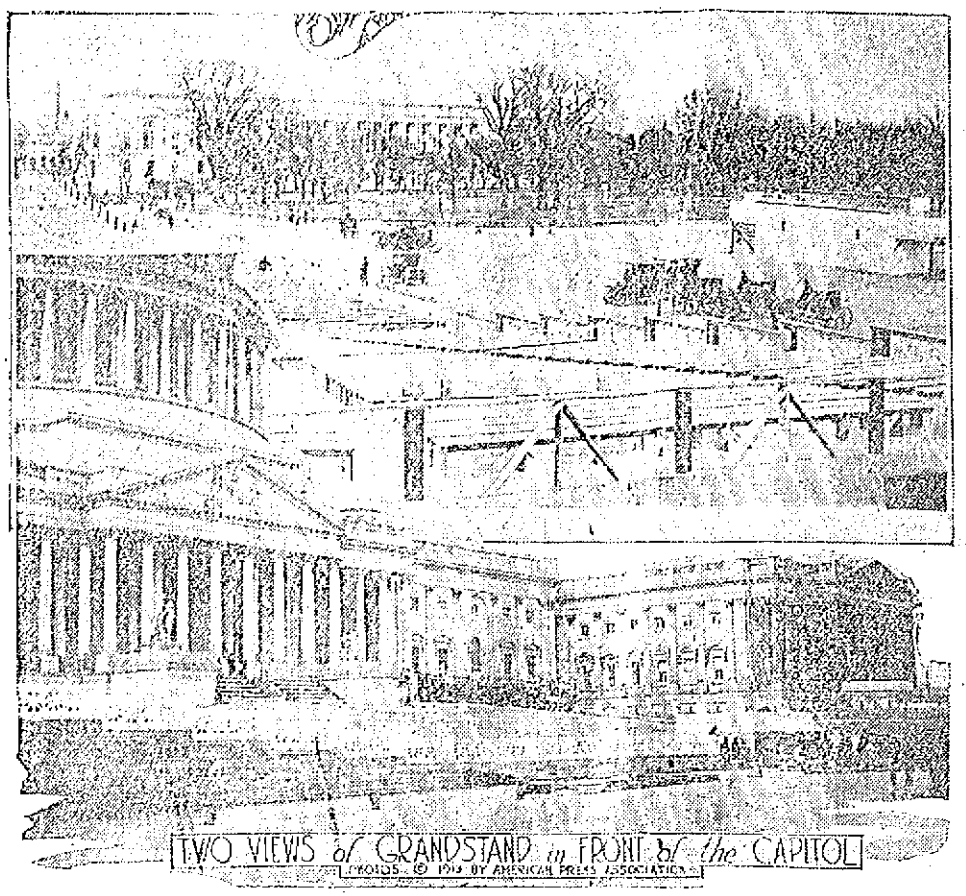
Co. C Members Going

Three Lowell members of Co. C, sixth Infantry are taking advantage of the opportunity given the members of the National Guard to attend the coming inaugural exercises at Washington. First Sergeant William A. Boyle, Quartermaster Sergeant Wilfred J. Benoit and Corporal Emile Hartman are the citizen soldiers from Lowell who will see Woodrow Wilson inaugurated as president of the United States on next Tuesday. The party leaves Lowell late this afternoon and will arrive in Worcester about 8 o'clock, where they will join the boys of Co. D, sixth regiment, who arrived there from Fitchburg at about the same time. The Lowell boys will accompany them back from Washington after the inauguration.

Postmaster of Portland

WASHINGTON, March 1.—President Taft today nominated F. H. King to be postmaster at Portland, Me.

GRAND STAND FROM WHICH THOUSANDS WILL SEE PRESIDENT WILSON TAKE THE OATH



WASHINGTON, March 1.—The grandstand in front of the capitol from which thousands will see President-elect Wilson become President Wilson is completed and ready for the decorations, which will be put in place Monday. A special stand for the use of photographers has been erected near the stand on which the ceremony will take place.

"BRAINS" OF CHICAGO ARSON GANG

John Danies, N. Y. Roadhouse Proprietor, Arrested—Police Surround Hostelry

NEW YORK, March 1.—John Danies, proprietor of a roadhouse in the Bronx, was arrested here shortly before midnight on a charge of complicity in Chicago arson cases. The police surrounded Danies' hotel, where cabaret singers and dancers were entertaining several automobile parties and were about to seize Danies when he attempted flight through the woods behind his house. A mounted policeman stopped him at a revolver's point. The police say he was indicted in Chicago on Feb. 24 and that he is accused of being the "brains" of the arson gang there. While Danies was listening to the reading of the indictments his wife protested.

"All that's foolish," she cried. "Jack and I have been running this house for seven years. He is never away from home except on business. He is a traveling man and is often away. There is nothing to this."

Danies had nothing to say. He is 53 years old and of good address. He was locked up as a fugitive from justice and will be held pending the granting of extradition papers.

The indictments against Danies, said Detective Charles Furthman, representing the Cook county state's attorney office, were found following the confessions of Samuel Rothenberg and Joseph Udolph, his partners in the alleged arson business.

In Chicago Danies was known as "the captain" because he was supposed to be the very brains of the Chicago gang. Some of his aliases were John Kubizak, John Davies and John Kubitz. Until four years ago he had a place of business on Ashland avenue, Chicago. At the same time he was running this roadhouse. He often got to Chicago as a traveling man.

This place was burned out. In other words, Danies from New York, the evidence before the district attorney shows, directed the workings of the arson gang in Chicago, the detective declared.

If the confessions of Rothenberg and Udolph can be believed an arson gang which has operated in every part of the country is run to earth.

In Chicago Danies was looked upon as a respectable business man. He left his business there frequently in the care of some one else.

HEAVY LOSSES BY TURKS

Detachment Routed by Greek Force

ATHENS, March 1.—Heavy losses were inflicted on a Turkish detachment which was routed yesterday by a Greek force near Melista to the north of the fortress of Janina, after a severe battle, according to despatches published here. The fight is said to have lasted six hours and the Greeks declare that they buried on the field 112 Turks, including eight officers, besides taking another 180 prisoners.

The Greek losses are given as "only four wounded" but independent observers here regard the story with some skepticism.

4,000,000 NEW NICKELS

Were Turned Into Circulation Today

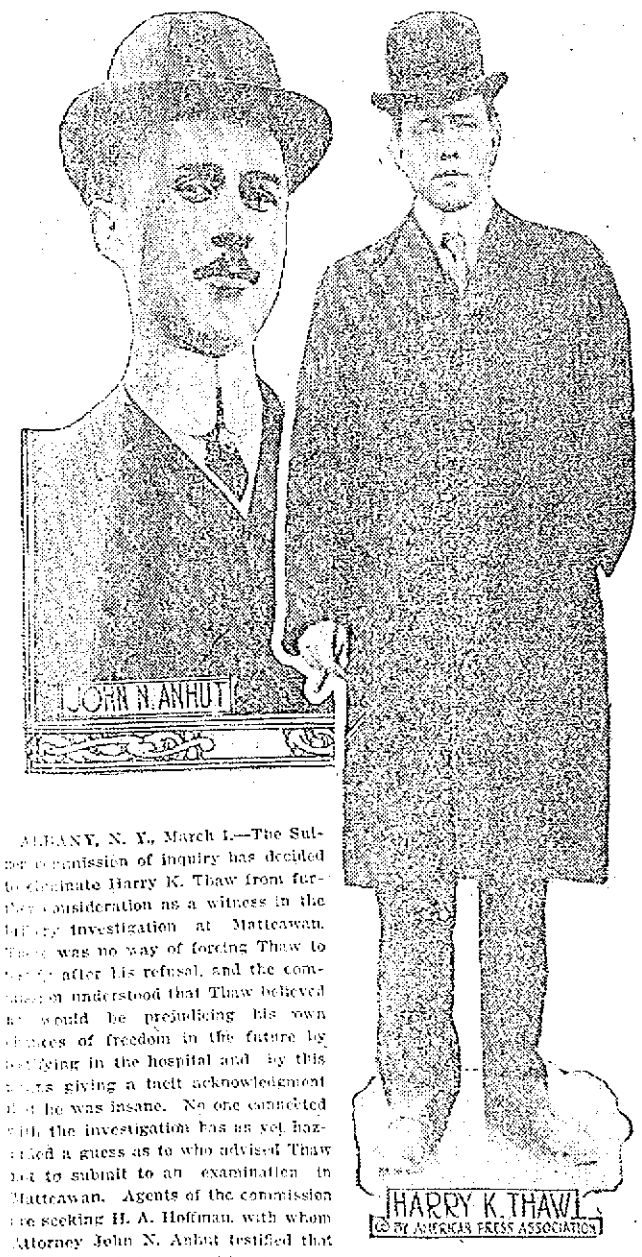
WASHINGTON, March 1.—Four million glistening new nickels with an Indian head on the [illegible] and the figure of a buffalo on the reverse to supplant the time honored five cent piece with the goddess of liberty as its characteristic, are piled in the vaults of the United States treasury and sub treasuries to be turned into public circulation today. Only once in 25 years can the secretary of the treasury, without the action of congress, change the design of any coin. President Wilson's secretary of the treasury will have an opportunity to change the dime, quarter and half dollar because in 1916 the present designs will have been in circulation for a quarter of a century. Some of the treasury officials now in office are in favor of changing them on the ground that they are inartistic.

DWYER & CO.

PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 170 Appleton street.

INDICTMENTS EXPECTED TO FOLLOW INQUIRY INTO THAW BRIBERY STORIES



ALBANY, N. Y., March 1.—The Sulzer commission of inquiry has decided to eliminate Harry K. Thaw from further consideration as a witness in the lottery investigation at Matteawan. There was no way of forcing Thaw to testify after his refusal, and the commission understood that Thaw believed he would be prejudicing his own chances of freedom in the future by testifying in the hospital and by this means giving a tacit acknowledgment that he was insane. No one connected with the investigation has as yet hazarded a guess as to who advised Thaw not to submit to an examination in Matteawan. Agents of the commission are seeking H. A. Hoffman, with whom Attorney John N. Anhut testified that he had negotiations resulting in Anhut's receiving a fee of $25,000 contingent on his gaining Thaw's freedom. Anhut said that he refused to negotiate with Thaw because, being technically insane, Thaw could not make a bargain. Anhut says Hoffman acted as Thaw's agent.

PRES. CHAS. W. DABNEY

Of Cincinnati Mentioned as Cabinet Material

CINCINNATI, March 1.—Charles W. Dabney, president of the University of Cincinnati, is regarded as a possibility

in President Wilson's cabinet. He is mentioned for the post of secretary of agriculture.

SLUSH ON STREETS

Storm Brought About Unpleasant Conditions

The sleet and rain of the past few days has caused a very sloppy condition in the streets and on the sidewalks as well. Pedestrians who have not been provided with the proper protection against the slushy pavements have, in a great many instances, contracted severe colds. The quick shift of the weather from the recent cold snap to the warm, early spring temperature of today with the rain of yesterday has boomed business for the local retailers of rubber goods.

The pedestrians are not the only ones who have been inconvenienced by the slippery going, for drivers of teams and automobiles have also had their troubles in negotiating corners and sharp turns. Many a faithful, plodding horse has found himself unceremoniously laid flat by a deceitful footing and only the quick wit and work on the part of several drivers of heavily loaded trucks have saved the animals under their charge from injury. An accident happened Wednesday on Jackson street when two horses hitched to a big truck of one of the local transportation companies fell about a hundred feet from Central street. The driver quickly descended and grasped the head of one of the animals to prevent its kicking, while a passerby performed the same operation on the other horse. The pair were soon unharnessed and raised to their feet with nothing but a bad shaking up as the result of their fall. The only damage done to the wagon was a broken shaft.

An automobile was also the principal in a near accident when the machine ran up on the sidewalk on Bridge street. Owing to the fast use of the brake, however, on the part of the driver no damage was done, but the owner of the machine got a scare that he will remember for some time to come.

Salisbury Beach Reservation

The status of the act to exclude the city of Lowell from the Salisbury beach reservation district was being discussed informally, by a party of five or six gentlemen at the state house yesterday, and the statement was made that the petitioner had been given leave to withdraw.

Rep. Jewett was one of the party and asserted that the petitioner had not been given leave to withdraw, but the petition had been referred to the next general court. "It was stated in two morning papers that the petitioner had been given leave to withdraw," said Mr. Jewett, "but that was an incorrect statement. The matter was referred to the next general court, because there is some question as to the legality of the act. The constitutionality of the act is being passed upon by the supreme court and it is only right that the matter should go over until the court has rendered its decision."

Indicted in Chicago January 24

CHICAGO, March 1.—John Danies, arrested today in New York, was indicted here on Jan. 24 after Samuel Rothenberg had confessed his part in the arson ring and implicated Danies. Rothenberg told State's Attorney Hoyne that Danies, who was indicted under the name of John Kubizak and who is also known as "The captain" and "the firebrand," had either started hundreds of fires himself or had superintended their starting. Rothenberg and two other insurance adjusters were indicted on the same day with Danies or Kubizak.

Church Notes

Rev. F. W. Lockwood of Cambridge will occupy the pulpit at the First Baptist church during both morning and evening services tomorrow.

At the Immanuel Baptist church tomorrow morning the Rev. C. M. Fogg of Newton will deliver a sermon on the subject, "Christian Co-operation." In the evening the same preacher will speak on "The Temptations of Jesus and Their Significance."

Mrs. Joseph Stennard of Boston will address the Kirk Street church tomorrow on the subject "How the Other Half Lives."

Big Sale! Big Sale! Entire jewelry stock must be sold at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

FORMER GOV. J. W. FOLK

Boomed for Place in Wilson's Cabinet

ST. LOUIS, March 1.—Former Governor Joseph W. Folk is being boomed for a position in President Wilson's

cabinet. It is understood that he is being considered for secretary of the interior, a position usually given to a western man. Since his retirement from the governor's office Mr. Folk has been practicing law and lecturing.

Jewelry at given away prices at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

SEVERAL DIVORCES

Were Granted at the Jury Waived Session of the Superior Court in Cambridge

The following Lowell divorce cases have been tried during the past few days at the jury waived session of the superior court at East Cambridge before Judge Ratigan: Edna F. Lahiff vs. Edward T. Lahiff on grounds of cruel and abusive treatment. Asked for right to resume former name, Edna F. McDonald; granted on Thursday. John W. McElroy appeared for the libellant.

Nellie Manning vs. Jeremiah J. Manning, on grounds of cruel and abusive treatment, gross and contirmed habits of intoxication, desertion and neglect to support. Jas. F. Owens represented the libellant and the divorce was granted on Wednesday on all grounds. She was given the right to resume her former name, Nellie McNichold.

Hannah B. Buchanan vs. Duncan Buchanan granted on grounds of desertion, on Wednesday when John J. Harvey represented the libellant at the hearing. Plaintiff was given the right to resume the name of her former husband, Mr. Spalding.

Fannie Burke vs. Patrick Burke, granted on Wednesday on grounds of cruel and abusive treatment. Libellant was represented by McIntyre and Wilson.

Buy your jewelry at the big sale, 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

To Organize Army Reserves

WASHINGTON March 1.—Plans for the organization of the army reserve provided in the last army appropriation act are set forth in an order just made public by the war department. The reserve will be made up of soldiers furloughed to its ranks for the unexpired portions of seven year terms of enlistment and men who re-enlist for reserve duty at the expiration of a seven year term of enlistment, or who being honorably discharged soldiers of the regular army enlist for reserve duty.

A CHILD'S WASTE CLOGGED BOWELS.

Makes It Cross, Peevish, Restless and Feverish—If Tongue Is Coated Give "Syrup of Figs."

Children dearly love to take delicious "Syrup of Figs" and nothing else cleans and regulates their tender little stomachs, liver and 35 feet of bowels so promptly and thoroughly.

Children get bilious and constipated just like grown-ups. Then they get sick, the tongue is coated, stomach sour, breath bad; they don't eat or rest well; they become feverish, cross, irritable and don't want to play. Listen Mothers—for your child's sake don't force the little one to swallow nauseating castor oil, violent calomel or harsh irritants like Cathartic pills. A teaspoonful of Syrup of Figs will have your child smiling and happy again in just a few hours. Syrup of Figs will gently clean, sweeten and regulate the stomach, make the liver active and move on and out of the bowels all the constipated matter, the sour bile, the foul, clogged-up waste and poisons, without causing cramps or griping.

With Syrup of Figs you are drugging or injuring your children. Being composed entirely of luscious figs, senna and aromatics it cannot be harmful. Full directions for children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the package.

Ask your druggist for the full name "Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna" prepared by the California Fig Syrup Co. This is the delicious laxing, genuine old reliable. Refuse anything else offered.

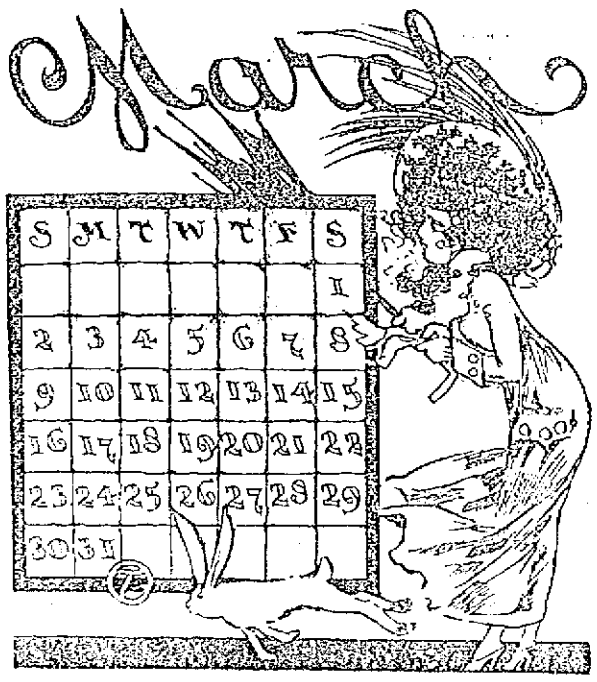
REMOVED

C. M. SAUNDERS, Chiropodist, formerly at 90 Prescott Street has removed to

NEW SUN BUILDING

Take Elevator. Room 608.

THE SUN'S DAILY PICTURE PUZZLE



MARCH MANY-WEATHERS.

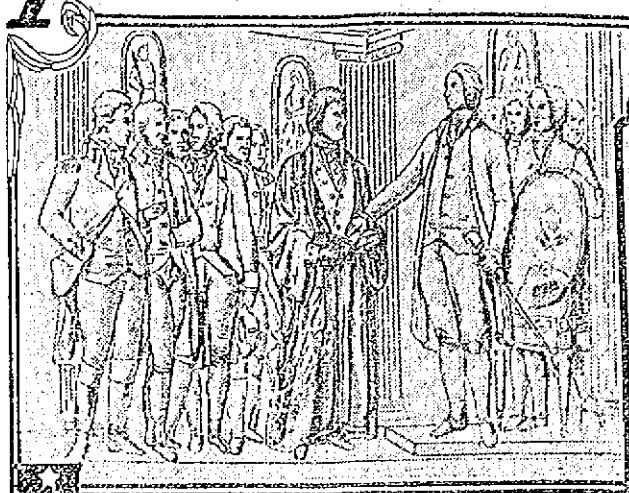
Mad March Many-Weathers
Blusters in;
Woodbirds fluff their feathers;
Buds begin;
Bound brooks burst their tethers;
Keenly blow
Rollicking winds that rout the snow.

Fled an umbrella mender.

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE.

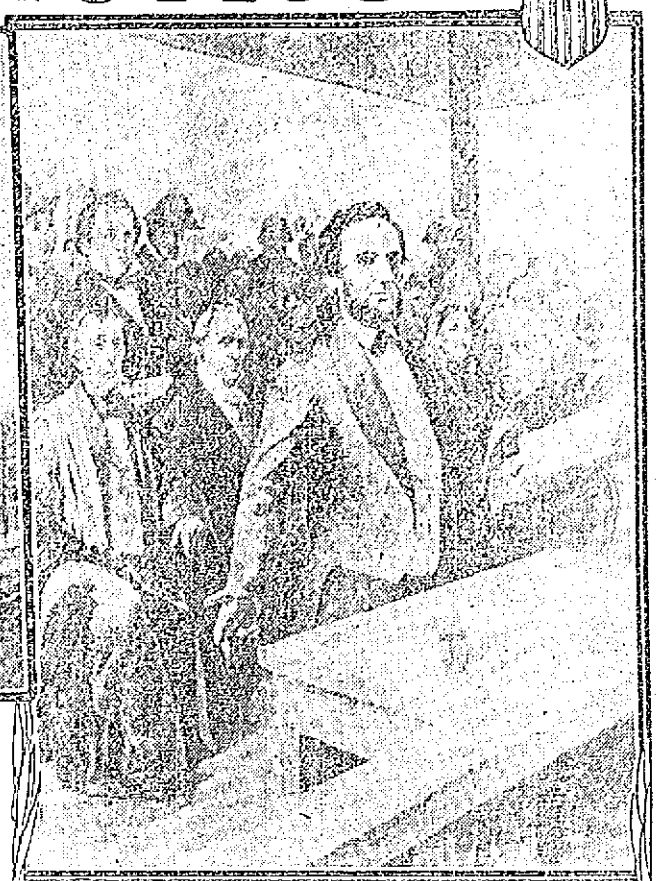
Upside down, nose under nose.

INAUGURATION DAYS OF LONG AGO



Old Print Showing Washington's First Inauguration at the Old Federal Building in New York City April 30, 1789

Independence Hall Philadelphia, where Washington's Second Inauguration took Place - John Adams was also Inaugurated There (From an Old Print)



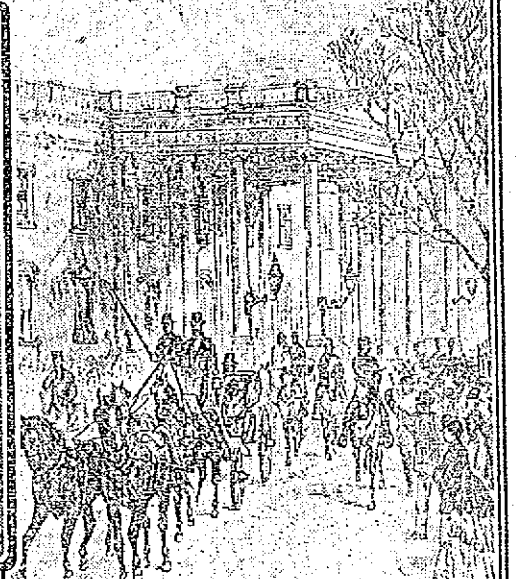
Old Print Showing Lincoln Delivering his First Inaugural Address March 4, 1861.

Van Buren's Inauguration in 1837 Caused Such a Rush to Washington that People were Glad to Sleep Anywhere (From a Newspaper of that Period)

Washington Society at Tea after the Inauguration of Zachary Taylor in 1849 (From an Old Print)

At the Inaugural Ball Given for the Inauguration of James Madison on March 4 1809 The First Inaugural Ball (From an Old Print of that Period)

Mrs Dolly Madison Wife of President James Madison the First White House Lady to Grace an Inaugural Ball (From an Old Painting)



Gen Grant Starting for his Second Inauguration, March 4 1873 (From a Newspaper of that Day)

THE ceremonies attending the inaugurations of the present day form a striking contrast to those in the early days of the Republic and even those preceding the Civil War. In former times the simplicity of the display was in keeping with our democratic institutions, but now every succeeding inauguration tries in some way to exceed the preceding one until the installation of a new President to his high office and great responsibilities is almost lost sight of in the elaborate and oftimes gorgeous show of military, political and social clubs. It is now an affair of pomp and pageantry rather than a mere change in the personality of the Chief Executive. This departure from the custom and practice of bygone days is not in accord with the views of many of our citizens, and the desire of President-elect Wilson to return to the plain ceremonies of former times finds a responsive chord in the breasts of those who long for a return to the methods in keeping with the spirit of the common people of our country.

The taking of the oath of office by a man who has been chosen by the vote of the people to direct the destinies of a country so great as our own is a solemn occasion, for in no other land are the duties of the Chief Executive so arduous. The United States is rapidly becoming the melting pot of European nations for the immigration to our shores is rapidly increasing and with it comes new problems, and no man realizes this more fully than President-elect Wilson. In these days of strikes and labor agitation when anarchy seizes upon every display of wealth or lavish expenditure of money as an excuse for inflammatory speeches to excite the passions of the weaker minds these displays do more harm than good. From the time of the inauguration of George Washington on April 30th, 1789, up to the present day the desire of the incoming President as to the ceremonies has been followed more or less, and from the records of the inaugurations it seems clear that no two have been alike in their tastes. Naturally, the first ladies of the land have been consulted by their husbands and their wishes in the matter have been respected.

In the early days traveling was a difficult proposition and the crowds were not large. The inauguration of the first President of the new born Republic was spectacular in the extreme owing to the fact that the capital of the country was at that time located in New York and the entrance of the President was made from the river. Traveling was slow and Washington arrived on April 29th, which resulted in the festivities covering a period of two days. His entrance to New York was made on a barge which was decorated with flags and flowers and manned by thirteen masters of vessels representing the thirteen States. As the vessel neared Bedloes Island a large sloop sailed close to the barge and moved with it toward the shore. Twenty ladies and gentlemen who were on board the sloop sang an original ode of praise to Washington, the words being set to the tune of "God Save the King." Just as the singers finished their ode a school of porpoises appeared in the midst of the little fleet which was following the barge and began bobbing up and down as though inquiring the reason for so much commotion in the quiet waters of the harbor. As the barge neared the shore salutes were fired. Washington stepped ashore and was greeted by Governor Clinton and his staff, many of whom had been officers under Washington. A dinner with Governor Clinton followed, after which Washington retired to the Presidential house on Cherry Street for the night. At nine o'clock on the morning of the thirtieth the bells of all the churches in the city were rung in honor of the crowning scene of the new Republic. Great throngs of people poured into New York, and before ten o'clock the old Federal Building was crowded. While the populace was gathering the Senate was in session discussing a very weighty question—that of how they should act when Washington appeared—whether they should sit or stand. Parliamentary precedent was sought in vain, and John Adams was finally left without instructions as to how to act when Washington arrived. Then came another hitch in the proceedings, for at the last moment Chancellor Livingston discovered that there was no Bible in the Federal Building and he hastily sent to a nearby Masonic Lodge and begged the loan of one. Washington was then conducted to an open gallery in front of the Senate Chamber with the Chancellor—he came to the front and the oath was read to him. The open Bible was lifted up, and the first President bowed his head and reverently kissed the Holy Book. Chancellor Livingston then cried out, "Long live George Washington, President of the United States!" The crowd took up the cry and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. The President then returned to the Senate Chamber where he delivered his inaugural address. When he entered the members arose and remained standing during the reading of the address, which consisted of only thirteen hundred words. Later the President went to St. Paul's Church, where prayers were said and the Te Deum sung, and at the close of the services retired to his official residence. At night there was an illumination and general rejoicing among the citizens. On the occasion of his inauguration Washington was attired in a suit of dark brown cloth with metal buttons on which eagles were embossed. His hair was dressed and powdered after the fashion of the day. His shoes were decorated with silver buckles and at his side was a sword.

When the second inauguration of Washington took place on March 4th, 1793, the capital had been moved to Philadelphia, and there in old Independence Hall he took the oath for a second time and delivered the shortest inaugural address on record, speaking only one hundred and thirty-two words in all. There was little display at this inauguration—Washington, however, was a picturesque figure and his arrival at the Hall in a coach drawn by six white horses created the wildest enthusiasm. On this occasion the President was dressed in a full suit of black velvet, the short trousers being ornamented with diamond knee-buckles. He wore black silk stockings and shoes decorated with silver buckles. In his hand he carried a plain cocked hat decorated with an American cockade, and his hair was powdered and gathered into a black silk bag on which was a bow of black ribbon. He wore a light dress sword with a green scabbard and a richly ornamented hilt.

John Adams became the Chief Executive in the old State House at Philadelphia on March 4th, 1797. This was one of the quiet inaugurations as there was no parade of any importance. The hall was filled with a brilliant assemblage of officials and society but the great mass of people seemed to take little interest in the affair. During the administration of Adams the capital was moved to Washington, where Thomas Jefferson took the oath of office on March 4th, 1801. Jefferson was a man of simple habits, with a strong dislike for ostentation, and accounts recorded of the ceremonies of his inauguration are meager. One eye-witness says, "His dress was of plain cloth, and he rode on horseback to the Capitol without a single guard or even a servant at his side, dismounted without assistance and hitched the bridle of his horse to the palisades." President Adams had left the city during the previous night. Jeffersonian simplicity prevailed in everything pertaining to this, the simplest inauguration on record. Little is to be found in reference to his second inauguration on March 4th, 1805, for Jefferson still sought to avoid display.

James Madison came to the Presidential chair on March 4th, 1809. The Madisons evidently liked display for history tells us that fully ten thousand people failed to get into the Capitol. There was a parade of the militia and booming of cannon. President Madison appeared in a suit of cloth of American manufacture made from the wool of merinoes raised in this country. The suit was the gift of Colonel Humphries and Chancellor Livingston. He was escorted to the Capitol by a company of militiamen, whom he afterward reviewed, and thus began the precedent of a military escort for the President on Inauguration Day and a review of the parade after the oath of office was taken. The first inaugural ball, too, was held when Madison came into office. It was given at Long's Hotel and is said to have been the most brilliant entertainment Washington society had ever seen. The ball opened at seven in the evening and at eight o'clock the President arrived accompanied by his wife, the famous Dolly Madison. Mrs. Madison entered the ballroom leaning upon the arm of one of the Inauguration Managers, while the President followed escorting her sister. The crowd became so great after the arrival of the Presidential party that several ladies fainted from the overheated room. It was found that the windows could not be opened and it became necessary to break the panes of glass to let in air. From this it will be seen that the curiosity of an inauguration crowd was just as keen a hundred years ago as it is today. At Madison's second inauguration in 1813 the brilliant scenes of the first one were repeated, and the ball held in the evening was especially select for President Madison's administration had been gay socially and his beautiful and gracious wife had formed an exclusive social set of educated, refined people.

James Monroe's inauguration in 1817 was witnessed by great crowds. The day was delightful and the parade a brilliant military display accompanied by the booming of cannon. It is estimated that over eight thousand people were present at the inaugural ceremonies. In the evening there was a grand ball at Davis' Hotel. President Monroe was re-elected, but his second inauguration, which occurred on March 5th, 1821, the fourth being Sunday, was far less propitious than the first for it rained and snowed, ruining the decorations. However, a large crowd was present and the Marine Band enlivened the occasion with music.

John Quincy Adams came next as the Chief Executive, and was inaugurated in what is known as Statuary Hall in the Capitol. There was a procession and a ball held in the Assembly Rooms. History again records that the President wore a suit of cloth of American manufacture and of American wool.

Andrew Jackson, one of the picturesque figures of American history, became President in 1829. The friends of President Adams had agreed not to participate in the inaugural ceremonies, and the only uniformed company of infantry in the District of Columbia had declined to offer its escort for the occasion. A company of Revolutionary officers and soldiers then tendered their services to General Jackson, and he rode in an open carriage surrounded by these gallant veterans. Crowds filled the streets, many of the spectators having journeyed miles on foot. As the procession passed to the Capitol the crowd went wild with enthusiasm and shouted "Hurrah for Jackson!" again and again. After the oath had been taken President Jackson came to the portico and delivered his inaugural address. At its close the crowd surged forward to greet him and had it not been that a ship's cable had been stretched across the steps Jackson would have been carried through the streets by his admirers. As it was, he was compelled to shake hands with hundreds, and it was with the greatest difficulty that he escaped to his carriage. The crowd followed to the White House where barrels of punch were consumed in drinking to the health of the new President. There was no inaugural ball on this occasion. His second inauguration was less notable though a large crowd was present and a ball was held at the Central Masonic Hall. It was during Jackson's administration that the beautiful Mrs. Eaton, wife of General Eaton, came upon the scene and by her wiles created no end of political trouble, for she caused several resignations in the Cabinet and continually kept the Presidential set in "hot water."

Martin Van Buren became President in 1837, and was the first President born after the Declaration of Independence. Every other President had been born a British subject. President Van Buren from the time of his election declared that the sun would shine on the day of his inauguration, and his prediction was fulfilled, for the day was superb—not a cloud in the sky. Great crowds had come to the city and sleeping accommodations were at a premium. People were satisfied to sleep anywhere and the newspapers of the day were filled with humorous drawings showing the various places where people were huddled in sleeping quarters, an especially interesting one being entitled "Camping in a Barber Shop." President Jackson and President-elect Van Buren rode to the Capitol in an elegant phaeton constructed of oak from the original timber of the frigate "Constitution." The vehicle was made at Amherst, Massachusetts, and was presented to the President-elect by sixty of his admirers. It had one seat holding two persons and a high box for the driver in front. The unpainted wood was highly polished and varnished, and on either side was a painted panel showing "Old Ironsides" under full sail. It was drawn by President Jackson's four carriage horses decorated with elaborate gold-mounted harness. The ceremonies proceeded in the usual order. There was friction among the members of the Inaugural Ball Committee which resulted in two balls being held. The President attended the one held at Carusi's.

William Henry Harrison was the next in line, and became Chief Executive in 1841. The campaign had been a stormy one and the inaugural display in honor of the Tippecanoe hero was unique. The President-elect refused a carriage and rode down Pennsylvania Avenue on horseback, making a picturesque figure on his snow-white horse. The whole procession was highly interesting and imposing for it was both military and civic, and this, by the way, marked the beginning of the processions of political clubs on Inauguration Day. There were floats such as log cabins on wheels decked with suitable inscriptions, cider barrels, coon skins, etc. A power loom from a factory at Laurel, Maryland, with the men at work was hauled through the streets, and students from the Jesuit College at Georgetown appeared in uniform carrying banners. Three inaugural balls were held, the President visiting each of them for a time. While at the ball at the Assembly Rooms the President danced with Mrs. Gales, wife of the editor of the National Intelligence. President Harrison lived but one month, and Vice-President John Tyler then became President.

A cold, rainy inaugural day fell to the lot of James K. Polk in 1845. Although the city was crowded with people the ceremonies attending the inauguration were dismal and many people were made ill by the inclement weather. The two inaugural balls were the real shows of the inauguration—the one at Carusi's being attended by society. Mrs. Polk was a strict Presbyterian and was opposed to dancing. She, however, went to the ball and her plain clothing and stiff manner formed a striking contrast to the other guests. The ball held at the National Theatre seemed to have turned into what in the present day would be termed a "rough house." There was a wild scramble for supper and in the melee many of the ladies had their gowns ruined. When the guests began to leave it was discovered that coats, hats and canes had been stolen and Commodore Elliott had his pocket picked of a wallet which contained several valuable relics.

There was no particular excitement or incident over the inauguration of Zachary Taylor, which occurred on March 5th, 1849, except that there must have been unusual friction in the Inaugural Committee for three balls were held. President Taylor died in office and Millard Fillmore filled out the unexpired term. He was succeeded by Franklin Pierce on March 4th, 1853. The weather was cold and a light snow had fallen. Washington had between seventy and eighty thousand visitors and there was much discussion among them as to whether it would not be wise to change the date of Inauguration Day, but up to the present this change of date has ended as it did at that time—in talk.

President James Buchanan took the oath of office on March 4th, 1857. His arrival in the city the day before was a signal for the beginning of festivities and a throng of people met him at the old Baltimore & Ohio depot. There was nothing out of the ordinary in the inaugural ceremonies except that among those present was George Washington Park Custis, the grandson of Mrs. George Washington, he having attended the inauguration of each President from Washington to Buchanan. There was the usual parade and public reception afterward. Tickets for the inaugural ball were in such demand that no building could be found which would be large enough to accommodate the crowd, so a temporary structure was erected for the purpose. The newspapers of the day made special comments on the elaborate decorations of the ball room and gave glowing accounts of the ceiling which was covered with white cloth and dotted with golden stars. Towards the close of Buchanan's administration signs of a civil war became evident and sectional feeling was intense, consequently when Abraham Lincoln came to be Chief Executive in 1861 there were grave fears for the incoming President's life. A plot to assassinate him while he was on his way from Springfield to Washington had been unearthed, and this, together with the great crowd which had assembled on the streets caused those in charge to place an extra guard about the President and his carriage was surrounded on all sides by soldiers. Squads of riflemen were stationed on houses along the route ready to quell any attempt at a riot, and although the procession was a most imposing one there was a certain nervousness among the people which marred the pleasure of the whole affair. President Lincoln was always eloquent, but especially so on this occasion, and the closing words of his address will stand until the end of time as a masterpiece of oratory:

"The mystic chords of memory stretching from every battlefield and patriot grave to every heart and hearthstone all over this broad land will yet swell the chorus of the Union when again touched as surely they will be by the better angels of our Nature."

Chief Justice Taney administered the oath of office, after which Lincoln in the presence of thirty thousand spectators kissed the thirty-four young ladies representing the thirty-four States. There was an inaugural ball in the evening but the President did not attend—the only time on record that the Chief Executive has been absent. His second inauguration in 1865 was after the country had been plunged into a civil war and a pall of gloom was over the land. The residents of Washington decorated their houses and there was a grand parade with thousands of spectators, but somehow it seemed that the coming event had cast its shadow before. As usual Lincoln's address was a remarkable one, but very short, containing only five hundred and eighty-five words. Then followed his assassination in April, and Andrew Johnson served out the unexpired term.

General Ulysses S. Grant was the next President and his inauguration occurred on March 4th, 1869. The procession was the grandest that had ever been seen in Washington up to that time and windows along the route were easily rented for fifty dollars each. The inaugural ball was held in the north wing of the Treasury and was a brilliant affair. Four years later he was re-elected and inaugurated during a raging snow storm. There was a display of fireworks in the evening and an inaugural ball, held in a temporary building erected for the purpose. As there was no heat in the building the dancers were compelled to wear heavy wraps throughout the evening and by midnight the majority of the people were frozen out and the ball came to an end. Tickets on this occasion sold for twenty dollars each.

The inaugurations of Hays, Garfield, Cleveland, Harrison, McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft might be classed among the present day inaugurals and the scenes attending these are too well known to need repetition here.

With the many thousands, aye, even millions, who have gathered on these various occasions, differing in politics—some filled with rejoicing over the new Executive and others disappointed or even disgruntled, there is the one common feeling of confidence in the stability of our institutions, and when Inauguration Day has passed they have returned to their respective walks in life loyal to their country and yielding gracefully to the will of the American people as expressed at the ballot box.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

THE THAW SCANDAL

Since the incarceration of Harry Thaw for the murder of Stanford White he has been a source of trouble and of considerable expense to the state of New York. His family millions have been used in the furtherance of every conceivable plan by which he could get out of the asylum through a legal loophole. The disclosures of the recent investigations show such a flagrant attempt to escape from the restraint of the law by bribery, that Governor Sulzer has taken a hand and turned the matter over to District Attorney Whitman to be laid before the grand jury. At the investigation it transpired that Dr. John W. Russell, the superintendent of Matteawan state hospital where Thaw is confined, had been offered $20,000 to aid him in securing Thaw's release. The doctor resigned in time to escape being discharged by the order of the governor, who has also written to the Bar association of New York to enquire into the conduct of the lawyer John N. Anhut, who admits receiving $25,000 from Thaw as "contingent retainer" to free the degenerate slayer.

New York seems at last to be very much in earnest in cleaning up the graft, bribery and political corruption that clog the wheels of justice in that state. The words of the governor in summing up the Thaw scandal are strong and fearless. "I want it understood that while I am governor I am going to run down every grafter in the state. I don't care who he is or where he comes from, or who is behind him, and we have got a lot of them." With harmony between himself and the district attorney, who is getting at the roots of the police corruption, much can be done to uncover the underground sewers of political corruption and to let in the light of justice. Thaw, because of his present position, is beyond the reach of further punishment, but this disclosure should make it impossible for him to use his wealth in purchasing freedom. It was the plea of insanity that alone saved him from the electric chair and he ought to be kept away from the community under the terms of his sentence, and under such strict supervision that his efforts to cheat justice by bribery shall be unavailing.

"CAR FULL"

The Boston Elevated railway has decided to experiment on means to ensure the greater safety and convenience of their patrons by displaying on one of their lines a sign reading "car full" when the conductor decides that there are as many aboard as the car can accommodate. The car displaying this sign will take on no other passengers. It is declared that if the public takes kindly to the scheme it will be adopted on all Boston lines.

This proposition though ideal in theory raises a few interesting questions. Does it imply that passengers, shut out by the sign, will be accommodated by extra cars, or must they wait for the next regular car? If they are compelled to wait, it is evident that the annoyance and vexation of many will more than offset the good accomplished, and as the experiment depends on public rejection or acceptance, the plan would run a risk of being doomed to failure. Again comes the question, "When is a car full?" The courteous providing of straps by the street railroad companies shows that they anticipate and expect the antics of that long-suffering modern product, the strap-hanger. One riding on local cars knows that there is a very wide difference of opinion as to what constitutes a full car. It is much easier to tell when it is not considered full. Hundreds can testify to cases where, when all the seats were taken, all the straps "engaged," and all the spaces between beautifully overcrowded, the musical "room up in front" rang out and a new installment of struggling humanity was rushed from the rear, showing that the conductor had very positive opinion of his own about a full car. The "car full" sign is an excellent idea and might be sometimes used locally with advantage, but before it is used some of our conductors have to learn the valuable lesson that a limited space will hold only a limited number.

BRANDEIS CABINET BOOM

The democracy of Massachusetts is a unit in opposition to the appointment of Louis D. Brandeis as secretary of commerce and labor in President-elect Wilson's cabinet. Brandeis is not regarded as a democrat and it would be difficult to see how the rumors of his strength as a candidate have been so persistently circulated unless through a skilful press agent. But it is doubtful if Mr. Brandeis needs such an agent as he is a past master of the art of working the press for free advertising.

When Judge Riley and Humphrey O'Sullivan presented to Mr. Wilson the protest against Mr. Brandeis' appointment, they voiced the sentiments of the Bay State democracy. Mayor Fitzgerald and other leading democrats have also protested so that if President Wilson should appoint Brandeis, it cannot be urged in his defense that he did not know the man.

Apart from mere political considerations Mr. Brandeis is not half so able or so desirable as any of scores of Massachusetts democrats who have been democrats all their lives and whose sense of justice would be seriously shocked if Brandeis should be chosen for the cabinet.

The fact that Brandeis had enrolled as a republican in the last campaign and went over to Wilson only when he saw no hope for Roosevelt, his favorite candidate, should disqualify him absolutely for the cabinet of a democratic president.

AT THE DARDANELLES

Reports of the revolution in Mexico have quite overshadowed the news of the eastern war which recently showed a struggle to the death between Turkey and the Balkan States—enemies separated by race, religion, and memories of terrible years of Turkish tyranny. The war still progresses, however, in all its terrible intensity, all the more terrible as the Turks are making a last heroic effort to prevent the allied troops driving them from the north shore of the Dardanelles. Though the Turkish government now extends a strict censorship over all war news, it is confessed that in the recent struggle for Gallipoli they lost over 13,000 men. Now the Bulgarians are preparing to swoop down on the forts of the peninsula, and the Ottoman power is awaiting the conflict with a determination born of fanaticism and despair. With Gallipoli in the hands of the allied forces, they would have control of the highway to Constantinople through the sea of Marmora, and the power of the Sultan in Europe would be broken.

It is very significant that Turkey in her straits is making no pleas to the powers for intervention. Her refusal of the terms offered by the London representatives of the Balkan allies was generally supposed to mean a dragging on of the war merely for the purpose of intervention by the great powers of Europe.

HOW A REPUTATION STICKS

On her honeymoon Mrs. Finley Shepard, formerly Miss Gould, is somewhat embarrassed by the reputation she made before her marriage. It is strange how a reputation, good or bad, will stick and even precede a person on a journey to distant lands. Mr. and Mrs. Shepard were driven from their hotel in London recently by the unwelcome importunities of tradesmen, secretaries of charitable organizations, and beggars. For years we have had to listen to criticisms of American good manners by cultured London critics, but incidents such as this show us the other side of the question. An English lord here on his honeymoon would have to bear the annoyance of being interviewed many times daily; he would be photographed continually; he would be asked all the old stock questions regarding his views on America, his opinions of woman suffrage, and Irish home rule. He would probably find many wonderful statements credited to him that he could not recall having made, but at least he could count himself free in our principal hotels from the personal solicitations of professional beggars. Our "American vulgarity," as our English critics call it, may be more than offset by the polite offence of English mendicancy.

REBUILT TYPEWRITERS

All Makes—$10 to $60—All Prices

RENT 3 MONTHS, $5.00

AND UPWARDS

Send for Circulars. Repair—Exchange

American Writing Machine Co.

38 BROMFIELD ST., Boston, Mass.

GUMB BROS.

MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS

Of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

Cor. Gorham and Anderson Sts.

Near Edson Cemetery Tel. 1017

CHIN LEE & CO.

Chinese and American Restaurant

Dining rooms reserved for ladies, for private parties. This restaurant is open from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m., including Sundays. 117 Merrimack st., near John st. Telephone 1372.

ALLAN LINE

Boston to Glasgow

ONE CLASS CABIN SERVICE

(Termed Second)

NUMIDIAN ..... MARCH 1

SCANDINAVIAN ..... MAR. 13

IONIAN ..... MAR. 27

SCOTIAN ..... APR. 10

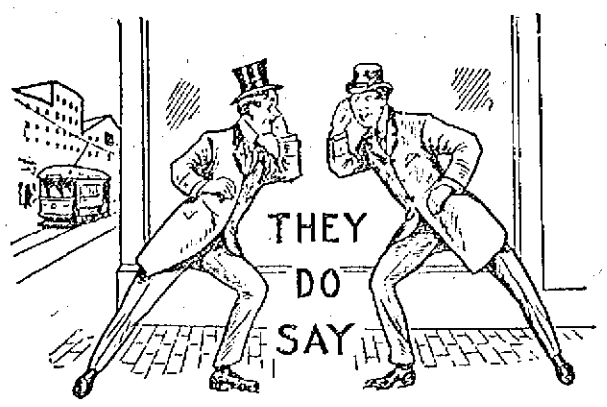
NO CATTLE CARRIED

Rate, Glasgow or Derry, $45.00 up. Third Class, Glasgow, Derry, Liverpool, $30.25.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St.

FREDERICK B. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.

H. & A. ALLAN, 90 State St., Boston.



That Johnny Boyle, the local lightweight, is meeting with great success.

That cards are out for many after-Easter weddings.

That basketball is "coming back" in this city.

That the Y. M. C. A. swimming pool compares very favorably with the Brookline tank.

That snow may come and snow may go, but that during this winter it has mostly gone as soon as it came.

That the tenants in the new Sun building are highly pleased with their quarters.

That it will be a merry party of democrats that will leave Boston tonight for Washington.

That Humphrey O'Sullivan will be one of the prominent men at the exercises on March 4th.

That the railway clerks will have a theatre party and supper tonight.

That Lowell will be represented by a delegation at the inauguration exercises on March 4.

That the municipal council finds it impossible to appropriate enough for each department without exceeding its resources.

That the Manhattans are making elaborate preparations for their farmers' ball, which will be held after Easter.

That the local councils of the Royal Arcanum are hustling for the joint installation exercises to be held next month.

That the uniforms of the elevator boys of the Sun building were the objects of considerable admiration Thursday afternoon.

That Alderman Cummings did the right thing in appointing the man who stood first on the civil service list when he selected a janitor to fill the vacancy at city hall.

That the members of the Honey Boys minstrel troupe greatly miss the services of Charles Austin Carey, who is confined to his home, by an injury that he sustained while on duty, several weeks ago.

That the Lawrence correspondents for the Boston papers handed Joe Thomas a raw deal in reporting his bout with Tommy Sullivan in the down river city on Thursday night.

That the youngsters are making quick work of the destruction of the old New York, New Haven and Hartford coal shed. They were instructed to carry away the old lumber, and this they are doing with remarkable rapidity.

That Artist Coggeshall, who painted the picture of Pawtucket falls and the view of the Lowell mills from the Central bridge, which adorn the walls of the Sun office, will yet achieve fame as an accomplished artist.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

Consolidation

Lawrence Eagle: Consolidation and unity of effort is the spirit of the day. It's in the very atmosphere, so to speak. Starting in the business world it has penetrated even into social and religious life. The methods of years ago when scattered organizations were believed to best accomplish their purpose, have passed away. Today it's the big department store, the great railway system, the bank of enormous capitalization that attains the greatest efficiency and is actually accomplishing things. The same principles applied to the business organizations of Lawrence will, we believe, result in greater and more enduring benefits for Lawrence than can possibly be the case under the existing conditions.

Bryan as Secretary

Johnstown Democrat: That Mr. Wilson has chosen wisely all genuine progressives will agree. He could not have strengthened himself more by any possible selection for secretary of state than he has by choosing Mr. Bryan. For Mr. Bryan is universally recognized as a man of the highest character, a statesman of the broadest views, a fighter of the first quality, courageous, resourceful, keen of vision, firm of purpose, unflinching in his devotion to the right, close to the people in his sympathies and popular as few men have been in American public life. That he will be a tower of strength to the new president who can for a moment question?

Mrs. Pankhurst

Portland Argus: The jailing of Mrs. Pankhurst promises a continuation of the farce of prosecution which is fast making the British government ridiculous. Unless the government has some evidence as to Mrs. Pankhurst's complicity in the bomb explosion beyond her own bravado declaration of responsibility, it may be that the prosecution will fail. If it succeeds, Mrs. Pankhurst, it is predicted, will be sentenced to prison, will start a hunger strike, will become ill and will be allowed to go free. The British public is fast getting out of patience with the latitude allowed these crazy furies of the Pankhurst type. It is felt that a more resolute man than Home Secretary McKenna would find some means of protecting the social order from their ridiculous assaults that are now becoming murderous as well as ridiculous. There is an increasing inclination in the crowd to deal with these frantic creatures themselves. If they do, and it goes hard with the militants, these latter will have only themselves to blame.

Intervention in Mexico

New Bedford Standard: Because the Mexicans cannot keep on good terms with each other, and because they keep up the bad habit of assassinating their prominent men, there are persons who believe that this nation should proceed to take them in hand, administer punishment and set them agoing once more with an admonition that they will get worse if they fail to behave in the future. A wise old man, long years ago, advised such as were willing to hear that "he that meddleth with strife that belongeth not to him is like one that taketh a dog by the ears." It was good advice then, and it is good advice now. The strife is the Mexicans' own affair—and it is not the affair of this nation.

Troop Transportation

Brockton Enterprise: The transportation of troops by the United States government, has not, to say the least been reduced to a science. In the endeavor to get troops somewhere near Mexico all sorts of difficulties are being encountered. There is a lack of transport ships and there is a lack of trains. At Indianapolis the 23d on its way to Galveston was delayed by inability to obtain railway coaches. At Leavenworth, Kan., the railroads were not ready to move three companies of the engineering corps. At Detroit two battalions of the 26th infantry were delayed by lack of train facilities. The people who are so eager in some cases for American intervention in Mexico should note these things. The trick is not half as simple as it seems, and after getting the troops there enormous expense and enormous difficulties in maintaining an army in the field in a hostile country would have to be faced. But why should not the government be in a position to demand quick and efficient transportation facilities?

Congressional Eulogies

Foster's Democrat: Those who read the Congressional Record have been pained to find that the recent obituary tributes are falling off sadly in quality. It used to be that a really good eulogy, well expressed and well sustained, would break the monotony of the patchwork from books of favorite quotations and old speeches, but lately the average has been very poor. Knowing what is to follow it must be most painful for a congressman to die nowadays.

The Difference

Lawrence American: Over in France they have just decorated the inventor of the cold storage system with the cross of the legion of honor. In this country many persons have indicated quite plainly their desire to decorate the author of cold storage with eggs laid in April and marketed about the second December following.

Costly Knowledge

Salem News: It would seem in view of all the revelations, police and otherwise, that what New York does not know about graft isn't worth knowing.

IN SUCH PAIN WOMAN TORE HER CLOTHES

Testifies She Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Malone, N. Y.,—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has certainly done me a lot of good. I first heard of it when I was a girl and I always said that if I ever had female trouble I would take it.

"I suffered from organic inflammation and would have spells when I would be in such pain that I would tear my clothes. One day my husband got the neighbors in to see what the matter was but they could not help me. My first thought was for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I sent my husband out for it and took it until I was entirely cured. I am a woman of perfect health and my health and happiness came from Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine. You may rest assured that I do all I can to recommend your wonderful medicine to my friends."—MRS. FRED STONE, Route No. 3, Malone, N. Y.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the standard remedy for female ills.

WHEN YOU ARE HUNGRY AND WANT A REAL

GOOD DINNER

TRY THE

LOWELL INN

CUT PRICES ON

LEATHER GOODS

DEVINE'S

124 MERRIMACK STREET

Repairing, Etc. Telephone 2169

DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS

A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Foul Breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 34 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at

HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

CARROLL BROS.

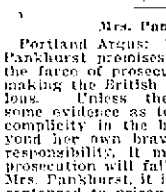
Plumbers, Steam Fitters and Sheet Metal Workers

36 Middle St. Telephone 1650

BABY DISFIGURED WITH ECZEMA

Pimples Filled with Watery Matter. Crust Formed. Cried Continually. Thought He Would Die. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Cure Complete.

12 Union St., Westfield, Mass.—"My baby boy was two nine days old when a flesh spread over his entire body which burned like fire. This took the form of pimples which filled with a watery matter and when these broke a crust formed. The baby was very disfigured. It proved to be the worst form of eczema. Even his mouth and gums were affected. He cried continually; the pain and loss of sleep made him lose in weight and I surely thought my baby would die.



"I used everything anyone suggested to me in the line of salves and washes, but nothing helped until I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment. We made a warm soapy bath and used the Cuticura Ointment plentifully and that was the first peaceful sleep he had since the trouble began. In three days there was a vast improvement, and I only used two boxes of Cuticura Ointment with the Cuticura Soap before the cure was complete. There isn't a trace of the skin-tortured baby that he was, as I kept on using the Cuticura Soap for his bath and his skin is clear and soft." (Signed) Mrs. Kratky, May 16, 1912.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

☞Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it perfection for skin and scalp.

MRS. PANKHURST IS ARRESTED

Charged with Conspiracy to Cause Explosion at Home of Premier Asquith

LONDON, March 1.—Mrs. Pankhurst was arrested today on a charge of conspiracy to cause an explosion at the home of Premier Asquith. Mrs. Pankhurst was taken to Bow street police court and was there arraigned. She was then taken to the Tower of London.

CITY DEBT OF $204,387

Annual Report of Treasurer Adams Read at Special Meeting of Rockland, Me., City Council

ROCKLAND, Me., March 1.—The annual report of City Treasurer Simeon A. Adams, delayed through the death of his father, was presented at a special meeting of the city council last night. The year's expenditures in the various departments amounted to $163,572, exceeding by $23,965 the appropriations and receipts.

The principal items were as follows: Permanent improvements, $21,276; schools, 28,220; highways, $25,103; paupers, $13,158; interest, $17,587; contingent, $12,092.

The city's liabilities are $462,144 and the assets $257,757, leaving a net city debt of $204,387.

ASKS FOR $108,000

Estimate Submitted by Nashua, N. H., Board of Education—Increase of $8000 Over Last Year

NASHUA, N. H., March 1.—The board of education last night, after hearing from its several departments, voted to ask the city council for an appropriation of $108,000. This is an increase of $8000 over last year. The appropriation for teachers' salaries is $68,000, based on a prospective increase of pay, and is more than last year. The finance committee was instructed to explain the items to the budget committee of the city government.

DEAD IN ELEVATOR SHAFT

Samuel Goodman of New Haven Found in New York Office Building With Skull Fractured

NEW YORK, March 1.—Samuel Goodman of New Haven, said to be a prominent jeweler, was found dead at the foot of an elevator shaft in a lower Broadway office building yesterday. The body was in a sitting position on machinery two stories below the street level.

The skull was fractured, apparently from a fall. The police could find no one in the building who witnessed the accident. The coroner is investigating.

Friends whom Goodman had just left in the building said last night that he was in the best of spirits and they declared he had undoubtedly met his death by a fall from an elevator doorway, accidentally left open.

FEENEY GETS 3 MONTHS

Charlestown Youth Found Guilty in Providence of Robbing Money Box in Telephone Booth

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—James J. Feeney, aged 19, of Charlestown, Mass., pleaded guilty in the district court yesterday to a charge of larceny of $14 from the Providence Telephone company, and was sentenced to jail for three months. Feeney reached Providence from Charlestown yesterday, and being short of change, broke into a box at one of the telephone pay booths. He did not know he was calling the police when he made the break.

KNOW IT WELL

Familiar Features Well Known to Hundreds of Lowell Citizens.

A familiar burden in many homes. The burden of a "bad back."

A lame, a weak or an aching back Often tells you of kidney ills.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Here is Lowell testimony:

Mrs. William A. Buckley, 9 Chestnut St., Lowell, Mass., says. "Not once in over ten years have I ever refused to give Doan's Kidney Pills my endorsement. Today I gladly confirm all I have ever said about them. I suffered from disordered kidneys for many years and my back ached almost constantly. It was hard for me to stoop and my housework was done only through great effort. As soon as I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, my back and kidneys were strengthened and I felt better in every way. Since then I have never been without a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills in the house."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MAN KICKED OUT THIEVES

Wife Held Up Pair With Empty Revolver

OGDENSBURG, N. J., March 1.—Two masked burglars were helping themselves to Harry Mill's silverware yesterday when Mrs. Mills stole downstairs with a revolver and made them throw up their hands.

Then she shouted for Mr. Mills, who, rather than go to the trouble of a long trip through the rain to the county jail, took the burglars one at a time to the front door and kicked them out into the darkness.

When he returned to his wife he found her on the floor in a dead faint. She had just discovered that the revolver was not loaded.

FORMERLY BLIND

Mrs. Mousette of Leicester, Who Can Now See Clearly, Observes Her 90th Birthday

LEICESTER, March 1.—Mrs. Mithilda Moussette, the oldest resident of Leicester, observed her 90th birthday anniversary informally at her home in Burncoat yesterday and received many congratulations.

Mrs. Moussette was born in Three Rivers, Can., and came to the United States when a young girl. She was married at St. John's church, Worcester, to Eli Moussette by Rev. Patrick T. O'Reilly, then pastor of the church, and later bishop of the Springfield diocese. Her husband died 17 years ago.

About 20 years ago Mrs. Moussette became blind and during the time of her blindness she made many novenas and pilgrimages and prayed constantly that she might see daylight before death, and three years ago her request was granted. Today Mrs. Moussette can see easily and clearly and is able to walk about daily. She has passed the winter without contracting a cold or any other ailment. She is an ardent Catholic.

In the direct line, Mrs. Moussette is able to count as her living descendants, 12 grandchildren, five great-grandchildren, and four great-great-grandchildren, living in many parts of the state. A dinner was given at the home last evening for the relatives and some of the Burncoat residents.

NILES "PROBABLY GUILTY"

Arraigned in the Central Falls, R. I., Court, Charged With Assault on Mrs. John Buckel

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 1.—In the district court at Central Falls yesterday, Robert S. Niles was adjudged probably guilty of assault on Mrs. John Buckel at Stump Hill, Lincoln, Jan. 7, and was held for the June term of the grand jury in $2000.

The defendant claimed that he was not in the vicinity at the time of the assault. He is the man who was delivered to the officers by Mrs. Elizabeth Guinness, who ran to her house and got her husband's revolver, which she kept trained on Niles until he was placed in police hands.

Putnam & Son Co.

166 Central Street.

Stating Plain Facts

is "as easy as rolling off a log"—and telling the simple truth, concerning our annual suit sale at

$12.50

has made this sale a growing success.—"We deliver the goods," that's all there is to it. There is still a good show for men and young men to get a winter, spring or even a summer suit for $12.50 and save a good lot of money.

First Woman to Sit in Council

LOS ANGELES, March 1.—Miss Mary Foy of Pasadena is on the way to Washington where she will be the first woman to attend a national party committee meeting. As proxy for state Senator Sanford she will occupy the seat allotted to California in the council of the democratic national committee and will be California's sole representative.

Avoid Impure Milk

for Infants and Invalids

Get

HORLICK'S

It means the Original, and Genuine

MALTED MILK

"Others are Imitations"

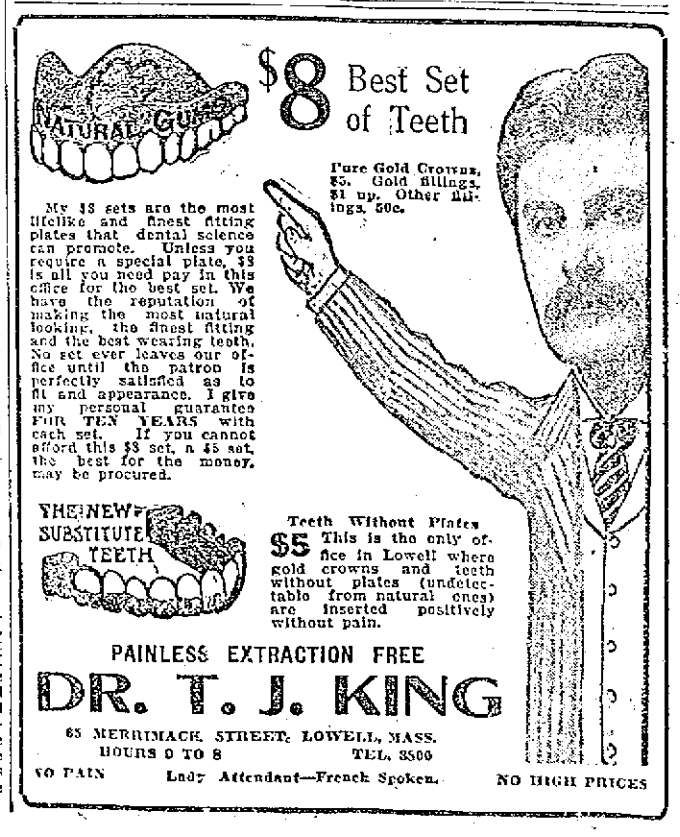
The Food-Drink for all Ages.

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.

More healthful than tea or coffee. Agrees with the weakest digestion. Keep it on your sideboard at home. A quick lunch prepared in a minute.

Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S.

HORLICK'S Contains Pure Milk



LATEST DESIGNS IN WOMEN'S WEAR

THE SUN FASHION PAGE

FEMININE HINTS AND NOVELTIES

EASTER TROUSSEAUX UNDER CONSIDERATION

Satin Pearls and Lace in this Ideal Wedding Gown

A Net Dancing Gown with an Entirely New Sash

Colored Silk Embroidery Gives the Modish touch to this Going Away Costume

The Negligee is Looped Back to Show the Petticoat

This Girlish Gown is for Informal Dinners

Bird of Paradise Orchids Now the Bridal Flower Smart Travel Togs for Early Spring Honeymoons - The Steamer Coat An Important Item - Lovely Embroidered Frocks.

EASTER falls upon such an early date this year, the earliest date upon which those now living will ever greet an Easter morn—that wedding plans for Easter-week are well perfected by this first week of March. Bridesmaids have been chosen—some lucky girls being booked for three weddings during the season immediately following Easter Day, flowers have been ordered, caterers consulted and; invitations for many of the large weddings are already out.

And the trousseau, this spring is perhaps a little less springlike than it might be in more propitious seasons; that is, the wise bride will not hie away to any but a Southern clime without good warm clothing, and even her winter furs will be packed in a trunk ready for probable use.

The Gould wedding which occurred in late January, has of course set the pace for all subsequent bridals this year. Though a rather quiet and unelaborate affair, taking place at the bride's beautiful country house up on the Hudson, this important wedding, from a social standpoint, was perfect in every detail. No expense and no pains were spared to achieve its perfection, and everything was richly, harmoniously perfect—even to the weather, the day being as bright and balmy a one as January in this Northern latitude ever knew.

A Wedding Veil That It Took Over Two Years To Make.

The bride's veil at this wedding was of rose point lace, and fifty persons spent two and a half years completing its three and a half yard length. Several yards of the same exquisite lace, arranged in flounces, trimmed the gown of duchesse ivory satin and here and there the rich satin was sewn with seed pearl embroideries. At the side of the skirt the lace was looped up with orange blossoms. This simple but inexpressibly rich wedding costume has set a standard for Easter brides, and lace is just now the favored trimming for the bridal gown. Unless really handsome lace may be afforded, however, it is a wise bride who eschews this luxurious trimming and puts her money into as handsome satin as she can buy, veiling it—if a veiled effect she must have—with a tunic of chiffon or pearl embroidered net. An important wedding gown of Easter week is already finished and reposing in its tissue padded box ready for the supreme day, and the Scribe, accorded a peep at its splendor, was interested to note that the trimming was machine embroidery—entirely a new idea as far as satin bridal gowns are concerned, but surprisingly rich and distinguished for all that.

Machine Embroidery Trims An Easter Bridal Gown.

The train of heavy white satin falls from the shoulders of this gown and drags two yards on the floor. The front of the skirt is veiled with a white chiffon tunic, draped below the knees over a clinging, slashed skirt of the satin. Crossed above the chiffon tunic are two broad bands of St. Gall embroidery in one of the new—and by no means inexpensive—lace patterns. The upper edge of the embroidery is appliqued to the chiffon; the lower edges falling free and giving a crossed tunic effect. The embroidery appears again on the bodice, draping one shoulder while the other is draped with the white chiffon. The sleeves of this gown are of chiffon, shirred from shoulder to wrist. All wedding gowns now have very long sleeves, and the prettiest of these sleeves are of shirred or tucked chiffon or net.

The handsome bridal gown pictured is of ivory duchesse satin and a very little real lace is introduced effectively on the corsage and sleeve. The long satin train falls from the shoulders and under it at the back is draped the tunic which at the front opens down the center. Crystal fringe edges either side of this tunic and the satin is drawn together at the knee under an enormous crystal bead tassel which weights the satin heavily and gives the skirt a modish, tapering line below the hips. One side of the bodice is of the draped satin and the other side of draped white chiffon, the surpliced drapery crossing over a high-necked yoke of white net. At the crossing of the bodice drapery, is set a wedge-shaped section of real point lace, and a narrow edge of this lace falls from the drapery over the sleeve just above the elbow. The sleeves are of white chiffon tucked in rather wide tucks and they fit the arm very closely, extending over the hand. A chiffon and silver rose is set against the girdle at the crossing of the drapery.

A Modishly Adjusted Veil.

All brides may not wear rose point veils of priceless value, but fortunately the tulle veil is very fashionable now, and such veils are really more becoming than the heavier lace sort. The veil worn with the pictured wedding gown just described is beautifully arranged, a coronet of orange blossoms holding it in position on the head. The hair is dressed simply, with waves drawn softly downward over temple and ears, and the long ends twisted into three flat coils, one at the center back and one behind each ear. This girlish coiffure is crowned by the floating folds of the wedding veil which by its full arrangement under the coronet of flowers makes the closely coiffed head look small and the face thus framed sweet and innocent.

Another beautiful wedding gown which will be worn the week following Easter, is of pure white satin and lace. The lace, a handsome Mechlin pattern falls over the skirt in two deep, ungathered flounces, a deeply fringed tunic of pearl beads depending from the waist and keeping the soft lace of the flounces in slender lines. The bodice is of the lace, crossed in surplice fashion over a round-necked tucker of shirred chiffon. Lace sleeves, shirred all the way down, reach over the hand. The veil to be worn with this gown is of net edged with real Mechlin and it will be pleated around the head in cap style, a garland of lilies of the valley holding the cap-frill in place on the hair. Lilies of the valley and bird of paradise orchids will form the bouquet which will be carried by this bride, and the flowers have been ordered long since for the appointed day. These peculiar, exotic orchids are just now the extreme note of fashion in wedding bouquets and thrice lucky the maid whose bridegroom-to-be can afford to order bird of paradise orchids for the nuptial day, in unstinted profusion.

Draped Effects In Smart Traveling Tailleurs.

Next to the wedding gown in importance comes the "going away" costume which must be as perfect in its way as the bridal robes. Usually there is also a secondary tailored costume which gives the actual service required of a traveling suit, the going away costume having more the nature of a formal and rather dressy afternoon tailleur. The costumes of this sort, now being built—or already finished for Easter brides, show the draped skirt and rather fanciful coat now in vogue for semi-formal tailored wear and the material is usually wool backed satin, lustrous worsted material or one of the mohair and worsted, or silk and worsted mixtures. One bride-to-be sent to Paris for her going away costume which has just arrived carefully packed in its wooden box along with a fetching leather handbag of tinted saffian exactly matching the shade of the suit—a three-piece affair of lansdowne, a new silk and wool mixture in a shade called Hindoo brown, a warm earth color just now very fashionable on the Rivlera. This smart little suit has a draped skirt very full and baggy between the hip and knee and tapering to a yard and a half width around the feet, a slash at one side of the front giving room to step easily. Patent leather boots with French heels and buttoned tops of brown suede exactly matching the material of the suit have been ordered for this costume and the hat, also from Paris, is a simple, elongated toque shape of bronze picot straw with a corded melon crown of brown satin and a paradise aigrette in shades of dull yellow sweeping backward from the side of the straw brim.

The coat of this bonny little brown suit has no apparent seams—they are skilfully disguised by oddly shaped back and front sections which overlap each other under the arms, and the upper part of the coat is slightly gathered into the fitted lower portion just below the bust-line. The whole garment falls only a little below the hips and slopes away sharply at the front to show a tiny vestee of flowered silk, buttoned with small amber glass buttons. Beneath this coat is a bodice of the earth-brown lansdowne draped in corselet style over a deep yoke of chiffon velling net, the net in turn being laid over eyelet-embroidery in a deep ecru shade. A tiny collar of amber colored moire silk turns back from the neck and over this is a still narrower collar of machine embroidered batiste, a perky little bow of the amber silk picot edged with black being set at the front.

Steamer Coats A Trousseau Feature.

Egypt is now the fashionable Mecca for newly married pairs and is dividing interest with Panama—to which everybody seems in haste to repair before the water is let into the new canal. Egypt, signifying leisurely saunterings by dahobeyah up the ancient Nile and equally leisurely journeying by camel into the vast loneliness of the desert, has rather the preference from a honeymoon standpoint, for strenuous is the trip to Panama with its necessity for seeing so much in a short time—and few care to linger in Panama, once the sights have been viewed and digested. On the great piers from which the big Cunarders and other steamers depart, these days, are many honeymoon trunks, and very smart steamer costumes are to be observed on the outward bound voyagers. The white steamer costume is most attractive and is admirably suited to the Southern tour. Such a costume includes a white serge trotteur frock, usually made quite simply and bound with braid at the edges, or garnished in some other way with white braid or cord trimming. Buttoned boots of white buckskin match the frock and the coat is a natty three-quarter affair of white vicuna or heavy serge with a panama or stitched silk hat bearing a smart "stick-up" of feathers or pleated ribbon. Of course a chiffon veil makes part of the costume and the more enormous this veil, with yards of filmy stuff to trail out on the breeze, the more chic the effect.

Embroidery And Persian Silk Artfully Combined.

In the trousseau for another Southern honeymoon is one charming frock of creamy machine embroidery—now so fashionable for costumes de luxe. The tunic of solid and lacy embroidery combined falls over a petticoat of flounced net, buttons of Persian silk running down the tunic front and up the sleeve, and a Persian silk bow being set at the neck. The sash is also of the gay Persian silk.

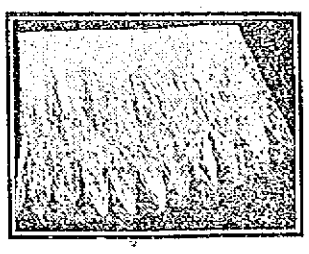
A dainty gown illustrated has an entirely new sash idea. This gown is of dotted net and Val lace flounceing and the turquoise blue silk sash is draped obliquely across the skirt as illustration shows. Straps and knots of the turquoise silk also trim the lace and net bodice. Another pretty dancing gown part of an April trousseau is pictured. This gown is of saffron colored satin veiled with white chiffon, a vest and girdle of pink, saffron and Nattier blue Persian silk focusing the color. Pearl bands trim skirt and tunic and pearls are twisted in the hair and around the neck.

Also illustrated is an adorable trousseau negligee of pink saffron, looped back to show a pink crepe de chine petticoat flounced with St. Gall embroidery veiled with net.

Latest Ideas in Bridal Lingerie

IN line with the continued vogue for narrow skirts is the new lingerie, made of softest, thinnest fabrics, fitted to perfection and so flatly trimmed that not the least wrinkle may obtrude itself as a marring element in the outer costume. Petticoats are now fitted as carefully as gowns themselves; brassieres keep the figure trim and as slender as may be above the waistline and even the drawer is gored and fitted over the hips so that the least possible room may be taken up beneath the corset.

The bride of this season is torn between two alternatives—crepe de chine lingerie or garments of fine cotton stuff trimmed with the new, handsome machine embroideries. These embroideries are very fashionable on undergarments this season and even the French, hand-made lingerie shows trimmings of the machine work cleverly incorporated into the scheme of the garment. The crepe de chine lingerie, on the other hand, is so deliciously luxurious in suggestion—and so fancinatingly dainty in fact; and it clings so softly to the figure under the draped costume, that few trousseaux this spring will be without at least several sets of such underwear.



Embroidery Flouncing Treated In A New Way.

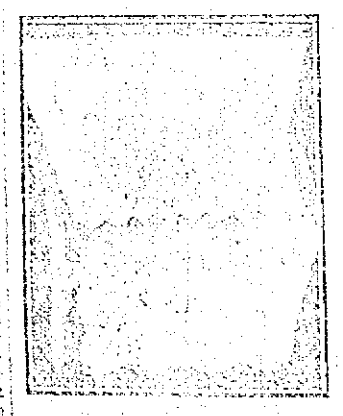
Pale pink seems to be the favored shade, though pale blue and white crepe de chine garments are seen in fair proportion, and usually the trimming is of Val., Mechlin, Cluny or Irish lace, though some of the very lacy embroidery patterns are used in combination with these laces.

This crepe de chine lingerie is rather simple in design, the silken material and fine lace trimming giving the effect of distinction rather than any great elaboration. There are gowns, chemises, petticoats and drawers, all of the silken soft crepe de chine and the cut of these garments would be a revelation to the woman who clings to underwear ideals of a past generation and deems firm muslin, full ruffles and thick tucks the proper ideas in underwear for a lady. In fact the modern lingerie owes its beauty as much to its cut as to its fineness of fabric and daintiness of trimming. Even the nightgown is so shaped that it gives the figure, long, graceful and slender lines.

Every ounce of superfluous underwear is now dispensed with in the interest of a slender silhouette, and the Easter bride—if she is modishly inclined—will wear, beneath her corset a chemise and short drawer of the softest fabrics, and over her corset a brassiere and petticoat. The brassiere is the only item of the lingerie that is not built of gossamer stuff. As its purpose is to hold the figure firmly, it is of necessity made of something stronger than mull or nainsook, but its effect—in the better models—is anything but thick and clumsy. The daintiest brassieres are of allover embroidery, edged with cluny lace, or of handkerchief linen with inset bands drawer is now very straight and narrow in shape and is seldom finished of cluny or Irish crochet, or the new lacy machine embroidery.

With the brassiere is worn a separate white petticoat, for the combination corset cover and skirt have gone entirely out of fashion with well-dressed women and the only combination of this character is the one-piece slip worn beneath a lingerie frock. White petticoats are much the mode at present and will be worn this spring and summer even with tailored coat and skirt costumes. The simplest models have short, scant ruffles of machine embroidery in an eyelet or dot and scallop design and the elaborate petticoats are flounced to the knee, lace usually being set under the scalloped embroidery to give an airy effect. The petticoat flounce illustrated shows how the new, narrow flounce is put on with almost no gathers and how deeply scalloped embroidery is used over lace.

The chemise-drawer is liked by many women who do not fancy two garments under the corset. No matter how perfectly the separate drawer is fitted over the hips or how cleverly it is fastened, there is apt to be discomfort if the corset is worn all day over it, for its upper edge will almost certainly cut into the flesh at the waistline. The chemise drawer does away with this difficulty and this new garment is a very dainty affair, combining a soft nainsook or crepe de chine chemise with a very short drawer of the same material. The with a ruffle at the edge. Two new examples of French hand-embroidered drawers are pictured, one having ribbon run through embroidered slashes and the other showing inset motifs of Irish crochet lace. Tucks are not often used on the drawer now, as naturally they increase the bulk of the garment and the idea is to keep all lingerie as soft and clinging as possible. Handsome lacy embroideries are set at the edge of nainsook drawers under ribbon beadings and sometimes deep machine embroidered flouncing is used and is attached to the top of the garment with insertion beading, ribbon being run through slashes worked by hand in the ungathered flouncing.



The New Culotte Drawer, Stitched At The Side.

TO ENCOURAGE PEACE IN MEXICO

American Residents Adopted Resolutions at Meeting—Ambassador Wilson Praised

MEXICO CITY, March 1.—A request to the people of the United States to extend all possible aid and encouragement to the Mexican people in their efforts to establish good government with guarantees for the security of life and property was contained in resolutions adopted by a meeting of the residents of the American colony in Mexico City last night.

The Americans present deprecated the publication in the United States of articles misrepresenting the Mexican people. The statements alleged to have been published in the United States alleging that during the bombardment and street fighting which recently took place in the national capitol, American citizens took refuge under the British flag were denounced as falsehoods. Ambassador Wilson was praised for his "noble and patriotic services rendered under trying circumstances" while the acts of those Americans who risked their lives in saving their compatriots during the fighting were loudly applauded.

Rebels Join Federal Troops

General Cheche Campos and his force of 1200 men who have been thoroughly seasoned by a year's service in General Pascual Orozco's army will now join the government troops under the command of General Truey Aubert in the campaign against the rebels by Governor Venustiano Carranza in the state of Coahuila, according to war department advices from Torreon. With this additional force General Aubert will have approximately 5000 men in his column and it is anticipated that he will have little difficulty in suppressing the revolt, since he says Gov. Carranza has been unable to recruit more than 2000 men.

Alberto Guadjaro, a commander of irregulars and a close friend of Carranza has joined the Coahuila rebellion. He occupies with 600 men the mining camps at Las Esperanzas, Musquis and Ahuila. Francisco Villa, who has reentered Mexico is thought to have joined former Governor Maytorena, who is in possession of Agua Prieta, Necosari and Fronteras on the international border.

3500 Rebels Surrender

Official reports state that 3500 rebels have surrendered in the states of Puebla and Vera Cruz, 1900 in the state of Mexico and a large number of small detatchments in other states.

Since the surrender of Alberto Fumes Dat Aguascullentes the management of the National Railroads Co. expect soon to open the central line to Juarez but repairs will be necessary at Escalon and Rodriguez.

DENY THAT MAN WAS KILLED BY EXPLOSION OF SHELL ON BATTLESHIP

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Rear Admiral Fletcher commanding the American battleship squadron off Vera Cruz, Mexico, in a despatch to the navy department emphatically denied published reports that one person had been killed and three injured by the explosion of a shell fired from one of the battleships during target practice yesterday.

Rear Admiral Fletcher says there is no foundation whatever for the story. He points out that the sub calibre practice of the Georgia and Nebraska which was made to appear responsible for the alleged accident took place at sea, out of sight of land and more than 25 miles from La Piedra, where the shell was said to have exploded and adds:

"The greatest care was exercised to see that no boats were in line of our sub calibre fire or anywhere near."

He adds that the Nebraska sailed for Tampico at noon yesterday to permit the Virginia to go down to Vera Cruz to coal.

PAYMENT OF $10,000,000

For Coaling Stations and Canal Rights

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Owing to the unfinished state of the negotiations officials of the state department maintain an attitude of reserve in regard to the publication by the Colombian government yesterday of various propositions for the settlement of the dispute over the separation of Panama from Colombia.

It was stated today, however, that the publication was quite accurate in describing the propositions involving the payment of $10,000,000 for coaling stations and canal rights, the allowance of special privileges to Colombia of the use of the Panama canal in a legal adjustment of the Colombian claims to the receipts for the Panama railroad and the settlement of the outstanding boundary dispute between Colombia and Panama and that they are entirely informal.

In fact it is intimated they were discussed by American Minister DuBois with the Colombian foreign office with the single purpose of developing the nature and extent of the Colombian demands. The minister was not authorized to commit the state department to any special proposition without further instructions. It is quite beyond the power of the executive to make such concessions as those referred to except upon congressional approval.

SEARCHING FOR BODIES

One More Recovered in Dewey Hotel Ruins

OMAHA, Neb., March 1.—An all night search by police and firemen watched by a thousand morbid curiosity seekers brought to light but one additional victim of yesterday's fire in the Dewey hotel. Although it was believed a score lost their lives in the flames only four thus far are accounted for.

The one body thus far uncovered was believed to be that of Miss Alice Rennevie, sister of the wife of the hotel proprietor. An earring with a ruby setting was the only identifying mark.

TO OPEN PUBLIC CLINIC

Dr. Friedmann to Treat Poor as Well as Rich

NEW YORK, March 1.—The widespread attention which has been drawn to the tuberculosis serum of Dr. Frederick Franz Friedmann, the young German bacteriologist, may be brought to a climax next week. The announcement is made today that on Monday Dr. Friedmann will open offices near his hotel on Fifth avenue and for two weeks conduct a public clinic, where the poor as well as the rich will be treated, the serum to be administered free to those who cannot afford to pay for it.

It is declared that a number of American physicians will be invited to attend the clinic to assist in diagnozing the cases and to watch them afterward and learn Dr. Friedmann's method. He has claimed that within a week the beneficial effects of the serum will be apparent. The doctor says that more than 5,000 applications for treatment have been received.

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE

Will Secure Lot of Home Rule Souvenirs For Those Who Wish Them in This City

The committee of The Irish league arranging for the lecture on March 16 held another session last evening with President Balfry in the chair. It was voted to secure a considerable number of the home rule souvenirs provided by the league for those who contribute $1 or upwards to the movement. The time remaining in which the fate of the home rule bill will be decided is very short and an appeal has come from Ireland for a united effort by the entire Celtic race to furnish the financial support needed by the party while making their victory complete. This is held to be necessary in order to avert the possibility of having the cup of freedom once more dashed from Ireland's lips. The path has been cleared for legislative independence and the local branch of the league will endeavor to keep up the record of Lowell in standing by the parliamentary party until the flag of Erin floats over an independent parliament in Dublin.

The lecturer for March 16 at Associate hall will be Hon. P. J. O'Keefe of Chicago, the friend and co-worker of John P. Sutton and the late John F. Finnerty and one of the most distinguished men in Chicago.

Went To Milford

The basketball team from the Y. W. C. A. took the 1.39 train for Milford, N. H. this afternoon where they will meet a team representing the Milford high school. The Milford girls will present a strong lineup as they are being coached by a graduate of Sargent's college. The team will return to Lowell in time for supper.

Miss Harriet Boutelle of the local Y. W. C. A. will address the members of the King's Daughters of the Eliot church, at the home of Mrs. Royal P. White on Monday evening next.

Lower Steps on Cars Ordered

NEW YORK, March 1.—A protest from women's clubs against high street car steps, first voiced when hobble skirts became popular, resulted yesterday in the public service commission ordering that all closed street cars in New York city be equipped with steps no higher than 15 inches from the ground on and after January 1, 1914. Open cars are not included because of mechanical obstacles.

Repentant Forger Gouges Out Eye

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 1.—Arrested for a series of small forgeries, A. J. Heinn, founder of a manufacturing company of Milwaukee, gouged out both of his eyes with a small knife yesterday, in self-punishment.

"I do not believe in suicide," he said, "but I shall never see daylight again or forge another check, and I am more at peace than I have been for some time."

MITCHELL, THE TAILOR

Fourth Anniversary of Local Store

This week witnesses the fourth birthday of the Mitchell Merchant Tailoring establishment in this city. Just four years ago this enterprising firm came to Lowell with a large line of the best and most up to date clothing ever made and they established their quarters in the Colonial building in Central street, announcing through a large advertisement in The Sun that they had leased the store for a number of years. Since that time the Mitchell tailoring company has been pleasing a large number of customers with the quality and style of the garments which they turn out and their efforts have been appreciated by Lowell people who have in turn been generous in their patronage.

That they "made good" with a vengeance since coming to this city, is evident from the fact that since the opening of the store, their orders have steadily increased and that in every case the customer went away not only satisfied but highly pleased and with words of praise for the work of the Mitchell company. They received numerous orders for suits, overcoats or separate pants and vests and other such garments and proved their ability and intention to excel by turning out a line of clothing that in quality and workmanship is on a par with the best. It is such firms as this that find a place in the high esteem of the people of a city and are warmly welcomed by its traders.

Mr. Healey, the genial and enterprising manager of the concern has since coming to Lowell, been one of the most popular business men of the city. His assistants in the large tailoring establishment comprise only the best tailors that can be hired, men that are nothing short of experts and in whose products there is never a flaw and it is in great measure for this reason that the business of the company has grown with each succeeding year. Another fact which has been a big item in his progress is the fact that his prices are most moderate and within the reach of all.

Lack of needless delay is a prominent characteristic in the methods of the Mitchell Merchant Tailoring company's business and the person placing an order with them for any kind of a garment need not fear that he will be obliged to wait an unreasonable length of time before his order is satisfactorily filled; result, another advance in public favor for these tailors. Mr. Healey expresses himself as thoroughly satisfied and highly pleased with his business in Lowell and with the methods of the people of this city. Were the Mitchell tailors not widely patronized in this city, the store here would be the one exception in the entire system for the stores of this great company, located in numerous other large cities are all exceedingly popular and enjoy large business. Mr. Healey says that all that is necessary is to trust the people and be fair with them and square in all dealings and the success of the firm is assured. The Mitchell Merchant Tailoring Co., is a winner and all who call at their establishment and inspect the goods which they display, or place an order for a garment are guaranteed satisfaction and royal treatment.

CHESTER A. PAUL ARRESTED

Cashier of Dedham and Hyde Park Gas Company Charged With Theft of $3300

BOSTON, March 1.—Chester A. Paul, aged 32, of 155 Massachusetts avenue clerk and cashier of the Dedham and Hyde Park Gas company, which has offices in Hyde Park, was arrested in an office in the Tremont building yesterday morning on a warrant charging him with the theft of $3300 from the company. Irregularities were discovered in his accounts by an auditor.

He will be arraigned this morning in the West Roxbury district court, where the warrant was granted for his arrest.

Lecture on Ireland

Arrangements for the lecture on "Ancient and Modern Ireland" to be given by Daniel J. Dwyer, the noted lecturer, at the Sacred Heart school hall on Thursday evening, March 13, are completed and indications are that a large crowd will be on hand to listen to the interesting discourse. Mr. Dwyer has delivered several addresses on the subject, and his remarks brought forth words of praise from his many hearers. Colored pictures and appropriate songs will be given in conjunction with the lecture.

J. Joseph O'Connor of this city will leave tonight for Washington to attend the ceremonies attending the inauguration of President-elect Wilson. Mr. O'Connor was a delegate to the convention that nominated Mr. Wilson.

ANNUAL MEETING

Proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery

The annual meeting of the proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery will be held on Monday evening, March 3, 1913, at half past seven o'clock at the banking rooms of the Middlesex Safe Deposit & Trust Co., No. 159 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

Each lot in the Cemetery is entitled to one vote.

The business to come before the meeting is:

1—To hear the records of previous meeting and the reports of the trustees and treasurer.

2—To elect four trustees to serve for the term of three years from the first Monday of March, 1913.

3—To see if the proprietors will order an application for legislation similar to that enacted in the case of The Forest Hills Cemetery and other cemeteries in the commonwealth, enabling the Board of Trustees to make such changes in, and amendments to, the by-laws, from time to time, as the exigencies and interests of the Corporation may require.

4—To see if the Proprietors will authorize the Trustees to direct the Treasurer to withdraw the sum of $1800 from the reserve fund and apply the same to payment of the Corporation note of same amount, said obligation being incurred in 1912 for the purpose of rebuilding and strengthening retaining walls and other stone work at Cemetery.

5—To see if the Proprietors will authorize the Trustees to direct the Treasurer to withdraw from the Reserve Fund a sum of money annually, to be expended under direction of the Trustees for the purpose of relaying, renewing, extending and improving the water service at the Cemetery.

6—To transact any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

CHARLES L. KNAPP,
Clerk of Corporation.
Lowell, Mass., February 14, 1913.

BRIGHT BOY, 16 TO 18 YEARS OF age, wanted to learn soda business. Apply manager, Liggett's Hall & Lyon store.

Wise People

Don't take chances with doubtful medicines of unknown composition. Dr. Pierce lets people know exactly what his medicines are made of.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood.

It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men and women strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgment.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medicinal roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs.

Sold by dealers in medicines in liquid or tablet form. Send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery Tablets.

Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during the past 40 years right in your own neighborhood.

Address Invalids' Hotel, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President
663 Main Street, Buffalo, N.Y.

Mrs. Maggie Saner, No. 448 Western Ave., Chillicothe, Ohio, says: "I was troubled with an affection peculiar to women, and had doctors treat me but received only slight relief. Could not do my work without suffering. I applied to Dr. Pierce and took two bottles of his 'Favorite Prescription' and one of his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and thanks to these medicines, I am now cured. Can do my work, and I am a happy woman."

PRICE COMES DOWN A PEG

Reduction in Cost of Coal Began Today

In spite of the fact that the winter thus far has been an exceedingly mild one, the long suffering providers for families will doubtless be glad to learn that today sees a very substantial reduction in the price of coal, according to the testimony of local dealers. This is not because of the drawing up of the summer schedule of prices but is a real reduction in the rates which not long ago went soaring skyward to grin derisively down upon a great many prospective purchasers.

In all varieties of coal except stove coal there has been a reduction of 50 cents per ton and in stove coal, the reduction has been $1.00 per ton. The price of egg, stove and nut coal now is $8.50 per ton.

It is true that the winter has been a mild one but this does not alter the fact that coal has been burned and will continue to be burned for some weeks yet. The reason given for this reduction is that the big wholesalers are becoming more generous in their shipments and the mildness of the winter is also ascribed as a cause. Because of the lack of really lasting cold weather, the sale of coal has been smaller and it was in all probability this fact that caused the large shippers to sit up and take notice.

Up to this time, so far as we can learn, no one has entered a protest against this reduction nor requested a return to the former high rate.

Arbutus Girls

The Arbutus Girls were pleasantly entertained by the matron of their club, Mrs. John McShea, on Thursday evening at her home on Mammoth road. Mrs. McShea was assisted by her sisters, the Misses Conneran.

Prizes were awarded in the several games and refreshments served. The table was prettily decorated in pink and white. Each guest received a favor.

The program was as follows: Piano solos by the Misses Winnifred Connerran, Cecile Clevette, and Susie Gorman; readings by the Misses Alice Gleason, Gladys MacKenney, Mary Gorman and Mrs. McShea; vocal selections by Mr. and Mrs. John McShea, Inez MacKenney, Mildred Clevette, Theresa Carroll, Rose Bennett and Master John McShea.

The party broke up at a late hour, each pronouncing the event a great success.

Divorce From U. S. Senator

PORTLAND, Ore., March 1.—Without definite intention of beginning divorce proceedings against her husband, United States Senator Jonathan Bourne, Jr., but admitting that the possibility of such action is under consideration Mrs. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., arrived in Portland last night. Mrs Bourne left Washington, D. C., last Monday. She declared she had formed no plans.

Card of Thanks

We wish in this way to express our sincere thanks and gratitude to friends and neighbors for the many kindnesses and the sympathy shown to us in our recent bereavement, especially those in charge where the deceased was employed also the many floral tributes received in memory of our beloved one.

Frederick Forrester
Alfred Forester
Geo. Campbell
Mrs. Geo. Campbell

ANNOUNCEMENT

Lowell, Mass., March 1, 1913

Frederic A. Fisher, Frederick P. Marble, Edward Fisher, and Charles L. Hildreth announce the removal of their law offices to the 8th floor of The New Sun Building, Merrimack Square. Elevator service. Telephone.

PROGRESSIVES ORGANIZE

Charles H. Hobson Goes Over to Moosers

WARD COMMITTEES CHOSEN LAST NIGHT

Plans for Future Quarters and General Activity Adopted at New American Last Night

In answer to letters sent out from headquarters in Boston to all the enrolled progressives in Lowell a large and enthusiastic gathering of representative members of the progressive party convened last night at the New American hotel and formed a permanent city organization. Mr. Leonard Martin appeared as the representative of the party's state committee.

Without delay the meeting got down to business, Mr. Martin explained the object of the meeting and advised the election of temporary officers. William N. Osgood, Esq., was chosen as temporary chairman and Mr. Martin temporary secretary.

The real business of the meeting was the selection of ward committees and a nominating committee was elected to offer three names from each ward to serve on this committee. These names were unanimously chosen and are as follows: Ward 1, Cecil P. Dodge, James Stuart Murphy and Samuel Worth; ward 2, Ashley A. Welcome, Oscar Grant and Louis Marchand; ward 3, William N. Osgood, Robert C. Paradis and A. S. Goldman; ward 4, John J. Delaney, Joseph T. McGirr and B. A. Kenny; ward 5, Alfred Davis, Theodore Scott and Hugh McQuade; ward 6, Dr. J. E. Lamoureux, J. W. Johnson and Pierre A. Brousseau; ward 7, W. T. S. Bartlett, T. J. Goyette and Dr. A. J. Gagnon; ward 8, A. A. Byam, Dr. G. F. Martin and W. R. Kennedy; ward 9, C. Campbell McDonald, Richard Sykes and Charles H. Hobson.

After the election of the ward committees was gotton out of the way the members of this committee proceeded to elect its officers in open session. Mr. Charles H. Hobson was chosen by a unanimous vote for the chairman of the organization, with A. S. Goldman as secretary and Alfred Davis as treasurer, John J. Delaney and Dr. J. E. Lamoureux were elected vice-chairmen of the committee.

It was decided to provide a permanent home for the Lowell progressives and an executive committee composed of the various officers was appointed to make all the necessary arrangements for a suitable location. The remainder of the business was voted to be held over until the next meeting of the committee.

After the business meeting had been adjourned talks on the present political situation were given by several of those in attendance. Especially was the typical discourse of Honest Dan Cosgrove, the party's candidate for lieutenant-governor last fall, appreciated, as his summing up of the local situation in politics was very instructive to every one present. James Stuart Murphy and Arnold A. Byam gave interesting side lights on the subjects under discussion.

SEEKS $15,000 DAMAGES

Edward J. Bridgett Sues New Haven Road in Providence for Injuries in Westport Wreck.

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—Another echo of the Westport wreck on the New Haven road October 3, 1912, was heard yesterday in the form of a suit in the superior court by Edward J. Bridgett of Wallingford, Conn., against the railroad. The plaintiff sets forth that he was a mail clerk working in one of the cars attached to the train which jumped a crossover and was wrecked near Westport. He says that as a result of the accident he was premanently injured. He want $15,000 damages.

WILLIAM H. SAUNDERS
Undertaker and Embalmer
12 HURD STREET
Complete equipment for city and out-of-town service.
TELEPHONE 2207-1

LOWELL MAN ATTENDED

A.J. Wickie at Springfield Meeting

Mr. Albert J. Wickie, the popular physical director at the Y. M. C. A., attended the meeting of the Physical Directors' society held at Springfield college this week. There were over sixty directors representing that many different associations throughout Massachusetts, Rhode Island and New York gathered and they listened to lectures by several of the directors as well as other speakers. Mr. Wickie was in Springfield two days and he was very much interested in this work, especially the demonstrations given by the physical directors of other societies.

On next Saturday afternoon the basketball team representing the local Y. M. C. A. will meet a team from the Y. M. C. A. of Haverhill. Owing to the nearness of the two cities great rivalry exists between the teams and a hot contest is expected.

The employed boys will hold a Bible class meeting and supper in the Y. M. C. A. hall this evening at 6.30 o'clock.

Mayor Scanlon to Come

Chief Marshal McMannon has received word from Mayor Michael J. Scanlon of Lawrence, that he will come to Lowell on March 29th and participate in the great parade.

Five Americans on Team

OXFORD, England, March 1.—Five American Rhodes scholars are included in the team selected to represent Oxford in the annual track meet with Cambridge on March 15. They are: William Zeigler of Iowa, H. R. Stolz of Leland Stanford, R. L. Lange of Oklahoma, B. P. Hubbel of Chicago and P. J. McCormick of Chicago.

Best Known Cough Remedy

For forty-three years Dr. King's New Discovery has been known throughout the world as the most reliable cough remedy. Over three million bottles were used last year. Isn't this proof? It will get rid of your cough, or we will refund your money. J. J. Owens, of Allendale, S. C., writes the way hundreds of others have done: "After twenty years, I find that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best remedy for coughs and colds that I have ever used." For coughs or colds and all throat and lung troubles, it has no equal. 50c and $1.00 at A. W. Dows & Co.

F. W. CRAGIN & CO.
Lowell, Mass.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cabinet Work of All Kinds to Order
Stores and offices fitted up. Wood turning, jobbing and repairing. Old furniture repaired and finished. New furniture made to order.
46 Fletcher Street Telephone

By Actual Results the World Over, the Worth of the
Standard Cyphers
INCUBATORS
—AND—
BROODERS
Has been proven year after year, to the profit and satisfaction of successful poultrymen. Why not be a winner?
BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central Street.

DEATHS

ARIAGNO—Rena Ariagno, child of Battista and Maria Ariagno, of 50 Elm street, died yesterday afternoon at the home of her parents, aged one year and three months.

HANSEN—Mrs. Mary Hansen died today at the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Carr, 49 Tolman avenue. She leaves besides her husband, Peter, of this city, a mother and two brothers, Patrick and Luke, in Ireland.

McNULTY—Miss Alice G. McNulty, of 57 Ware street, a popular young woman of this city and well known in St. Peter's parish, died yesterday at her home, aged 24 years. She had been employed at the Heinze Electric Co. and made many friends there as well as in social circles. She leaves, besides her father, Patrick, and her stepmother, Mrs. Mary McNulty, a sister, Miss Nellie McNulty, and two brothers, William and Joseph.

ANDREWS—Mrs. Charles Andrews died yesterday at her home, 413 Walker street, aged 65 years. She leaves two sisters, Mrs. Mary S. Ward and Mrs. Jennie S. Bean, both of this city.

FRATUS—Anthony Fratus, infant son of Victor and Rosa Fratus, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 272 Lakeview avenue, aged one month.

FOSTER—Charles W. Foster, formerly of this city, died yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, Miss Edna A. Foster, 1267 Commonwealth avenue, Gloucester, with whom she was spending the winter, aged 82 years. He leaves, besides his wife, Sarah, two daughters, Mrs. Charles H. Hobson of this city, and Miss Edna A. Foster, an associate editor of the Youth's Companion, at whose home he died, and two sons, Frank E., of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Perle R., who lived with his parents in Bayview, Gloucester.

ANDREWS—Died, Feb. 28, in this city, Mrs. Elizabeth Andrews, aged 65 years, at her home, 413 Walker street. She is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Mary S. Wood and Mrs. Jennie S. Bean, both of this city. Funeral services will be held at 413 Walker street, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

FUNERALS

SYMMS—The funeral services of Ethel Lewis, daughter of William and Lucy Symms, were held yesterday afternoon at the home of her parents in East Billerica. Rev. J. Harold Dale officiating. There were many flowers received. The bearers were Messrs. John, Clifford and Arthur Symms and Clifford Lawrence. The burial was in the family lot in the Tewksbury cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Mr. Dale. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker John A. Weinbeck.

KINNEY—The funeral of Ariel Kinney took place from his home, 18 Bleachery street, yesterday afternoon. Private services, owing to sickness in the family, were conducted by Rev. E. Victor Bigelow, formerly pastor of the Eliot Congregational church, but now of the South Congregational church of Andover. The bearers were Messrs. Burton A. Kinney, Arno L. Kinney, his sons, J. T. Rexford and August Anderson. Rev. Mr. Bigelow read the committal services at the grave, and the burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery, in charge of Undertakers J. E. Currier Co.

CAVERNO—The funeral of Sarah W. Caverno took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 345 Wilder street. The services were conducted by Rev. Clarence R. Skinner, pastor of the Grace Universalist church. Burial was in the family lot in Westlawn cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

ARIAGNO—The funeral of Rena Ariagno, child of Mr. Battista and Mrs. Maria Ariagno, took place from the home of her parents, 60 Elm street, this morning at 9 o'clock. Burial took place in the Edson cemetery. Owing to the nature of the disease the burial was private. Undertaker George B. McKenna was in charge.

DONOHOE—The funeral of Mr. Edward Donohoe took place this morning at 8.15 o'clock from his late home, 4 Cross street avenue, and was largely attended. A funeral high mass was celebrated in the Sacred Heart church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. McDermott, O. M. I. The Gregorian chant was sung by the choir and the organist was Mr. John Kelly. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Rev. Fr. McDermott read the burial service. The bearers were Messrs. John Whitney, Thomas Higgins, Walter Stacey and Alfred Grant. Among the floral offerings were the following: Large pillow inscribed "Husband" from his wife, sheaf of wheat from his son, spray of pinks from Mrs. John Whitney and spray of pinks from Mrs. Walter Stacey. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker Charles H. Molloy.

FUNERAL NOTICES

McNULTY—The funeral of Miss Alice McNulty will take place Monday morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 57 Ware street. A funeral high mass will be celebrated in St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral in charge of C. H. Molloy.

HANSEN—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Hansen will take place on Monday morning at 8.15 from the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Carr, 49 Tolman avenue. High mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Columba's church at 9 o'clock. The burial will be in charge of Undertaker Savage.

GALLAGHER—In this city, Feb. 28, at 87 Chesnut street, Miss Susan Gallagher, aged 87 years. Funeral will take place on Monday morning at 8 o'clock from her late home 57 Chesnut street. Funeral mass of requiem will be sung at the Immaculate Conception church. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons.

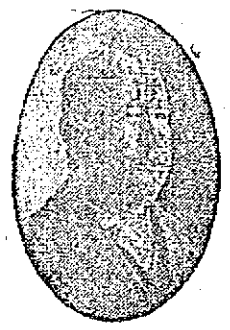
SINGER DIED SUDDENLY

Miss Hubbard Burst Artery While Singing

GREENWICH, Conn., March 1.—Miss Lulu Hubbard, a contralto soloist, who burst an artery while singing at the Stamford Methodist church, recently, died suddenly of rheumatism of the heart today. At the time of the injury Miss Hubbard was vocalizing a high note. Medical attention failed to stop the bleeding and Miss Hubbard had nervous prostration due to fear that she never again would sing. Miss Hubbard had also sung in the Congregational and Baptist churches in Stamford. Although only in her 26th year she had been singing in public for ten years and a musical career had been her ambition.

Steamer Adrift

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The steamer Everett with a tow is reported adrift 100 miles west of the Tortugas. The revenue cutter Miami has gone to her assistance.



CALL FOR HARKIN'S
SOCIAL TEN
ALL DEALERS—10 CENTS
No wonder that every judge of a good cigar asks for a Harkin's Social Ten, as it leads all others. For sale by all dealers. Try one and you will smoke no other.

BASEBALL AND FIELD SPORTS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF AND ATHLETICS

Live Bits of Sport

The Pacific coast will be minus its big football game next fall unless the University of California and Stanford university get together and patch up their differences before that time. This has always proved the biggest gridiron attraction of that section and if the game is discontinued there will be great disappointment among the lovers of the pigskin sport.

Drew came through last night true to form and beat out his old rival, Rice, at the New England championships in the 40 yard dash. Drew showed his fastest starting style that he has possessed this season. Drew's time, however, was not remarkably fast the final heat being won in 4 4-5 seconds. The B. A. A. runners cleaned up the majority of the events on the program.

Eddie Marceau, running the mile and winner of the 1000 yard run at last night's meet is fast becoming as good if not better than his older brother, Frantz is running on the Dartmouth two mile relay team which meets the B. A. A. today in a special race at the schoolboy meet. Both brothers are sure point winners in any meet in which they compete.

Alger and Gallant show altogether different style in their methods of offence as well as defense. Alger's main standby is a straight left hand jab with which he continually ruffles up an opponent's face. Gallant, on the other hand, dearly loves to get inside and make a drumhead out of the other's ribs. These two men put up a very clever exhibition of their respective styles in their encounter at the local club last night.

"Rube" Marquard has evidently got enlargement of the cranium again. He still declares that he has retired from baseball for all time. The New York twirler goes on to say that if it had not been for his services the Giants would have been in "Dutch" last year. "Rube" does not stop to think that if it had not been for the New York Nationals' manager he would probably never have been half the pitcher that he is today. And yet this same player throws out the remark that McGraw would be a misht without his (Marquard's) heaving arm, all of which must be very amusing to "Muggsy."

The high school athletes who competed in the B. A. A. schoolboy games this afternoon at Mechanics' hall, Boston, left on the 12.13 train for the Hub. The relay team composed of Captain Bailey, Carter, Haggerty, Bowers and Trull as well as Eddie Cawley were the men chosen for competition at the big meet. Carroll Libbee, the diminutive dash man of the team was booked for the 40 yard yard dash but has been forced out on account of sickness. Cawley is entered in the 16 lb. shotput and will be up against the best schoolboy heavers in New England.

Representative Hilton of Chicago is the kind of man whose influence is always sure to help whatever he tries to boost. Just now this politician is attempting to put over a new boxing commission on the Illinois legislature and has invited Packey McFarland to box an exhibition four round affair with him before his brother members of the house as well as the senate. If the proposed law is passed Hilton will in all probability be handed passes to every boxing club in the state.

With the early season games arranged and the schedule properly drawn up the baseball season does not seem so far away. The first league holiday, May 30, Lowell will be home in the morning with Lawrence as an opponent and will play the same team on the latter's grounds in the afternoon. Haverhill and Portland have received special permission to play two games at Portland on April 19th. This should be a good start for a successful season for Duffy's team.

THE RANKS OF THE HOLDOUT BRIGADE IN BASEBALL ARE RAPIDLY DIMINISHING

CHICAGO, March 1.—The baseball holdout brigade is gradually diminishing. A few weeks ago there were at least twenty-five stars who declared they would not play this season for some reason or another. At the present writing the former list has been cut in half and will be smaller within the next two weeks. Some owners have given in to their men, while some players could not resist the lure of the diamond. Among the most prominent holdouts at present are Jimmy Archer of the Chicago Cubs, Ed Konetchy of the St. Louis Cardinals, Jack Miller and Bobby Byrne of the Pittsburgh Nationals, Sam Crawford, Ed Stanage and Jean Dubuc of the Detroit Americans and Rube Marquard of the New York Nationals. Ty Cobb is also a holdout, but the chances are that President Navin of the Detroit club will give him the salary asked for. Navin cannot figure why he should increase the pay of Crawford Stanage or Dubuc when his team finished far down in the race last season. These players, however, pretend to be just as much in earnest as their employer, so that it may be some time before their differences are straightened out. Archer says he will not play unless President Murphy gives him $10,000 for the season. In view of the fact that the Cubs have Bresnahan to do the catching, it looks as if Archer will not get what he asks for. Konetchy demands $7,500, but Manager Huggins says he is willing to give "Big Ed" $6,000. It is likely that he will accept the terms offered by Huggins. Miller is asking for an increase of $300 over last year and Byrne the same. President Dreyfuss declared he will not give in. Now it's up to the players to sign or quit for the season. It is probable that by the time the season rolls around all the aforementioned stars will be handling the pill for their respective teams.

GALLANT AND ALGER IN FAST BOUT

Boxed 12 Rounds to a Draw at Local Club Last Night—Morgan Won From Riley

The members of the Lowell Social and Athletic club who were present at the weekly meeting of the organization last night witnessed a twelve-round draw between Gilbert Gallant and George Alger. Public opinion before the bout seemed to lean toward Gallant as the probable winner but Alger showed up with the left hand even in better jabbing shape than usual, and that is saying much.

In the early rounds Alger jabbed Gallant's face and head with great regularity and force and succeeded in escaping a return by his fast footwork. Gallant kept following him, however, and worked both hands with great effect to the kidneys and stomach in the clinches. Gallant's superior strength also was a telling factor in all the infighting and he kept his opponent busy holding on whenever the two engaged in any close work.

As the fight progressed Gallant began to show to better advantage and developed a feint and duck that forced Alger to miss many of his left hand leads. Alger also showed the boy from Chelsea a new wrinkle when in the fifth round he opened up with a left lead to the stomach instead of the usual jab to the jaw that he had been using.

On several occasions during the latter portion of the contest the only thing that saved Alger was his cleverness in ducking, fast footwork and all around ring generalship. Although the Chelsea fighter was the stronger of the two at the end of the twelfth session and showed more fighting power in respect for the other's cleverness a draw was the only decision that Referee Joe Thomas could conscientiously give. The decision was highly popular.

The semi-final between Young Morgan of Manchester and Barney Riley of Boston proved a good go for a while. The Boston fighter packed a wallop but he also had a telegraphic communication for same which the other boy found out very shortly. Whenever Morgan saw Riley reach in back of him he immediately either stepped out of range or walked in and jabbed or crossed him before Barney could get his swing started. This occurred so many times as the fight progressed that the Boston boy began to show marked signs of weariness and after a particularly bad time in the last period the bout was awarded to the Manchester lad.

Finney Boyle continued his winning streak at the expense of Young Martin in the first prelim. This youngster can certainly hit with both hands and has assimilated a lot of cleverness since his last local appearance. The bout was stopped in the second round after Young Martin's second had thrown in the sponge.

Two boys from Cambridge were the principals in the second prelim and what they knew about boxing would not fill a Carnegie library. From a ludicrous point of view the bout was a complete success. This affair was cut short in the second period when Comey, the larger of the two, put Valley down for the count.

It was announced that the main bout next week will be furnished by Johnny Dohan of New York and Young McDonough of Manchester.

Automobiles and the High School

The automobile industry needs skilled workers, and boys who are interested in being skilled automobile workers need the high school. That's the basis of the school and shop plan now in effect in Lansing, Mich., as reported to the United States Bureau of Education. In Lansing the high school and the automobile industries of the city cooperate in educating boys who wish to go beyond the eighth grade in school but need something different from the usual academic curriculum.

Boys in the industrial-cooperative course spend the first year wholly in school. After that they divide their time equally between school and shop, working one week at school and the next week in the automobile or gas-engine shop, or wherever they are employed. Thus the present beginning class of twenty, when they finish the preliminary year this June, will go to work as apprentices in leading manufacturing plants. They will have two weeks' vacation during the summer, and in the fall they will begin the weekly alternating plan. They are paid for their work, of course.

"The object of the plan, according to Superintendent Cummings, who inaugurated it after observing the work at Fitchburg, Mass., is not only to provide a rational course of study for pupils who desire specific preparation for a trade, but also to serve a purpose in the performance of the school's duty to the industries and to society."

The instructor in charge of the industrial-cooperative course is an admirable example of the new kind of schoolman required for vocational education. He is well educated, but at the same time he is a man of practical training and experience. Not only did he serve at his trade for several years, but he has had experience in teaching as well. It is not often that the schools can avail themselves of vocational instructors of this double qualification, and in this respect Lansing is considered particularly fortunate.

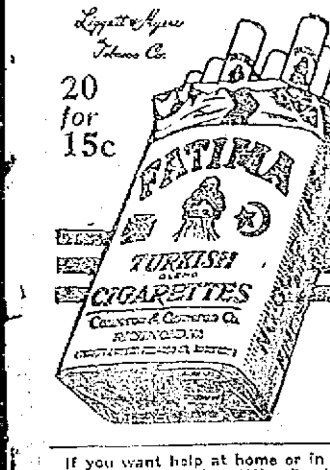
The work is already proving its importance, in the opinion of two boys, who, after having made abject failures of the regular high-school work the year before, are successful leaders in the work of the industrial department.

Buy your jewelry at the big sale, 155 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

A "Distinctively Individual" smoke—

FATIMA
TURKISH BLEND
CIGARETTES

Pure, good tobaccos—selected as you would select a gift for a friend. Simple package—20 cigarettes, of which more are sold than any other in this country.



If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR YEAR

Continued

for automobiles purchased last year.

The handling of the annual budget this year is the quickest on record. Yesterday afternoon all of the department appropriations were voted and this forenoon the sub-division apportionments were made in less than an hour. The total appropriations made yesterday are shown in the table and the sub-divisions in the running story of today's meeting.

Mayor O'Donnell called to order at 10.40 o'clock and the first business before the board was the consideration of Ald. Cummings' $6,000 order for the completion of the comfort station. Mr. Cummings explained that a great deal more ledge had been encountered than was expected and considerable detail that was not anticipated in the beginning, including waterproofing and leveling.

The mayor moved that his department be allowed the sum of $4900. The motion was seconded and Ald. Brown said that there should be an ordinance creating the office of secretary to the mayor. The mayor, in reply, stated that heads of departments had the right to hire their assistants. The following sub-divisions of appropriations made yesterday were voted:

Public safety department—Board of health—outdoor relief, $33,000; hospital, $50,000; fish warden, $100; health department office, $17,130; health department yard, $50,540; milk inspector, $2,532; law department, $5,000; poundkeeper, $5; police department, $163,000; soldiers' benefit fund, $40,000; school inspection, $500; inspector of animals, $510; department of insurance, $4500; department of smoke inspector, $400. That concluded the sub-divisions of the mayor's department, the total appropriation voted yesterday being $372,417.00.

Department of Finance

The total appropriation allowed yesterday was $57,700. Alderman Brown said that was considerably less than last year and he produced figures that he had had prepared in Mr. Donnelly's office. He said the actual expense of the department last year was $61,781.76 and if he were obliged to do with the appropriation given him yesterday he would have to lay off clerks. The subdivisions were made as follows, Mr. Brown voting "no":

Auditor's department, $6,000; assessors' department, $14,500; treasurer's department, $11,500; city clerk, $7,300; department of elections, $8,000; registrar of voters, $4,000; supply department, $6,200; tax refunds, $200.

The Ugly Word Passed

Ald. Brown had made a statement relative to the fire department appropriation and sent to the auditor's office for figures.

"I want to call attention," he said, "to the fact that the sum of $174,373.13 was expended by the fire department in 1912 and that $187,000 was allowed that department this year."

"Now," said Mr. Brown, "if the council wants money to help out the financial department all that it has to do is to call on the fire department." He said the original appropriation for 1912 was $191,755.00, and Ald. Barrett said that the difference between $174,373.13 and $190,755.00 was set aside for the purchase of automobiles for the fire department. "That does not answer my statement," said Mr. Brown. "I say that the actual expense of the fire department last year was $174,373.13 and —"

"That is a lie," said Mr. Barrett.

"You are a poor kind of gentleman as a member of the council to use that language," said Mr. Brown.

"I repeat that it is an absolute falsehood," said Ald. Barrett.

Mr. Brown had said that all departments but the department of finance seemed to have been so supplied as to satisfy the heads of those departments, and Mayor O'Donnell took him to task for the statement. "I am not satisfied," said the mayor, "but I am satisfied to make the best of a bad job."

After this little flurry the council resumed its work on subdivisions and the department of streets and highways was taken up.

Streets and Highways

The street department yesterday was allowed $252,000 and the following subdivisions were made today: Street department, $140,000; street watering department, $115,000; street lighting $100,000; sewer maintenance, $18,000; engineering department, $15,000."

Water Works and Fire Department

Alderman Barrett moved that the sum of $187,000 be allowed the fire department and that the receipts of the water department be allowed that department for its expenses. It was so voted.

Public Buildings and Licenses

Alderman Cummings moved that the sum of $21,000 be the sum apportioned for public buildings and it was so voted. Twenty-one thousand dollars was voted for school houses; for messenger's department, $18,000; $8500 for moth extermination; rifle range, $1000; sealer of weights and measures, $2300; official weigher, $810; inspection of wires, $2500; $12,000 for parks; $800 for care of trees; $1000 for playgrounds; $4000 for license commission; $35,900 to be apportioned for payment of state's share of the liquor licenses. Mr. Cummings' total appropriation was $128,810.

This completed the sub-division work and Mr. Barrett moved that the council have a call of the roll on the entire apportionment. It was so voted.

At 11.45 the council adjourned to 2 p. m. Tuesday.

YESTERDAY'S MEETING

Of the Municipal Council—Appropriations Voted—Lighting Contract Adopted

At the call of Mayor O'Donnell the members of the municipal council met in special session yesterday afternoon for the purpose of settling the appropriation question and other matters of importance that have been before the council for some time. Despite the fact that the meeting did not last much longer than an hour and a quarter, all this business and considerable other was gone through. The appropriations for each and all departments were voted, and the lighting contract which was published in The Sun some time ago was accepted.

The total amount voted this year for the maintenance of all departments is $1,443,327, as against $1,485,291.05 last year, which makes a difference of $41,314.05 less than last year.

In the course of the meeting it was also announced by Commissioner Barrett that beginning today a reduction of 20 per cent on the water rates would go into effect.

The meeting was called to order by Mayor O'Donnell at 3.10 o'clock with all members present. In opening the mayor explained that he called the meeting for the purpose of taking definite action on the budget. At this point Mr. Brown called attention to section 31 of the finance ordinance of the city charter, which stated that the estimates shall be referred to the auditor and be verified and printed for the members of the council. Mayor O'Donnell said that the estimates had been referred to the auditor and had been verified but not printed, this to come later.

The Appropriations

Mr. Barrett made a motion that the appropriation for the department of public safety for the present year be $372,417. Mr. Cummings seconded and the motion was adopted despite the fact that Mr. Brown said he was opposed to this method of making out the appropriations, as he wanted a certain sum voted for each department. Mr. Barrett explained that the amounts appropriated would be practically the same as last year, and in some instances less than in 1912. He said the department of public safety asked for a few thousand more in order to take care of the 25 cents a day increase for patrolmen of the police department. Mr. Brown voted against the motion and gave notice of reconsideration.

It was moved by Mr. Cummings that the sum of $128,810 be voted for the department of public buildings. He said he was asking for about $8000 less this year for the fact that in all probability the money earned by the public cemeteries department will wholly be applied to the maintenance of said department. This motion was again opposed by Mr. Brown, but the other four commissioners voted for and it was passed.

Mr. Barrett moved that the sum of $187,000 be appropriated for the fire department. He said this was a reduction of about $5000 from the amount voted last year which was $191,755. In presenting his motion the commissioner said this was the first time in the history of the city that the fire department has asked less money than in the preceding year. He said he has two petitions for fire houses, one from the Oaklands and another from Branch street, but he believes these new houses will not be needed now, inasmuch as the automobile apparatus can do the work and in quicker time than if there were stations at the aforementioned places.

Alderman Barrett Resents

Mr. Brown said that the expenses of the fire department last year were $174,373.13, and if $187,000 is voted this year it means a decided increase.

"Commissioner Barrett's statement is correct in every detail," said Mayor O'Donnell.

"This statement is false and malicious," said Mr. Barrett, referring to Mr. Brown's statement, "for the appropriation for the fire department last year was $191,755, and the expenditures for the year included the cost of three combination fire automobiles, and you, Mr. Brown, have agreed to the purchase of two of those cars. The three machines which were selected with the approval of the council will be paid for out of last year's appropriation for the fire department."

The motion was carried, the vote being four to one, Mr. Brown voting against. He gave notice of reconsideration.

On motion of Mr. Barrett it was voted that the receipts of the water department would be utilized for the maintenance of the said department, to which Mr. Brown again dissented, as he wanted a specific sum appropriated for this work. Mr. Barrett said the ordinances and the charter state that the revenues of the water department must be applied to that department and to that wholly.

"Have you considered these appropriations in your office " asked Mr. Brown of the mayor.

"Yes, for a month past," was the reply.

"Has the public or press been invited?" asked Mr. Brown.

"Nobody has been invited to attend," replied the mayor.

The motion was put and carried and Mr. Brown gave a notice of reconsideration.

Water Dept. Rates

Mr. Barrett stated that the meter year in the water department opens on March 1, and he asked permission to reduce the rates 20 per cent. instead of 10 per cent. as it was announced some time ago. On motion of Mr. Cummings this was voted.

Mr. Donnelly moved that the sum of $282,000 be appropriated for the street and highways department. Mr. Brown did not favor this because he thought this would not be enough to carry the department through the year, as the appropriation last year was for the same department $286,500. The motion was carried.

Lighting Contract

The following motion in writing was presented by Mr. Donnelly:

That the commissioner of streets and highways be, and hereby is, authorized and requested to make, on behalf of the city, a street lighting contract, with the Lowell Electric Light corporation, for 710 alternating current, series enclosed, arc lamps, the same to be furnished for not less than six years, at the prices and agreeable to the terms and conditions expressed in the draft contract now on file in said "Street lighting contract as proposed February, 1913."

Mr. Cummings seconded and the motion was unanimously passed.

Mr. Barrett moved that the sum of $57,700 be voted for the department of finance and this was passed, Mr. Brown who is at the head of this department voting against. He gave notice of reconsideration.

On motion of Mr. Cummings the sum of $285,000 was voted for the school department. Mr. Brown was again on his feet to oppose this motion saying that last year the same sum was appropriated and before the year was over the council was forced to borrow $35,000 more. Mr. Cummings said if more money is given to schools it will have to be borrowed. The motion was carried and a notice of reconsideration was given by Mr. Brown.

For the Library

The question of the public library was next brought to the attention of the council by Mayor O'Donnell, who said the trustees of the library have asked for an appropriation of $18,000. But he said that although in favor of giving them what they want as he knows it is badly needed, he feels that the council cannot afford more than was given last year, that is $14,500 and this was voted.

Twenty-five hundred dollars was voted for the commissioners' fund, and $10,000 was voted for the commissioners' salaries. It was voted to appropriate $1000 for the Labor day celebration and $1000 for the Fourth of July celebration; $700 for band concerts and $1350 for Memorial day, $1000 for the G. A. R. and $350 for the Spanish War Veterans.

Erection of Poles

Mayor O'Donnell brought up the matter of making an amendment to the city ordinance which provides that the public service corporations pay certain fees for the erection of poles and wire attachments. He said that he and Commissioner Donnelly had held several conferences with some of the officials of the corporations and the result was that the companies had made a concession to the effect that they would contribute between $450 and $500 each year to the support of the wire inspection department. The mayor moved that the city solicitor be authorized to draw an amendment to the compensatory fee ordinance, making it possible to alter conditions. It was so voted.

Alexander Jancovitch, through his attorney George F. Toye, entered a claim for damages to his property in Central street, caused by the breaking of a water main. It was referred to the legal department.

Timothy Driscoll entered a claim for damages caused by a fall on a sidewalk, Jan. 27th, last. Referred to the legal department.

John F. Noyes entered a claim for damages to himself and property. Referred to the legal department.

M. S. Feindel asked permission to keep, store, use and sell gasoline. A hearing was set for March 18.

A communication was received from the Lowell board of trade, asking that Nichols and Smith streets, from Branch and Westford streets, be made one-way streets. It was referred to the highways department.

A communication from the Lowell board of trade was read, asking that the land in the rear of the police station in Market street be put in proper condition and used as a space for the parking of automobiles. Referred to the commissioner of public property.

The Patterson Rubber company asked permission to store 6000 gallons of naphtha and 6000 gallons of benzine. A hearing was set for this petition for March 25th.

Alden F. Ilsley asked that the council take action on a bill of $55.50 against the city, claiming that this amount is due him for the time he was laid off from his work. Referred to the legal department.

Mayor O'Donnell brought up the matter of the contagious hospital, and said that it was the consensus of opinion of the members of the commission that some definite action should be taken relative to recommendations made by the majority membership last year, concerning the selection of a site near the Chelmsford street hospital.

Mr. Brown moved that the recommendation of the hospital commission favoring a site in front of the Chelmsford street hospital be accepted, and it was so voted.

Mr. Cummings moved that a ballot be taken for a member of the board of health. There was no second.

Adjourned at 4:52 p. m. to Saturday at 10 a. m.

NEW ENGLAND DATES

Schedule for Opening Week and Holiday Games as Arranged at Meeting of Baseball Men in Boston

The schedule for the opening week and the holidays in the New England baseball league was drawn up at a meeting of representatives of the various clubs held in Boston last night. The opening will be on Wednesday, April 30, with home games scheduled at Worcester, Lawrence, New Bedford and Lowell. Portland, which has a New England league franchise for the first time, will play at home on two holidays, Memorial day and the Fourth of July.

The league teams were represented at the meeting as follows: Lynn, E. B. Fraser; Lowell, James J. Gray; Lawrence, Louis P. Pieper; Haverhill, D. H. F. Clohecy; Brockton, J. W. McCue and J. W. Burns; Portland, Hugh Duffy; Worcester, J. J. O'Donnell and Jesse Burkett; New Bedford, Samuel Winsper.

The schedule for the opening week and holidays follows:

April 30 and May 1—Brockton at Worcester, Lynn at Lawrence, Haverhill at New Bedford, Portland at Lowell.

May 2-3—Brockton at New Bedford, Haverhill at Worcester, Portland at Lawrence, Lynn at Lowell.

May 5-6—Brockton at Lowell, Lawrence at Lynn, New Bedford at Haverhill, Portland at Worcester.

May 7—Worcester at Brockton, Portland at Lynn, New Bedford at Lowell, Haverhill at Lawrence.

May 8—Lowell at Portland, Worcester at Brockton, New Bedford at Lynn, Lawrence at Haverhill.

May 30—Morning—Lawrence at Lowell, Haverhill at Portland, Lynn at Worcester, Brockton at New Bedford; afternoon, Lowell at Lawrence, Haverhill at Portland, Worcester at Lynn, New Bedford at Brockton.

June 17, Morning—Worcester at Lynn; afternoon, Brockton at Lynn.

July 4, Morning—Worcester at Lowell, Lawrence at Haverhill, Brockton at Portland, New Bedford at Lynn; afternoon, Lowell at Worcester, Haverhill at Lawrence, Brockton at Portland, New Bedford at Lynn.

Sept. 1, Morning—Lowell at Lawrence, Lynn at Haverhill, Portland at Worcester, New Bedford at Brockton; afternoon, Lawrence at Lowell, Haverhill at Lynn, Portland at Worcester, Brockton at New Bedford.

Buy your jewelry at the big sale, 155 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

DIAMOND NOTES

With Ainsmith's health still a matter of conjecture and John Henry far from recovered from the operation upon his knee, it looks as if the bulk of the catching in Washington's early season games would fall upon Alva Williams.

When anybody drops a fly ball down at the Giants' training quarters at Marlin Springs, they call it "pulling a Snodgrass." All of which is rather tough on Fred, who is himself defendant in California with a $75,000 breach of promise suit upon his hands.

Manager Dooin has announced that he will not pay old Pat Moran a penny more than he was offered in his contract. If Moran doesn't like those figures Dooin is perfectly willing to trade the veteran to Cincinnati.

Harry Ordway, an East Boston boy and last season with the Chillicothe team of the Ohio State league, has received a contract from the Worcester club and will doubtless sign with the Busters for the coming season. Ordway broke into New England league baseball with Lowell, but broke a finger in the season's opening game, and being unable to play was promptly released. Ordway is an infielder, and Old War-Horse Burkett believes that he has the making of a capital player.

Christy Mathewson has been spending most of his time to date in handball and tennis, with checkers as his diversion in the evening. As yet he has done very little in the pitching line at Marlin Springs.

Elaborate accommodations have been provided for the players at Ebbetts Field, Brooklyn. The home team has five shower baths, and each man has a locker. The visitors, in separate quarters, have three showers and wire cages in which to lock their clothing and valuables. The floors and walls are of marble and slate, with electric lights and steam heat. From the dressing rooms runs a private lane, fenced in, leading to the covered benches, [illegible] that it will be impossible for the pl[illegible] ers to come in contact with the fa[illegible]

The University of Pittsburgh [illegible] pass a rule permitting its athl[illegible] play summer baseball provid[illegible] give up all other forms of [illegible] after Sept. 15, save that in w[illegible] will compete for the univer[illegible]

[illegible] ...uthor... pay to ...ey, not ...ssary to ...n at said ...tire jewelry ... Merrimack

B. F. Keith's

Five Selected Actors — David Higgins and Co. —IN A— Brilliant Comedy — Late Star of Piney Ridge

PAUL KLEIST & COMPANY
"THE LAND OF DREAMS."

WYER AND SHELDON
HE, FINE. SHE, GREAT.

RICE AND DORR'S

WATER CARNIVAL AND AQUATIC CIRCUS

Presenting all the Mysterious Wonders of the New York Hippodrome

Male and Female Swimmers and High Divers—Indian Log-Rolling Experts—Water Walkers—The High Diving Horse May—The Fisherman's Dog—Laughable Clowns.

NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER—"Or a Trip to the Bottom of the Sea." A marvelous and awe-inspiring feature—They disappear into the tank and are not seen by the audience again.

The Biggest and Costliest Act Ever Presented In Lowell

Week Mar. 3

DOROTHY RICHMOND & CO.
In "A MIDNIGHT MARRIAGE." Four High Class Players.

LEE AND PERRIN
SHE'S DANDY. HE'S FUNNY.

LEWIS AND DEMONT
He and She, Sing and Dance.

IRENE DELYS—She's Some Girl.

A MONEY TRUST DOES EXIST

And Powers Should be Curbed by Stringent Regulations, Says Money Trust Committee

WASHINGTON, March 1.—That a money trust does exist and that its powers should be curbed by stringent federal regulations as to the conduct of national banks, clearing houses, and stock exchanges were the findings of the house money trust committee set forth in the majority report of its investigations filed in the house late today.

Voluminous Document

The report, signed by Chairman Pujo and the six other democratic members of the sub-committee which conducted the money trust probe, is a voluminous document accompanied by two lengthy bills, one to regulate stock exchanges through forbidding the mails to exchanges which do not comply with federal regulations, and the other to regulate clearing house associations through forbidding national banks to join such associations unless federal regulations are observed. In the latter bill, proposed as an amendment to the national banking act, the conduct of national bank officers and directors is closely restricted.

The report as submitted to the house is largely the work of Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the committee, who composed the original draft of the report and who drew the bills presented. On the question of the existence of a money trust is the report specific and detailed.

Ridiculous Suggestion

"It would, of course, be absurd," said the report, "to suggest that control of the bulk of the widely distributed wealth of a great nation can be corralled by any set of men. If that is what is meant by gentlemen who deny the existence of a money trust, your committee agrees with them. Such a thing, of course, would be impossible and its suggestion is ridiculous. It is not, however, necessary that a group of men shall directly control the small savings in the banks nor the scattered resources of the country in order to monopolize the great financial transactions or to be able to dictate the credits that shall be extended or withheld from the more important and conspicuous enterprises. This is substantially what has been accomplished and fairly represents the existing condition."

Banker Can Handle Securities

The great bank or banker "with access to the mainsprings of the concentrated resources of other people's money," the report declares, can handle the vast issues of securities now demanded by the commercial and industrial development of the country. But the bank reserve system, it is further contended, concentrates a large part of the funds of the smaller banks in the only public money market of the country, New York, where a group of men there have strengthened their interest in the various banking institutions, the report says.

"If therefore, by a 'money trust' is meant 'an established and well defined identity and community of interest between a few leaders of finance which has been created and held together through stock holdings, interlocking directorates and other forms of domination over banks, trust companies, railroads, public service and industrial corporations and which has resulted in a vast and growing concentration of the control of money and credit in the hands of a comparatively few men,' your committee, as before stated, has no hesitation in asserting as the result of its investigation up to this time that the condition thus described exists in this country today.

Inter-state Corporations

"To say that the domination of this group over the money and credit of the country controlled by our largest financial institutions and that is available for financing large security issues for the current needs of our principal inter-state corporations and of the individuals conducting great enterprises and for stock exchange loans, is at least as effective, as for instance, is the control of the United States Steel corporation over the steel industry, is an under statement of the situation, although the methods by which this control is effected and held together are of course essentially different and of a more loose and intangible character."

Membership Outlined

Accepting this as the long sought "money trust," the committee outlined its membership as follows:

"The parties to this combination or understanding, or community of interest, by whatever name it may be called, may be conveniently classified, for the purpose of differentiation, into four separate groups.

"The first, which for convenience of statement we will call the inner group, consists of J. P. Morgan & Company, the recognized leaders, and George F. Baker and James Stillman in their individual capacities and in their joint administration and control of the First National bank, the National City bank, the National Bank of Commerce, the Chase National bank, the Guaranty Trust company and the Bankers' Trust company, with total known resources, in these corporations alone, in excess of $1,300,000,000, and of a number of smaller but important financial institutions. This takes no account of the personal fortunes of these gentlemen.

International Banking Houses

"Closely allied with this inner or primary group and indeed related to them practically as partners in many of their larger financial enterprises, are the powerful international banking houses of Lee, Higginson & Company, and Kidder, Peabody & Company, with three affiliated banks in Boston.

"In New York City the international banking house of Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb and Company, with its large foreign clientele and connections, whilst only qualifiedly allied with the inner group, yet through its close relations with the National City bank and the National bank of commerce and other financial institutions, with which it has recently allied itself, has many interests in common, conducting large joint account transactions with them, especially in recent years, and having what virtually amounts to an understanding not to compete, which is defended as a principle of 'banking ethics.' Together they have with a few exceptions preempted the banking business of the important railways of the country.

Inner Group Associates

"In Chicago this inner group associates with and makes issues of securities in joint account, or through underwriting participations primarily with the First National bank and the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, and has more or less friendly business relations with the Continental and Commerce National bank, which participates in the underwriting of security issues by the inner group. These are the three largest financial institutions in Chicago, with combined resources of $561,000,000.

"Radiating from these principal groups and closely affiliated with them are smaller but important banking houses such as Kissel, Kinnicut and Company, while Weld and Company and Harvey Fisk and Sons, who receive large and lucrative patronages from the dominating groups and are used by the latter as jobbers or distributors of securities the issuing of which they control, but which for reasons of their own they prefer not to have issued or distributed under their own names. Messrs. Lee, Higginson and Company, besides being partners with the inner group, are also frequently utilized in this service because of their facilities as distributors of securities.

Sale of Securities

"Beyond these inner groups and sub-groups are banks and bankers throughout the country who co-operate with them in underwriting or guaranteeing the sale of securities offered to the public and who also act as distributors of such securities.

"The patronage thus proceeding from the inner group and its sub-groups, is of great value to these banks and bankers, who are thus tied by self interest to the great issuing houses and may be regarded as a part of this vast financial organization."

Concluding its findings as to the existence of a money trust the committee said:

Fraught With Great Peril

"Your committee is convinced that however well founded may be the assurances of good intentions by those now holding the places of power which have been thus created, the situation is fraught with too great peril to our institutions to be tolerated."

Discussing the control of issues of securities by this so-called money trust, the report said:

"Through their power and domination over so many of the largest financial institutions, which, as buyers, underwriters, distributors, or investors, constitute the principal first outlets for security issues, the inner group and its allies have drawn to themselves practically the sole marketing of the issues of the greater railroad, producing and trading, and public utility corporations, which in consequence have no open market to which to appeal; and from this position of vantage, fortified by the control exerted by them through voting trusts, representation in directorates, stockholdings, fiscal agencies and other relations, they have been able in turn to direct the deposits and other patronage of such corporations to these same financial institutions, thereby strengthening the instruments through which they work."

Interlocking Directorates

The report condemned interlocking directorates and consolidations, and devoted considerable space to a statement showing the development of control through those agencies in New York institutions.

"It is manifestly improper," said the report, "and repugnant to the theory and practice of competition that the same person or members of the same firm shall undertake to act in such inconsistent capacities."

The report condemns the use of voting trusts in the control of financial institutions, and criticizes private bankers in the capacity of depositaries for interstate corporations.

Committee Recommendations

The recommendations of the committee, as set forth in the report, and as embraced in the bills accompanying the report urged the following reforms:

"Clearing house associations of which national banks are members, should be required to become bodies corporate of the states in which they are located and every solvent and properly managed bank or trust company should have the right, enforcable at law, to become and remain a member.

"Regular periodical examinations of members by a committee of the Clearing House association should be prohibited and instead all such examinations should be conducted by public authorities."

Government Supervision

The committee would give government supervision of clearing house certificates, and would prohibit the fixing of rates by clearing houses for the collection of out of town checks, discount or interest on deposits.

As to the New York stock exchange the committee recommended:

Prohibit Transmission

"That congress prohibit transmission by the mails or by telegraph or telephone from one state to another of orders to buy or sell or quotations or other information concerning transactions on any stock exchange, and also prohibit national banks from buying or selling or lending upon the security of stocks or bonds listed on any stock exchange, unless such exchange were a body corporate of the state or territory in which it is located.

"Require corporations whose securities it (the stock exchange) lists," the report continues, "To make a complete disclosure of their affairs, in particular any commission paid to promoters, middlemen or bankers, out of any such security interest or the proceeds thereof.

"Require a margin of not less than twenty per cent on all purchases of stock.

"Prohibit as far as possible the execution of simultaneous or substantially simultaneous orders proceeding from the same person or persons to buy and sell the same security for the purpose of creating an appearance of activity therein, and any orders, the purpose of which is to inflate or depress the price of any security.

"Prohibit members from pledging securities purchased and carried for a customer for an amount greater than the unpaid fortune of the purchase price, whether with or without the consent of such customer.

Prohibit Lending

"Prohibit members from lending to other members securities carried by the former for customers, whether with or without the customer's consent.

"State in its charter the conditions on which issues of securities shall be admitted or removed from the trading list, and provide for a judicial review of its action in this regard.

"Keep books of account, showing the actual names and transactions of customers and give access thereto to the postmaster general."

Among the recommendations for the restriction of national banks the committee set forth 22 regulations. These were:

Prohibition of Consolidation

The prohibition of the consolidation of two or more banks without the approval of the comptroller of the currency; prohibition of directors serving on the boards of more than one bank in the same community or locality; forbidding ownership of stock in one national by any other bank or trust company; forbidding voting trusts in the control of banks; providing for cumulative voting in the election of national bank directors; forbidding security holding companies as adjuncts to national banks; forbidding interstate corporations from constituting any banking establishment their sole fiscal agents; forbidding interstate corporations to deposit funds with "unsupervised, unregulated private bankers;" forbidding national banks engaging in underwriting syndicates; allowing national banks to invest 25 per cent. of their capital in state, city, county or corporation mortgage bonds, if the corporation issues have paid interest regularly for five years; reform of the system of railroad reorganization to conform with the scheme outlined in the British law which places reorganization under the control of the courts, giving the interstate commerce commission the power to supervise reorganization plans; placing railroad security issues under the control of the commission and providing for competitive bidding of such issues; forbidding officers of national banks from borrowing from their banks; providing for publicity for loans made by a director from his bank; forbidding national bank officers and directors for participating in underwriting syndicates; making it a crime for officers or directors to accept any compensation for loaning a bank's funds; limiting the number of directors of national banks to not less than five or more than 13; providing publicity for the assets and for the stockholding lists of national banks.

Control of Clearing Houses

The two bills presented by the committee deal with the national banks and with stock exchanges. The first embodies the committee's recommendation as to control of clearing houses, cumulative voting for directors, forbidding loans to aid in combinations to restrain trade; limiting the number of bank directors, regulating loans by national banks to officers and directors; forbidding interlocking directorates in banks and national banks or officers from participating in underwriting syndicates, and providing a fine of $5000 and imprisonment for two years for violations.

The second bill embodies all of the recommendations of the committee as to stock exchanges and fixes penalties for violation.

BILL IS OVERRIDDEN

Senate Repasses Liquor Shipment Measure

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Webb liquor bill prohibiting the shipment of liquor into "dry" states, was repassed in the senate yesterday over President Taft's veto, within two hours from the time the president's message of disapproval had been laid before that body.

A short debate, in which the advocates of the bill voted down a motion to postpone action until today, and in which they reaffirmed their belief that the measure is constitutional, ended with the repassage of the bill by the large majority of 63 to 21.

The Webb bill passed both houses of congress and went to the president 10 days ago. His veto message reached the senate about 3 o'clock yesterday, accompanied by an opinion from Atty. Gen. Wickersham.

Basing his decision upon the attorney general's findings, the president expressed the belief that the measure was clearly unconstitutional because it gave the states the right to interfere with interstate commerce.

The senate took up the bill at once, Atty. Gen. Wickersham's opinion was not read, and Senator Kern asked that a final vote on the overriding of the veto be delayed until today, so that senators might have the opportunity to examine the attorney general's arguments. A motion made by Mr. Kern to postpone the vote until today at 11 o'clock was defeated, 71 to 9.

MAYORS WILL COME

Barry of Cambridge and Duane of Waltham Are to Ride in the Parade on March 29th

Mayor J. Edward Barry of Cambridge and Mayor Patrick J. Duane of Waltham have sent replies to the invitations sent them to attend the parade of the United Irish Catholic societies in this city on March 29th. Both officials state that they will be glad to join with the societies in the celebration, and express their thanks for the courtesy extended them.

LIVELY TRIP FOR WILSON

Children Make President-Elect Miss His Nap

NEW YORK, March 1.—Two little children, a boy of 5 and a girl of 2, gave President-Elect Wilson an hour of merry diversion yesterday, when he rode to New York from Philadelphia after a visit to his dentist.

Pres. James Rea of the Pennsylvania, whose private car happened to be attached to the same train, greeted Mr. Wilson, inviting him to luncheon in Mr. Rea's car. The president-elect had arranged to dine with some of the members of his party in the dining car and declined. The railroad president sat with Mr. Wilson for a few minutes chatting.

At the other end of the car was a blue-eyed youngster, blowing a toy whistle. He was watching the president-elect, and as soon as Mr. Rea left the little fellow took his opportunity to come forward. He proceeded at once to make the acquaintance of the future president of the United States, who received him in his arms, found that his name was Clark Greenwood, Jr. and that he was fond of pulling hair.

Master Greenwood found Mr. Wilson a ready listener to his infant utterances. He rapidly grew more intimate and soon his acquaintanceship extended to the privilege of fingering the president-elect's ears, rubbing his face, and dancing up and down on his knee, all of which Mr. Wilson seemed to enjoy immensely. Master Greenwood avowed that he intended to go to college some day, whereat Mr. Wilson told him to remember to go to Princeton.

A minute later little Clara Greenwood came toddling along from the other end of the car to find her brother, and she, too, was soon on friendly terms with Mr. Wilson. Both children were presently perched on the knees of the president-elect, unconscious of the unusual situation. Mrs. Clark Greenwood of Narberth, Penn., mother of the two children, left her youngest child, a baby, for a few moments and chatted with the president-elect.

Mr. Wilson usually sleeps in his chair on his trips between New York and Philadelphia, but the children gave him such a busy time that he got no opportunity to do so. Master Greenwood's parting tribute was a piece of candy, which, however, the president-elect declined, saying, "Old people don't eat candy."

Master Greenwood insisted on being raised aloft and climbed on the very top of the parlor car seat from which point of vantage he embraced the president-elect and then returned to his mother's side.

Mr. Wilson on arrival in New York went to the studio of an artist who completed a portrait begun during the campaign. Then the president-elect met William F. McCombs, democratic national chairman, at the University club, and called also on Col. E. M. House.

Mr. Wilson attended a theatre last night and saw a melodrama.

NORTH BILLERICA

At the North Billerica Baptist church Sunday morning the Rev. C. H. Williams, Ph. D., will preach on "Justification by Faith and Work," and in the evening at 7 p. m. he will speak on "Social Teachings of Jesus." There will be special music by the choir. The Williams Bible class will meet at 12 o'clock and will discuss the subject, "Significance and Work of Covenant."

As stated in this paper some time ago, all pews will be free after March 1st and everybody is cordially invited to be present.

Mrs. Edwin Stott and daughter of Pittsfield have been visiting in town the past week.

The public schools that have been closed the past week will open on Monday, starting the spring term.

Grand Opera Lecture

W. L. Hubbard gave the last of a series of grand opera lectures for the men's club, yesterday afternoon. He told the story of the fairy opera, "The Blue Forest," by Louis Aubert, soon to be presented in Boston, for the first time in America. It is the work of a young French composer, Louis Aubert. Mr. Hubbard also told the story of "The Secret of Suzanne," by Wolf-Ferrari.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Lowell Opera House

What has been called Charles Klein's best play, "The Gamblers" will be the offering at the Opera House next week, presented by The Lonergan Players. "The Gamblers," which was played at the Maxine Elliott theatre, New York city, for over 200 consecutive nights, for ten weeks in Boston and equally long periods in other cities, is conceded the greatest success of that season's plays and in securing it for Lowell, the management has adhered to the announced policy of offering only the best of latest released royalty plays. This play is written in Klein's best vein and is a tense and thrilling drama. One of the stirring scenes shows five of its gamblers playing a poker game, which is only a pretence to cover the stacking of the cards in their bigger financial game. They hold an emergency meeting at a director's home on the night of a ball. Secret service men are on the watch. It won't do to darken a single room by the drawing of the window shades while the rest of the house is illuminated. So the five men seat themselves around a card table, in plain view from outside and go through the motions of a card game while really discussing the affairs of the bank. By this subterfuge they for the time being deceive the watching secret service men. In the hands of the Lonergan Players, "The Gamblers" will be given a production that will compare favorably with that of the original company. Performances will be given every afternoon except Monday and every evening of next week. Seats for all performances are now on sale.

Keith's Theatre

Congratulations will be universally extended to the management of the B. F. Keith theatre, next week, on the wonderfully good bill which will be offered for the delectation of vaudeville lovers. It will introduce as its great headline feature the biggest and costliest vaudeville act ever offered here, the Rice and Dore water carnival and circus, which comes direct from Keith's Union Square theatre, New York city. It is reported as standing absolutely alone among the acts of its kind and approached by few of any other sort. It presents all of the mysterious wonders of the New York Hippodrome tank and introduces the greatest exhibition of swimming, diving and various other water feats that has ever been offered on a theatrical stage. Among its many extraordinary interesting features will be found the male and female fancy swimmers and high divers; Indian log rollers; water walkers; the equine water star; May, the high diving horse; Duck, the fisherman's dog, and many other unique water features. It will also present numerous novel and laughable water pantomimes and mystifying water spectacles, the most important of which will be Neptune's Daughter, or a Trip to the Bottom of the Sea. This is a marvelous and awe-inspiring performance, where the performers disappear into the tank and are not seen by the audience again. In this stupendous water carnival-circus 18 great aquatic experts are introduced and one of the special features of the act will be the acrobatic diving by the world's title holders, the Misses Esther Donoghue, May de Young, "Chubby" Whitney, Fay de Young, Katherine Hall, Helen de Young and Grace Hall. These young women will go through some gymnastic stunts that will open the eyes of all auditors. The grand finale of the act will be some sensational high diving that will be done by holders of championships in their respective classes. Misses Lillian Cooley and Elsie Dietrich, beautifully formed young women, will offer this work, which may be characterized as the very cream of the entire performance. Diving dogs and the smallest water ponies in the world will fill into the scheme of things now and then. All in all the Rice & Dore water circus will be lauded as positively the biggest water sensation this city has ever known. Paul Kleist, in a pantomimic novelty, "The Land of Dreams," has any similar act badly beaten. Kleist has overcome the handicap of the pantomimist. He has cultivated a whistle which he has graduated to such exquisite nuances that he can whistle words and phrases to his audience as plainly and intelligibly as though they were spoken. He is a high grade soloist on various musical instruments, and he unites mysterious electrical effects with his other work, making a blend of entertainment which marks it as one of the greatest novelties of the age. Waltzing in mid-air, bringing life to wooden figures or commanding a battleship to float in thin ether—these are a few of Kleist's interesting features. David Higgins, the playwright-actor, will bring an entire new production here, one which has only recently been placed on the stage and Dorothy Richmond & Co., in "A Midnight Marriage," have a farcical sketch. Wyer & Sheldon, a man and a woman, have a singing and dancing sketch, and Lee & Perrins offer something which is new and bright. Louis & Demont, a man and a woman, mix up laughter with music and dancing, and a woman violinist, who is now unnamed, will give brilliant melodic work. This bill is one of the strongest ever played in this section of the country. Last week, in Portland, it was considered of such strength that the watch circus and four acts sufficed to pack the Hippodrome. Here there will be no reduction in the number of acts, the octet of good things being retained as usual. Tomorrow afternoon and evening the special Sunday entertainment will be in order, and they will undoubtedly attract very large audiences.

Merrimack Square Theatre

Scenically, nothing more comprehensive and realistically magnificent has ever been given on a local stage than the beautiful stage setting in which Ann Madigan & Co. will make their first bow to Lowell audiences next Monday afternoon at the Merrimack Square theatre. The sketch is called "A Dream of Killarney." The story is taken from the famous fireside tales of Ireland and the time around 1778, so it can be readily seen is ample opportunity for a more than plausible little playlet. The presenting company is competent and all members are excellent singers. The Nashville students, a trio of singers and dancers billed as "those unbleached harmonists," will contribute a brace of songs, all of which are new and will also have on display some new steps in the dancing line. Francis J. O'Reilly, the monologist from Dublin is here to prove his right as a funmaker for his is a repertoire just bubbling with amusing songs and stories told in the true Celtic style. Valvino & LaMore, comedy athletes, have an astonishing routine of feats and go through with a vim and dash that's surprising, while the photoplays for the first three days include "Blackpool, the Coney Island of England." "His New Watch" and a two-reel feature, "The Guiding Light." This is the film which when shown in one of the larger cities some time ago created such a furor. It is extremely sensational, tells a true story and is above all vitally interesting.

The Sunday concerts to be given tomorrow might in a sense be called good-bye performances for they will mark the last appearance of the Temple Players' stay in Lowell after a number of successful weeks here. No doubt their many friends and admirers will turn out to wish them luck as well as to witness the excellent bill which Manager Carroll has booked to be given at that time.

The Playhouse

"The Marriage of Kitty," which is to be given a splendid revival by the talented Drama Players at the Playhouse next week is an adaptation from the famous French play, "La Passerelle," and has been played both in this country and England with uncommon success by that well known actress, Marie Tempest. One of the principal characters, that of Miss Katherine Silverton, is to be presented by Miss Bertha Mann, the new leading lady of the company, and her interpretation of it should give genuine satisfaction. The piece is a society play, witty, clever and full of amusing situations and complications. It is based upon the result of a hasty marriage between Miss Silverton and Sir Reginald Belsize, in order that the latter may possess a legacy willed him by a relative. The complications arising from this act are numerous and provide humor in a generous quantity from then on. What the ultimate result is remains to be seen by those who attend one of the performances during the week. The staging the piece will be artistically done and the whole production given with characteristic correctness. Tickets are now on sale at the theatre, telephone 811, or the sub ticket office, at Dows', telephone 640. First performance Monday night.

The Kasino

You have no conception of real roller skating if you have not been to the Kasino, where the little rollers whirl their wearers through space to tuneful music by the big Kasino band. At the ordinary rinks, the skating is ordinary. There is nothing like Kasino skating. Daily band concerts are given, to which the public is cordially invited. The big promenade affords comfortable seating space.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

QUINCY HOUSE
BRATTLE NEAR ADAMS SQ.

Boston's Most Centrally Located Hotel. Comfort Without Extravagance
Midway between the North and South Stations, centre of business, historic, shopping and theatre districts. All lines of electric cars within a minute's walk.
500 Rooms $1 a Day and Upwards
Special Breakfast.....25c to 50c
Special Lunch every day.....50c
Our 12-Course Table d'Hote Supper is unequalled anywhere $1
Music and Soloists Every Afternoon and Evening
Banquets, Conventions, Parties, Meetings can receive every accommodation necessary at the most reasonable prices.
Visit the Japanese Garden, Boston's finest novel cafe. A la Carte at reasonable prices.
You will find every modern convenience and proper attention at the Quincy House, Boston. Taxicab
CALL FOR ACCOMMODATIONS

Amusement Centre of Lowell
MERRIMACK SQ. THEATRE
Continuous—Never Too Late
LAST APPEARANCE OF THE
Temple Players at Tomorrow's Concerts
NEXT WEEK:
"A DREAM OF KILLARNEY"
PRESENTED BY ANN MADIGAN & CO.
THE NASHVILLE STUDENTS, those unbleached harmonists
FRANCIS O'REILY, the Monologist from Dublin.
VALVINO and LA MORE, Athletes with comedy.
"THE GUIDING LIGHT," Feature Motion Picture.
Other Photo-Plays and Views.

The PLAYHOUSE
—NEXT WEEK—
"The Marriage of Kitty"
One of Marie Tempest's Greatest Successes
Presented by THE DRAMA PLAYERS, and under personal supervision of KENDAL WESTON.
PRICES 10 TO 50 CENTS
First Performance Monday Night.

Lowell Opera House
JULIUS CAHN, Prop. and Mgr.
TONIGHT
THE LONERGAN PLAYERS
Direction Lester Lonergan
In Dustin Farnum's Great Success
"The Virginian"
AUGMENTED CAST
SPECIAL SCENIC PRODUCTION
Prices: Matinees, 10c, 20c, 30c. Evenings, 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c.
ALL NEXT WEEK
Matinees Daily, Except Monday
The Gamblers
By CHARLES KLEIN
Seats Now Selling

SACRED HEART SCHOOL HALL
MOORE STREET
"Ancient and Modern Ireland."
Illustrated With Colored Pictures and Song
By the noted lecturer, DANIEL J. DWYER, of Boston, Mass.
Thursday, Mar. 13, 1913, at 8 P. M.
TICKETS 35 CENTS

KASINO
Roller Skating, Afternoon and Eve'g
Admission Free—Skating 25 Cents

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, STEAM ...t, gas and bath, good location. 39 ...elmsford st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET BY ...ek, with steam heat and gas, from ...up; by the day or night. 25c up. Central st.

TWO WELL FURNISHED ROOMS ...let; coal and gas range, kitchen ...nsils; heat; gas; separate toilet and ...rance; everything complete; refer...es. Apply 61 Church st.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND LIGHT ...usekeeping rooms to let; also three-...m furnished tenement. Apply 287 ...ntral st.

PLACE TO MAKE MONEY, BOARD-...; house to let; plenty of boarders; ...a week; no washing; sure pay from ...office. Houses and land for sale. ...quire Eustache Christman, 194 Wo...rn st., South Lowell.

LARGE DOWNSTAIRS FRONT ...om to let; heated; modern conven...ences, at 523 Central st.

FOUR ROOMS TO LET; GAS, PAN-..., toilet on floor, with attic room; ...red Heart parish; near mills; O. K. ...air; $1.85. Apply 303 Lawrence st.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR ...ht housekeeping. Apply 179 Mid...sex st.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS ...let; steam heat; most desirable resi...ntial district in the city; one min...e's walk from Westford st. car line. ...quire Mrs. Nettie Saunders, 55 Gates ... Tel. 2685.

STORE TO LET, CORNER OF JOHN ...d Merrimack sts. Inquire at The ...well Five Cent Savings Bank.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER ...op or business office, to let, on sec...d floor of the Harrington building. ... Central st.

FOR RENT

—IN THE—

HARRINGTON BUILDING

52 Central Street

Splendid rooms on the second floor, suitable for Physician, Dentist, Tailor, Barber, Dressmaker or Real Estate dealer. Also offices on the third floor. Rent reasonable. Apply to D. J. Harrington, New Sun Building, or at The Sun Office.

What Our Customers Say of

The New Vacuum Clothes Washer, Price $3.50.

"With three little children, how did I ever do without it?"
MRS G. D. DOBBS, N. Y.

BRADLEY BUILDING
175 Central st., Room 220. Tel. 1981-5

SPECIAL NOTICES

STOVE LININGS, GRATES, CENTers, water fronts, etc., for all kinds of ranges, carried in stock and furnished at short notice. Bring size and name of stove or telephone 4170. Quinn Furniture Co., 169 Middlesex st.

P. H. DONLAN, MASON—BRICK and cement work, plastering and whitewashing; chimney repairing a specialty. Residence 120 Fayette st. Telephone 1507-1. Work and prices satisfactory to all.

E. L. GILLIGAN & CO., HOUSE painters, paper hangers and interior decorators. Estimates on all jobs, large or small. Residence 120 Bowers st. Phone 2334-4.

VOICE, PIANO AND VIOLIN LESsons. Experienced teacher; easy and rapid method; 35c per lesson. Write or call, Wednesdays, 65 Dover st., off Westford st.

MISSION FURNITURE MADE AND furniture repaired at 234 Adams st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND repaired. Tuning $1. J. Kershaw, 190 Cumberland road. Tel. Demers, 1563-3.

BENT'S NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON children. Excellent for brown tail moth itching, ivy poison, hives, mange, salt rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Falls & Burkinshaw's.

LIMBURG CO., CHIMNEY EXPERTS —Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1175 Bridge st. Tel. 915-1.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

PROF. EHRLICH'S "606"

SALVARSAN

Administered in the veins at Dr. Temple's Lowell office. NO LOSS OF TIME from business. NO PAIN. Locomotor ataxia, paralysis and various forms of skin disease arising from blood poison.

This solves the problem of the centuries and rids the world of the WORST SCOURGE that the human race has known. RESULTS IMMEDIATE. Wasserman blood tests made. Also treats cancers, tumors, all acute and chronic blood and nervous diseases of men and women, hydrocele, varicocele, Stricture, prostatic diseases, piles, fistula, fissures, ulcers, and rectal diseases WITHOUT THE USE OF THE KNIFE. Diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, skin, stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, bowels, and rectum, epilepsy, and all nervous diseases.

Terms always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Lowell office, 97 Central street, Mansur block, Wednesdays 2 to 4, 7 to 8. Sundays 10 to 12.

Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and cleansing of ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. 30 years in the business.
40 JOHN STREET

Storage for Furniture

Separate rooms $1 per month for regular $2 two-horse load. The dryest and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection. O. F. Prentiss, 258 Bridge st.

HELP WANTED

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK TELLS of about 300,000 protected positions in U. S. service. Thousands of vacancies every year. There is a big chance here for you, sure and generous pay, lifetime employment. Just ask for booklet T 135. No obligation. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

ONE TO FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS per month paid salesman selling our paints and specialties. Twenty-five years the standard of quality. The Carrara Paint Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

SALESMEN—$100 TO $600 PER month selling our oils, greases and paints. Do not be satisfied, get our proposition. Salary or commission. Inland Oil Works Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

AMBITIOUS SALESMEN OF NEAT appearance wanted to call on merchants in their territory; elegant sideline, convenient to carry; good commissions, prompt remittance. Belmont Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, O.

MEN WANTED TO PREPARE AS firemen, brakemen, electric motormen, colored sleeping car porters. Experience not necessary. $75 to $100 month to start on. Steady work winter and summer. Chances for promotion. Large Massachusetts roads. Write Inter Railway, Dept. 159, Indianapolis, Ind.

EXPERIENCED TABLE GIRL wanted. Apply 57 Lawrence st.

AGENTS WANTED—BOY, GIRL, man and woman agents wanted in every city or town for our latest and best household article. Every home needs one or more. Sells on sight. Write for territory. M. J. Taylor Manufacturing Co., 127 No. Dearborn st., Chicago.

NEAT GIRL WANTED FOR HOUSEwork; plain cooking; small family; $4 per week. Write O 8, Sun Office.

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK TELLS of about 300,000 protected positions in U. S. service. Thousands of vacancies every year. There is a big chance here for you, sure and generous pay, lifetime employment. Just ask for booklet T 135. No obligation. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

BELASTER WANTED AT ONCE. Apply Mears, Feeley & Adams, cor. Lincoln and Tanner sts.

BOY WANTED FOR PRINT SHOP, 14 to 16 years of age, with some experience. Call at 234 Wilder st.

YOUNG MAN WANTED WITH ONE or two years' experience in drug store. Apply Goodale's drug store.

MACHINE OPERATORS WANTED; (female) for both plain and hemstitch work. Good pay, steady work; new factory. Apply to supt., Cochrane Mfg. Co., East Dedham, Mass.

PRACTICAL FARMER WHO IS USED to farm work and a good hand with a team, who wants a permanent position with house rent, call evenings, 530 Middlesex st.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANTed for parcel post. $90 month. Lowell examinations May 3rd. Coaching free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 156 B, Rochester, N. Y.

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE FOR magazine wanted; good salary for hustler; give references and past experience. National Sportsman 73 Federal st., Boston, Mass.

ENERGETIC SALES AGENT WANTed, to establish headquarters in and look after entire business of Lowell; exclusive contract; references. L. T. Townsend, 42 Copeland st., Boston, Mass.

WORSTED DRAWING ROOM HELP wanted. Worsted twisters and spinners. Apply Hillsborough Mills, Wilton, N. H.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

I WANT A PARTNER, LADY OR gent with $500 for half interest in my variety store and real estate business. Partner to look after store and office, in part, while I work on the real estate end of the business. For full particulars, see F. L. Vance, 515 Bridge st.

TO LET

THOROUGHLY CLEAN, SUNNY 5-room tenement to let; toilet and shed on same floor; gas; handy to mills; price $2.25 per week; No. 25 Fulton st., Centralville. Apply 276 Westford st.

PLEASANT, SUNNY ROOMS, TO let, furnished or unfurnished. Gas, bath, furnace heat, and table board if desired. 417 Westford st., corner Wilder st.

COTTAGE OF SEVEN ROOMS TO let; rent $11. Flat five rooms, rent $10. Seven minutes' walk to Merrimack sq.; both in good repair. Apply at 563 Bridge st.

STEAM HEATED ROOM TO LET AT the corner of Princeton and South Canton sts., one minute's walk from Westford st.; use of telephone, with board. Tel. 3543-2.

CHEAP RENT—SIX NEW FLATS, 58 Elm st., $6 month, large 5-room flat, 43 Prospect st., $8 month; flats on Cushing st., $1.25 a week; four big flats at 145 Elm st., 5 rooms each; all new. Jos. Flynn, 71 Chapel st.

TWO MOST DESIRABLE COTTAGES of 7 rooms each, with bath, hot and cold water, to let, next to Riley's flower garden, Fairmount st.; spacious yard. Apply at 74 Pentucket ave.

MODERN FLAT OF SIX ROOMS TO let; bath, pantry; steam heat; 59 Foster st. Inquire at 61 Foster st.

FINE, NEW FRONT CORNER SUITE to let on the second floor in the Majestic chambers; to sub-let at much reduced rent. Inquire of the janitor, or address Dr. O. A. Lothrop, 101 Beacon st., Boston.

LADY LIVING ALONE WOULD LET one or two steam heated rooms; on car line; someone who wants good home. Call 749 Middlesex st.

TENEMENT 6 ROOMS AND BATH to let on Moore st.; practically new; plenty of yard room; rent $12 per month. Store on Gorham st., near R. R. bridge, rent $10 per month. Inquire at 937 Gorham st.

STORE TO LET AT 285 CENTRAL st. The best location in city. Occupied by one tenant 17 years as a jewelry store. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT

Desirable Offices in Traders' Bank Building,

38-40 Middlesex Street.

TO RENT

Room 70x50, for light manufacturing, second floor, 398 Middlesex street. Apply 173 Nesmith street. Phone 1326.

FOR RENT

The splendid offices on the second floor of the Harrington Building, formerly occupied by Louis Grunewald, the piano dealer. These offices are light, airy, easy of access, centrally located, with fine large windows. Rent reasonable. Apply to D. J. Harrington, Building Manager, Room 901 New Sun Building, or at The Sun Office.

LOST AND FOUND

GOLD LOCKET AND CHAIN FOUND. Owner can have same by proving property and paying adv. charges at the Hotel Belvidere, Prescott st.

BANK BOOK LOST, ON THE FIVE Cent Savings bank, between 18 Livermore st. and Massachusetts mills. Return to 18 Livermore st.

SUM OF MONEY LOST THURSday night, between Boston road and Joseph Mullin's, Gorham st. Finder return to 15 Boston road and receive reward.

SMALL HEIFER LOST BETWEEN Thorndike st. depot and Lincoln st. Return to Joe Keller, 116 Lincoln st.

GOLD WATCH LOST THURSDAY night, between Middlesex st. and Gershom ave., with fob attached; owner's name on fob. Reward for return to 492 Middlesex st.

STRING OF GOLD BEADS LOST Friday afternoon, Feb. 21; suitable reward if returned to 201 Appleton st.

GLASSES LOST BETWEEN WARren and Church sts. Return to J. L. Chalifoux's store and receive reward.

SMALL BRACELET LOST ON CONcord st., Sunday, Feb. 16. Reward for return to 189 Concord st.

MONEY TO LOAN

READY CASH

Supplied to all borrowers on plain note AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES

$5 costs	.75	Lic No. 93	
$10 costs	$1.50	Open	Mon
$15 costs	$1.00	Sat.	Eve.

Monthly or weekly payments at legal rates of interest.

LOWELL LOAN CO.
22 CENTRAL STREET
Fourth Floor

CREDIT TO ALL

LOANS

Made on short notice without publicity.

We give you the money so cheap that you can't afford to owe anyone else and at charges that honest people can afford to pay. New Methods.

Borrow $10.00	Pay back $11.50
Borrow $15.00	Pay back $16.50
Borrow $20.00	Pay back $22.00
Borrow $25.00	Pay back $27.50
Borrow $30.00	Pay back $33.00
Borrow $40.00	Pay back $44.00
Borrow $50.00	Pay back $55.00

In monthly or weekly payments. Legal rates of interest. Credit once established with us is as good as a bank account in time of need. Our rates and plans have proved to be the best because our customers are glad to come again.

MERRIMACK LOAN COMPANY

Room 3, 81 Merrimack street, 17 John street. Hours: 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Monday and Saturdays until 9 p. m. Tel. connection. License No. 61.

The New Loan Co.

231 BRADLEY BUILDING

Loans made while you wait. No delay. We trust to your honor. Legal rates of interest. License No. 196. Open evenings.

FOR SALE

TABLES, SHOW CASES AND BOYS' forms for sale. Apply King's Clothing Co.

50 R. I. RED PULLETS FOR SALE. G. H. Lapolnt, Wamesit, near depot.

FRENCH POODLE PUPPIES FOR sale. Tel. 2062-4.

GOOD ALL ROUND FAMILY OR business horse for sale; perfectly safe for a woman to drive, kind and gentle in a stable, blood bay, weighs about 1100 lbs.; must be sold at once. Inquire at 176 Branch st., cor. Loring st.

KOHLER & CAMPBELL MAHOGANY piano at a great bargain; piano in first class condition; will sell $135 cash. 747 Merrimack st.

ONE ROLL TOP DESK, ONE FLAT desk, two small desks, one large office table suitable for hearings or directors' meetings, five book cases and office chairs, for sale; all in good condition. Can be seen at office formerly occupied by Judge Enright, 71 Central st.

CHAS. DUPRA'S CHAMPION LAYing strain of R. I. Reds and Plymouth Rocks, 50c per setting. 54 Clifton st., Wigginville.

INCUBATOR FOR SALE, IN GOOD condition. Can be seen at 44 Hale st.

FARM WAGON FOR SALE, WITH hay attachment; also square wagon and buggy without top; cutter sleigh. Call and see me. John Keefe, 245 Tenth st.

HOT WATER HEATING BOILER for sale, at a wonderful bargain at 20 Varney st.

ROLLER CANARIES FOR SALE. Males and females. 102 Cross st.

LADY WILL SELL BEAUTIFUL upright piano, chair and scarf; guaranteed; $1.00 per week, if taken at once. Address I 4, Sun Office.

A FIRST CLASS ORGAN FOR SALE Price $25.00. J. Kershaw, piano tuner, 190 Cumberland Road.

ELMORE 5-PASSENGER TOURING car for sale; price $350. Car can be seen at Church Street Garage.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

Four Tenement House

Near Lawrence st., for sale. An unusual investment. 4 rooms to each tenement. Rents readily for $260 a year. Pays enormous investment. For immediate sale price is only $1450. Abel R. Campbell, 117 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

FOR SALE

A good two tenement house and stable in Belvidere at a bargain; $500 cash and easy terms for balance, or will exchange for small farm near Lowell.

Now is the time to look at our bargains in farms and small places near the city.

W. E. DODGE
Real Estate and Insurance of All Kinds
9 Central st., Lowell, Mass.

WANTED

CHILDREN WANTED TO BOARD, from the age of two weeks up to three years. Good care and good board. Milk from one cow only. Address Mrs. D. Gelinas, Nassau st., Kenwood; first house. Take Lawrence & Haverhill car from Bridge and First sts.

SECOND HAND TYPEWRITER desk wanted. Apply K. M., Sun Office.

WORK WANTED WASHING, IRONing, or cleaning by the hour. Inquire at 172 Central st.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, Feb. 28, 1913. The Committee on Labor will give a hearing to parties interested in proposed legislation as follows: House, No. 1671, further to provide for investigations of industrial difficulties; House, No. 1082, against piece work in making or repairing railroad cars and locomotives; House, No. 1083, for double-time pay for work on Sundays and holidays on railroads; House, No. 1619, for a day's rest in seven for certain employes, at room No. 246 State House, on Monday, March 3, at 11 a. m. Wm. J. Look, Chairman. C. H. Williams, Clerk of the Committee.

SITUATIONS WANTED

POSITION WANTED BY FIRST class milliner. Address E 5, Sun Office.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Office of the License Commission,
Lowell, Mass., March 1, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that applications for licenses to sell intoxicating liquors under the provisions of Chapter 100, Revised Laws, for the license year beginning May 1, 1913, and ending April 30, 1914, should be made at this office not later than 12 o'clock, noon hour, Friday, March 14, 1913.

Blank forms can be secured at this office and each application must be accompanied by a fee of three dollars.

The following license fees will be charged:

Innholder—First Class. To sell liquors of any kind to be drunk on the premises. $1600.00.

Common Victualler—First Class. To sell liquors of any kind to be drunk on the premises. $1200.00.

Dealer—Fourth Class. To sell liquors of any kind not to be drunk on the premises. $1200.00.

Brewer—Fifth Class. To sell malt liquor, cider and light wines containing not more than fifteen per cent. of alcohol, not to be drunk on the premises. $200.00.

Druggist—Sixth Class. $1.00.

Dealers in paints and chemicals—Seventh Class. To sell pure alcohol. $1.00.

Clubs—Special Class. $300.00.

The holder of a first class license as Innholder will not be granted an additional license of the fourth class.

Certificates from the building inspector of the State Police, showing that the buildings to be licensed comply with the state laws, must be presented with the application for an Innholder's license and special class Club license. Certificates from the State Board of Registration in Pharmacy must accompany each application for a sixth class license as Druggist.

Applications for sixth and seventh class licenses may be filed up to 12 o'clock, noon, Friday, March 28, 1913.

Applicants are notified that the premises to be licensed as hotels and common victualers must be furnished and equipped in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 102, Revised Laws, at the time applications are made; and offices, screens, pictures, boxes and all other obstructions of every character must be removed so that a clear and unobstructed view of the bar and interior of the premises can be obtained from the street, except as provided in Chapter 101, Acts of 1906.

The office of the License Commission is open daily from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m., and on Saturdays from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and all inquiries for information should be made there.

RULES ADOPTED BY THE LICENSE COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF LOWELL FOR THE GRANTING OF LICENSES TO SELL INTOXICATING LIQUORS FOR THE LICENSE YEAR 1913-1914

The attention of all persons interested in the granting of liquor licenses is called to the following requirements:

HOW TO APPLY

On application to the Clerk of the Commission at our office, blanks will be furnished to those desiring to make application for licenses.

The application must state clearly the location of the building for which the license is desired, naming all entrances, regular and bulkhead, and must also state the number of rooms on each floor to be used for the sale, use or storage of liquors. It must be signed with the full names of each applicant and must state the interest of each applicant in the license, whether financial or otherwise.

Any person making application for a license must personally appear before the Commission upon written request, in order that he may be questioned thereto, and the commission may require any statement which may be made before it and papers which may be filed with it, relative to applications for licenses, to be sworn to before a member of the commission or the clerk thereof.

Applications must be made between the dates of March 1, and March 14, inclusive.

OBJECTIONS

Notice of all applications for licenses shall, at the expense of the applicant, to be paid in advance, be published in some Lowell newspaper, at least ten days before the commission will act thereon.

If, before the expiration of the ten days following the publication of the notice as above set forth, the owner of any real estate within twenty-five feet of the premises described in an application for a license to be exercised by a common victualler to sell liquors to be drunk on the premises, notifies the Licensing Board in writing that he objects to the granting of the license, no license to sell intoxicating liquors to be drunk on said premises shall be granted, unless the applicant therefor, shall, for the two years next preceding the date of his application, have held a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors upon said premises.

Other objections to the granting of the license, either on account of the unfitness of the applicant, or otherwise, may be made to the commission at any time before the application is acted upon. The laws of the Commonwealth do not compel the licensing board to grant licenses in any case.

Upon objection being made to the granting of the license, except the objection by an adjoining owner of real estate as above provided, the commission may, in its discretion, if so desired, grant a hearing to parties interested.

JOHN J. MULLANEY
CHARLES H. HANSON
THOMAS P. BOULGER
The License Commission of the City of Lowell

WANTED

50,000 Tobacco Tags 35c per 100. Tokio and Perfection coupons count the same as tags.
CARR'S POOL ROOM
58 Gorham Street. Near Post Office

Bright, Sears & Co

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE

Bankers and Brokers

SECOND FLOOR

WITH THE FRATERNITIES

Red Men and Foresters Are Active

Warriors and chiefs of Passaconaway tribe, Improved Order of Red Men held a well attended pow wow last evening in their wigwam with the stump being occupied by Sachem Thomas H. Sellers. Considerable routine business of importance was transacted.

A committee consisting of John Howarth, Arthur W. Garland, George W. Randall, Charles H. Kittredge and Edmond Crompton, was appointed to revise the by-laws. George Houle was chosen trustee. The tribe stood in silence one minute in respect to the memory of Henry C. Roe, who passed to the happy hunting grounds last Wednesday. A delegation attended the funeral this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Passaquo tribe No. 27, of Haverhill sent a letter of sympathy and regret on the death of Past Sachem Leonard F. Steele, their deputy.

John Howarth, past sachem, gave a review of the affairs and finances of the order, going back over the past seven years. Plans are being made for a grand class initiations and applications for membership are numerous. Bros. C. H. Kittredge, G. D. Ryan and E. Crompton spoke on the welfare of the tribe.

Court Scandia, F. of A.

The regular meeting of Court Scandia, Foresters of America, was held last night with a large attendance and many important matters were discussed. The officers and several noted guests, including the grand chief ranger of Massachusetts, George F. James and his deputy, Brother Albert McDougall, delivered speeches. After this the voting contest was held and the winners were the following:

First prize, gold watch, Karl Ohlson, 77 Crescent street; second prize a folding umbrella, Mrs. G. Wikander of 148 Whitman street; third prize, a pair of $4 shoes, Bengt Johnson of 79 Main street; fourth prize, a whist table, O. F. Palmgren of 27 Meadowcroft street; fifth prize, a silk umbrella, C. E. Carlson of 41 St. James street; sixth prize, a pair of $3 shoes, Otto Hager of 4 Carter avenue; seventh prize, a box of cigars, Eva Miller of Fairmount street; eighth prize, a smoked shoulder, P. Abrahamson of West Chelmsford.

Court Gen. Shields, F. of A.

The 23d anniversary of Court General Shields, Foresters of America, was fittingly observed last night in Elks hall by the members, with C. R. Much Finnerty presiding. There were several applications for membership acted upon and a number of candidates were initiated. The election of treasurer was held and Bro. John McDonough was chosen. Bro. Keegan declined a renomination after having served in the office for ten years.

After refreshments were served, Bro. Harrigan, as toastmaster of the evening, introduced G. F. James, grand chief ranger of Massachusetts, as the first speaker. He was followed by Grand Deputies Gerow, McDougall, Barrett and Gabouse. The entertainment consisted of a piano solo and organ prelude by Bro. McGlinchey and recitation by Mr. Henderson.

The prizes were drawn, as follows: First prize, Ralph Cullen, a $5 gold piece; second prize, Leo Dailey, a briar pipe; third prize, Esther Holland, a box of cigars; fourth prize, Rose Garrigan, a pair of shoes; fifth prize, A. Lavigney, a silk umbrella. The receipts for the evening were $356.75, and the expenses were $125.25.

Court Wamesit, F. of A.

Members of Court Wamesit, Foresters of America, met in regular session last night with a good attendance and transacted several important matters of a routine nature. Several committees reported favorably on their work and there were remarks on the good of the order by the officers.

Daughters of Veterans

Mary E. Smith tent, No. 23, Daughters of Veterans, met in Memorial hall last evening, with Sister Addie Carl presiding. Routine business was transacted. It was voted to invite the Union Veterans union to the anniversary exercises March 14. Two applications for membership were received.

DECORATIONS ABLAZE

At Banquet of Svea Gille Asso. in Worcester

WORCESTER, March 1.—Amid the yellow and blue of Sweden and the red white and blue of America, combined with the lavender and white of the club, 300 Swedish people of Worcester, celebrated last night the 25th anniversary of the Svea Gille association, one of the oldest Swedish organizations of New England.

Supper was served at five long tables in Hibernian hall, followed by speeches and a musical program.

Only one incident marred the evening. That was a small fire among the decorations caused by the flare of a flashlight photograph which was taken at the close of the banquet. One of the purple and white crepe paper streamers took fire. Women screamed and many of the people moved towards the exits. Several men leaped upon one of the tables and succeeded in beating out the flames with napkins and with their hands before the blaze could spread, and in a few moments quiet was restored.

Pres. Rudolph Sundin gave an address of welcome, speaking briefly of the beginnings of the association and what it has done for the social life of the Swedish residents. Orvar Rosengren and John Blom sang a duet, and Sigurd Benson sang a solo. Mr. Sundin read a letter of regret from Mayor George M. Wright, who had been invited, and introduced Walter S. Doane, president of the board of aldermen, who spoke in the mayor's stead. At the conclusion of his remarks the members gave three cheers for the mayor.

Gustaf Berg, chairman of the arrangement committee, was awarded the honor medal presented by the association last year to one of its members. Letters and telegrams of regret were read from several past officials of the organization in various parts of the country.

The decorations consisted of Swedish and American flags festooned about the walls, interspersed with pennants and purple and white streamers, which formed a canopy above the tables.

The arrangement committee comprised Gustaf Berg, chairman; Olaf Nilson, John Linne, Representative Charles Orstrom, Arthur Hedlund, David Sjogren, William Ostberg, Sten Ohlander, Adolf Einar, John Lindgren and Sture Hafstrom.

MRS. NADEAU IS GUILTY

Mother of 10 Convicted of Killing Husband

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—Mrs. Agnes Nadeau was convicted yesterday afternoon by a jury in the superior court of killing her husband, Thomas.

The verdict was guilty of manslaughter, and was received by a large crowd in death-like stillness. The decision was reached in one hour and a half. One of the jurymen said after their discharge that Mrs. Nadeau's own testimony brought about her conviction.

Declaring that Mrs. Nadeau was in mortal fear for her safety and was under great provocation at the time she fired the fatal shots, Attorney Archambault made a forceful plea for the acquittal of his client.

Attorney Archambault, in his argument for acquittal, laid great stress upon the alleged brutality of Thomas Nadeau, the husband and victim of the shooting during the 33 years of life with his wife. Archambault said that not one ray of sunshine had ever entered the life of the woman during her married life.

Some of the references which he made to the unhappiness the woman suffered as a result of the husband's alleged brutality, brought sobs, from the defendant and from her sons and daughters, who were in the courtroom.

Mrs Nadeau took the stand in her own behalf. She told of the brutal attitude her husband had taken toward her during their married life; how he had frequently struck her in his rage, had consistently failed to provide for her support and her family; had called her vile, coarse names, and in other ways mistreated her.

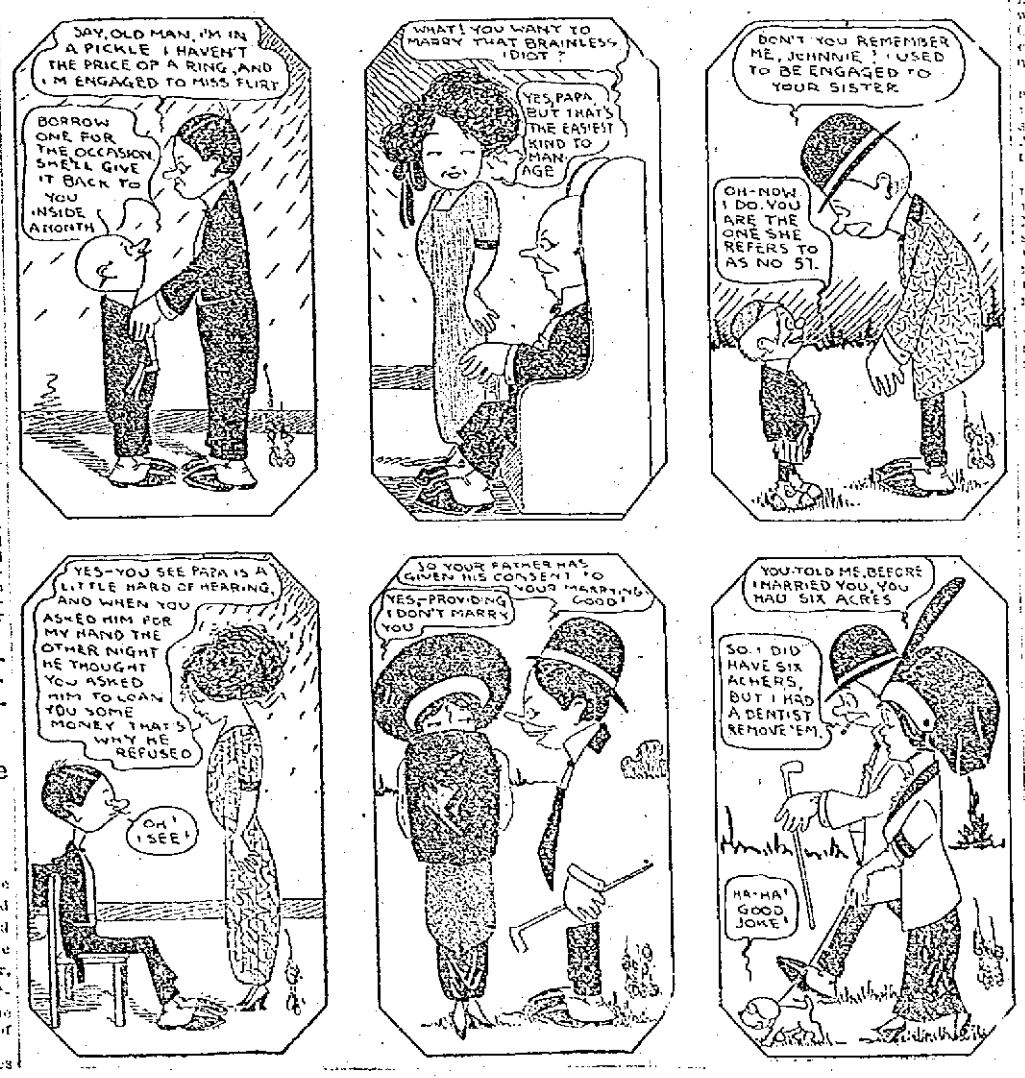
Her testimony as to the shooting was plain spoken. She was afraid her husband was going to do her bodily harm, after they had an altercation over money matters, and she fired at him to protect herself.

Documentary evidence was introduced showing that the victim Thomas Nadeau, had been in court in Canada on occasions for assaults on his wife and for threatening her.

Two sons and four daughters corroborated the mother's testimony as to the brutality of the husband. It came out in evidence that Nadeau had once said he would like to see his wife under 100 feet of earth, and that the only way she would die would be by his hand.

Mrs. Nadeau is 51 years old and the mother of 10 children.

A LITTLE NONSENSE



SAW WOOD

Wood is cheaper than coal this winter. Buy an Ideal Wood Sawing Machine and be independent.

A good outfit, saw and engine, all mounted on steel truck, for $185, or a heavy durable frame with 22 inch saw blade, for $21.65.

BENNETT BROS. CO.
11-51 Payne Street, Lowell

M. H. McDonough Sons

UNDERTAKERS and EMBALMERS

Prompt Service Day and Night

108 Gorham St. Tel. 906-1.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Baby Carriage Tires

Put on, 25c up. Prompt service and good work.

GEO. H. BACHELDER
POST OFFICE SQUARE

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
1.40	2.25	3.16	3.48
5.43	6.50	6.12	7.13
6.25	7.26	7.23	8.31
6.47	7.50	7.55	8.40
[illegible]	7.53	n8.21	9.28
v6.57	8.00	9.00	9.32
7.21	8.05	10.00	10.36
r7.28	8.45	11.39	12.09
7.56	8.37	12.30	1.09
8.54	9.35	1.30	1.39
n9.12	10.24	2.30	3.00
9.45	10.31	3.00	3.39
10.00	11.16	b3.47	5.02
10.53	11.35	4.00	4.38
11.03	11.45	r4.34	5.32
12.15	1.05	5.00	5.38
1.45	2.25	b5.25	6.26
2.34	3.27	5.27	6.33
3.57	4.40	b5.51	7.10
4.35	5.27	n6.34	7.23
5.32	6.20	8.00	8.38
6.12	7.18	8.30	9.08
6.32	7.15	10.30	11.58
7.28	8.10	11.17	12.13
9.55	10.40	12.00	1.10

Western Div.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
6.45	7.55	z6.40	8.05
8.05	9.06	9.14	10.20
9.35	10.50	10.50	11.40
10.52	12.00	11.55	12.55
12.02	1.12	2.14	3.20
z1.27	2.32	3.31	4.40
5.17	6.26	5.14	6.10
7.18	8.28	6.03	7.15
10.15	11.32	7.00	8.15
		9.50	11.00

Sunday Trains

Southern Division

6.47	7.30	9.00	10.00
7.21	8.05	10.00	10.36
8.08	9.03	11.40	12.09
8.48	9.45	1.00	1.32
9.04	9.55	5.30	6.24
10.50	11.24	8.00	8.55
2.28	3.05	8.30	9.08
5.10	6.00	9.20	10.25
6.31	7.15	10.14	10.55
7.28	8.10	10.29	11.35
9.55	10.45		

Sunday Trains

Western Division

8.20	9.20	8.00	9.06
12.10	1.15	12.00	1.00
3.50	5.05	2.14	3.25
5.45	6.58	3.20	4.46
8.55	10.04	5.50	6.34
		8.45	9.46

References:

b Via Bedford.

s Via Salem Jct.

z Via Wilmington Junction

n will not run on Holidays.

LOCAL NEWS

Commercial printing. Tobin's.

Dr. Allen, dentist, formerly Old City Hall building, now in Sun building.

If your teeth trouble you, see Dr. Gagnon, 466 Merrimack street.

When you have any real estate to sell, consult J. F. Donohoe, Donovan Bldg. Telephone.

A baby boy has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Marren, Varnum avenue.

Don't suffer with eye ailments. Visit R. E. Jodoin, optometrist, 441 Merrimack street.

Bring your watch to Willis Pellier, jeweler, 443 Merrimack street. Expert corrector of watch ills.

Stop, Look, Listen. The greatest legitimate jewelry sale ever held in Lowell, now going on at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Fillon.

The many friends of John J. Sullivan, who has been confined to his home for several weeks will be pleased to hear that he has so far recovered and he is able to be out again. He is a student at the Commercial college.

Mrs. Devine, the well known millinery teacher in the evening industrial school at the closing of the school Thursday night, was presented with a gold piece and also two solid gold hat pins as a slight token of appreciation from her class of 1913.

At the hall of the Celtic Associates, 32 Middle street, tomorrow afternoon at two-thirty o'clock, there will be celebrated the anniversary of Robert Emmett. There will be a delegation from Canada including Captain Kane, Capt. Doyle, Thomas Heavers and Patrick Scullion of Montreal with Mr. P. J. Judge of Holyoke. Mr. James O'Sullivan will preside and it is expected that the meeting will be one of the largest held in this city for a number of years. There will be a musical program and a number of local speakers will deliver addresses.

Society Women in Court Ejected

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 1.—When a delegation of society women remonstrating against a liquor license application in court yesterday applauded, Judge O'Boyle ordered the women from the court room. The women did not move and Judge O'Boyle directed the officer to eject them. The court pointed to two women in the front row and said:

"These two women applauded. Put them out, too."

One of the women waited outside, and when the wife of the applicant came out slapped her face. The women were then haled before Judge O'Boyle again, but were released after a lecture.

GEN. WAGNER RESIGNS

Friction Said to Have Developed Among Members of Gettysburg Anniversary Commission

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—General Louis Wagner, chairman of the Pennsylvania commission to arrange for he observance in July of the 50th anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg, yesterday sent his resignation as a member of the commission to Governor Tener, to take effect at once. His action was not unexpected.

While Gen. Wagner did not make known the reasons for severing his connection with the commission, it is known that there has been friction.

Church Built in a Day

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 1.—A church was built between sunrise and sunset here by members of the congregation. Last night services were held in the building.

The lot was purchased for $6000 with the help of the Presbyterian council of the city. There was no money to hire carpenters and the members decided to do the work themselves.

The wives and daughters of the men served luncheon and encouraged the men.

GILBERTO'S BAIL $5000

Lawrence Man Charged With Assault With Intent to Murder Michael Pollicito

LAWRENCE, March 1.—Samuel Gilberto, who is charged by the police with being involved in the quarrel Sunday night when Michael Pollicito was shot and is now in the General hospital in a serious condition, was arraigned in police court yesterday on the charge of assault to murder.

The case was continued until today, sureties being fixed at $5000. Michael Coco, who is alleged to have shot Pollicito, has not been apprehended.

Lyons Nashua's Acting Mayor

NASHUA, N. H., March 1.—At a special meeting last night the board of aldermen elected Harry H. Lyons, democrat, chairman, to serve as acting mayor during the absence of Mayor Barry in Washington.

CELTICS

Attention!

ERT EMMET ANNIVERSARY

y, March 2, 2 O'clock Sharp

MIDDLE STREET

LISTENED TO LECTURES

Erring Husbands Were in Police Court Today

Fred Bean was arraigned in police court today on two charges, the first being non-support of his wife and the second neglect to care and provide for his minor children. He pleaded not guilty.

On the witness stand Mrs. Bean stated that since January 1 she has received no support from her husband; moreover that she had been obliged to go to work for she herself paid the bills. She pays for the support of her young children whom she has placed in the care of another woman. This is the time, according to the testimony of Mrs. Bean, that she has been forced to leave her husband. She claimed that he drank a great deal and used bad language in the presence of herself and the children.

On a former occasion Bean was placed on probation. He pleaded for another chance and Judge Enright, after a severe lecture and warning sentenced the man to four months in the house of correction and suspended this sentence for six months during which the man was ordered to pay $4 weekly to Probation Officer Slattery, to go to the support of Mrs. Bean.

For Assaulting Wife

Charged with neglecting to support his wife, Thomas W. Foster entered a plea of not guilty. His wife appeared and said she desired to enter a complaint of assault and battery against the defendant instead of non-support and she was sent to the clerk's office to do so. Foster promptly answered "not guilty" to the new charge.

Mrs. Foster on the stand said that she lives with her husband in Dracut. On last Thursday, she said, he told her to stay home and care for the child and she replied that if she did, she would starve, whereupon he assaulted her.

Defendant said that he had merely given his wife a push on the day in question, and that he was not drunk, although he had taken a few drinks. He claimed that his wife had struck him over the head with a stick and he denied striking her and throwing her to the floor.

Judge Enright said he would give Foster a chance to do better and the defendant's case was continued until next Wednesday.

Placed on Probation

William Brandon, charged with vagrancy, who has been residing at the jail for a week or so appeared today and was placed on probation for three months. He avers that he is heir to an estate and wishes to settle the affair.

Continued a Week

The trial of Michael Foley, charged with assault and battery was postponed for one week and the defendant was allowed to go on his own recognizance. D. J. Donahue, Esq., represented the prosecution with William A. Hogan, Esq., for the defense.

For Drunkenness

Jas. H. Gaffney, Jas. Rourke, Cornelius Sullivan, all out of town visitors, were assessed $6 for second offenses. Frank Donahue was sentenced to four months in the house of correction. It was his sixth time in a year and he had been given a chance to reform on two occasions. Thomas Wilson was sent to jail for 10 days.

James H. Kenney pleaded guilty to drunkenness and he was held for the session of next Saturday morning. Peter F. Glilek was given a suspended sentence of four months in jail and he promised to reform.

Samuel Scott, who had been under a suspended sentence appeared again. The suspension was revoked and his sentence of four months in jail was affirmed.

Test Wireless Station

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Navy officials are awaiting with interest a cablegram from the scout cruiser Salem, now somewhere in the North Atlantic ocean which will tell whether the vessel has continued to receive messages from the new radio station at Arlington. When she last responded to the call of the Arlington station the Salem was out 2000 miles, since which no word has come from her. This may mean that the vessel is unable to send a message to Arlington, although able to receive messages from that station. The tests are being made to determine the capacity of the Arlington station before its acceptance by the government. The contract provides that the new station must have a radius of 3000 miles.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

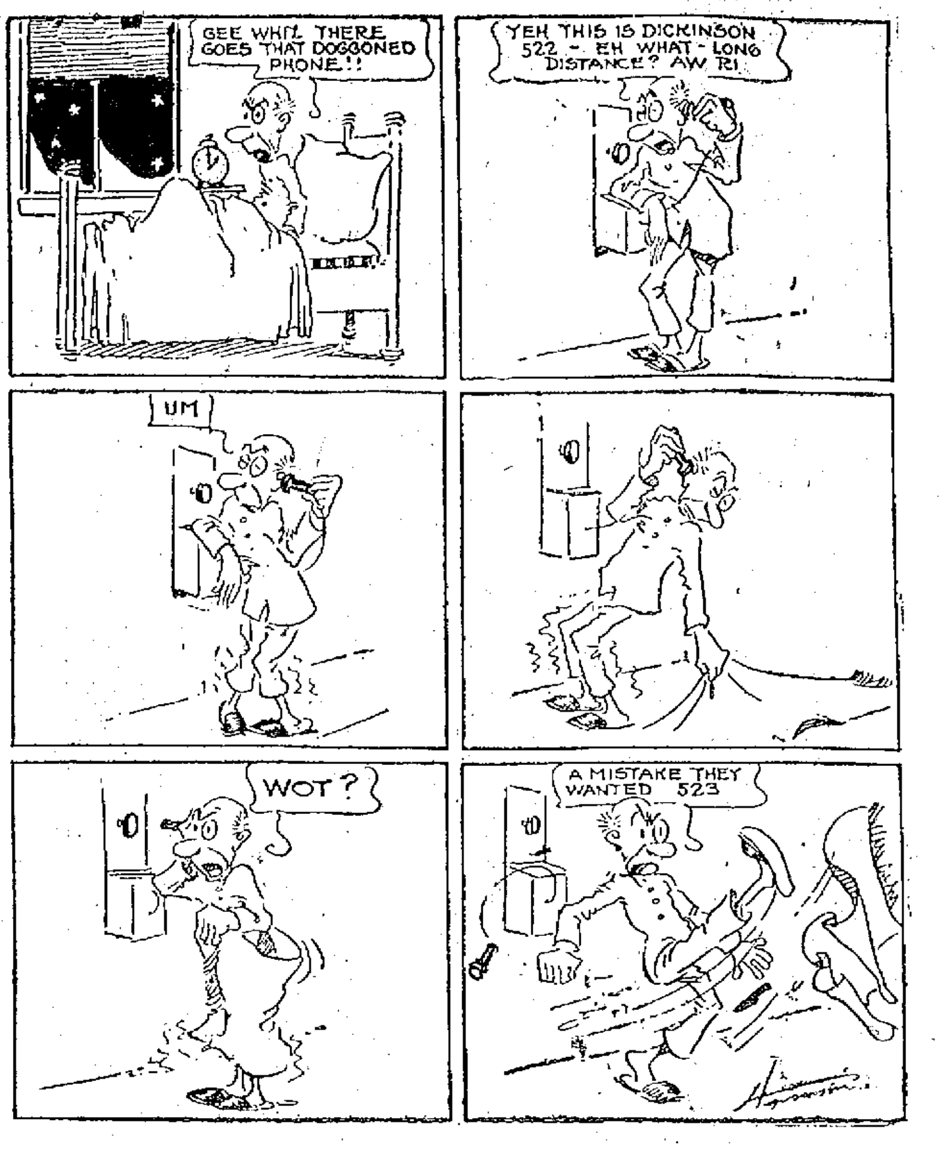
WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT

Will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief.

For sale by all druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw.



ALGY THE COP

THOUSANDS ARRIVING

All Roads Lead to Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Vice President Marshall's hotel was the center of interest today for the thousands of visitors dropping into the national capital on every train to attend the first democratic inauguration in 16 years. While Gov. Marshall saw some visitors he and Mrs. Marshall spent the morning quietly in their apartments. There was a disposition on the part of his hosts not to burden him with ceremony in advance of the inauguration and his desire for privacy was respected.

Thousands of visitors are arriving for the inauguration and the stream of humanity was expected to tax the capacity of the hotels and boarding houses. The real rush is not expected to begin until tomorrow, when troops, delegations and political delegations from nearby states begin to arrive.

Everything is now in a state of preparedness for the inaugural event and finishing touches are being put on the stand from which President Wilson will review the parade.

CHELMSFORD

Mr. Elmer R. Hill of Bridge street, one of Chelmsford's high school students, left for New York this morning. He will go from there to Washington, D. C., where he will witness the inauguration of President-elect Wilson on the fourth. While in Washington he will be the guest of his brother, Mr. Hermon H. Hill.

A valuable horse owned by Mr. Arthur Dutton, had to be shot yesterday by the local veterinarian. The horse was loose in a pasture and in some way broke its leg. Dr. Harris was called but nothing could be done except to kill the animal.

The postmastership is the uppermost subject of discussion throughout the town, three candidates are running for the position in the North village.

Principal and Mrs. Charles A. Holbrooks of the North Chelmsford road are entertaining at their home their daughter, Miss Rebecca Holbrook of Charlton City, who is also a teacher. Miss Holbrook intends to remain three weeks.

Mrs. Warren of the Boston road is reported as being quite ill.

Don't miss the big jewelry sale now going on at J. A. Fillon's, 156 Merrimack street.

CHICAGO STRIKE SETTLED

300,000 Workers Were Affected by Trouble

CHICAGO, March 1.—Today being Saturday not all of the 50,000 garment workers affected by last night's settlement of the strike which began on Dec. 30 returned to their shops, but it is thought that by Monday practically all will have resumed their places. The terms of the agreement provide that there shall be "no discrimination in re-employment."

The agreement officially ratified by all the unions involved settles for the time being at least a labor crisis which at its height affected 300,000 workers. It does not, however, have any bearing on the garment workers' strike in Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia and elsewhere.

Division 11, A. O. H.

A very important meeting of Division 11, A. O. H., was held in Hibernian hall last night with president McInerny in the chair.

During the meeting a large number of applications for membership were received and an initiation will be held at an early date. The sick committee reported favorably and the treasurer stated that sick and death benefits to the amount of $254 have been paid since the last meeting. The finances of the division are in a prosperous condition.

The division has hired a band from Lawrence to furnish their music in the parade of Irish Catholic societies which is to take place on March 29. The committee reported in detail the arrangements for the parade as far as they have been made and announced by the general committee.

The members voted to run a dance and social on Friday evening March 28 and a committee of ten was chosen to take charge of the affair. They were J. J. Kenny, Daniel Qualey, John McInery, John Brennan, John Burns, Patrick Kenny, John H. Hickey, John Hendricks, John Callahan, and Bernard Gagan. After the business session a social hour and smoke talk were enjoyed by the members.

Don't miss the big jewelry sale now going on at J. A. Fillon's, 156 Merrimack street.

WILSON PRIVATE CITIZEN

Ceased to be Governor of N. J. Today

TRENTON, N. J., March 1—Woodrow Wilson ceased to be governor of New Jersey today. Until Tuesday, when he becomes president of the United States, he will be a private citizen for the first time in about two years. Mr. Wilson had filed his resignation to take place at noon today, but planned to be on hand to witness the ceremonies at which Senator James Fielder, president of the state senate, becomes acting governor. No speeches were planned, but it was expected in some quarters that Mr. Wilson would deliver a farewell to the state of New Jersey.

The president-elect was due here from New York shortly before noon.

ROY & O'HEIR STORE

Has Undergone Changes to Provide for the Ever Increasing Business—Shoe Department Added

This firm has recently made many very important changes in the interior of their store which greatly add to the appearance and convenience for the transaction of business. This was necessary to meet their growing business. The change consists of utilizing the basement and making one of the neatest and most compact shoe departments seen anywhere. They also use this department for their overalls and other articles of clothing which are not of so much importance. It gives them almost a third more floor space. This firm has always enjoyed a reputation for fair and honest dealing with their patrons and always had a generous share of the public patronage. Their store now better and larger than before, it is expected that their business will grow accordingly. They are showing a spirit of enterprise that is sure to bring its rewards.

BEAN SUPPER

By the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Patrick's Parish, Post 120, G. A. R. Hall, Merrimack street, Saturday, March 8th, 1913.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Makes delicious home-baked foods of maximum quality at minimum cost. Makes home baking pleasant and profitable

GAVE FALSE TESTIMONY

J. J. Kenny Admits That He Lied

ALBANY, March 1—Fifteen indictments against striking textile workers at Little Falls, charging them with engaging in riot and assault, were based upon perjured testimony given before Herkimer county grand jury, according to an affidavit by John J. Kenny of Albany.

Kenny was employed as a special officer at Little Falls and was stabbed in one of the recent strike riots. He admits he was one of those who testified falsely, and says he wants "to tell the truth, so no innocent person is sent to jail."

Accompanied by Mayor Lunn of Schenectady, Kenny came to Albany today to tell his story to Gov. Sulzer. The governor had gone to New York, and the matter was laid before Chester C. Platt, the governor's secretary.

Mayor Lunn said other affidavits had been made supporting Kenny's story, and he proposed to ask Gov. Sulzer to order a thorough investigation of the matter.

Kenny alleges he testified along lines of written instructions given him by the Little Falls police.

The trial of the indicted strikers is scheduled for next week. The trial of Mayor Lunn, who was arrested during the strike, is down for the same time. Mr. Lunn reiterated his determination to ask Gov. Sulzer to appear as a witness for him.

Kenny Known Here

J. J. Kenny is well known in this city, where he lived several years before his removal to the state of New Hampshire. He was employed as a baker at the Chelmsford street hospital for two years, being a paid man. He left his position to enlist in the new regiment organized by Colonel Rice in the state of New York, and went to the Philippines. At the close of his service he returned to this city and secured employment in some of the Lowell mills. Later he went to New Hampshire and it was at that time that his Lowell friends lost track of him.

OFF TO THE CAPITO

Mass. Military Men Sta for the "Front"

BOSTON, March 1.—Massachuset military representation in the inaugur parade in Washington on March 4 wi get away late today. To this sta will go the honor of having the large number of militiamen in the parade, ac cording to statements issued by the in augural committee. More than 3 members of Massachusetts militia com panies will be on their way by tonigh Companies of the volunteer militia many cities and towns of this com monwealth will participate in the pa rade. The Coast Artillery corps wi two companies of the Naval brigad a detachment of the Ambulance com pany and the Hospital corps will b the first to start from Boston for Fa River, where special steamers are be boarded. The Eighth infantry wi leave a short time later to be joine at Taunton by the Ninth and Tent companies.

The New Bedford companies will r port in Fall River late in the day. Th militiamen will entrain at Jersey Cit Sunday morning and are expected t arrive in Washington in the afternoo

Included in the chief executives o the New England states who will at tend the exercises are Governors Fos of Massachusetts and Pothier of Rhod Island. They will be accompanied b their staffs, state officials and guests.

Big Sale! Big Sale! Entire jewelry stock must be sold at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Fillon.

W. P. Hovey

TEACHER AND DEALER

400 Wyman's Exchange. Tel. 153-2

DON'T OVERLOOK--

Look Over This List

C. B. COBURN CO.

SIMPLIFY your cleaning with Liquid Disinfectant, pt.	.15
SILENCE your squeaky wringer with Stainless Oil, pt.	.15
STOP your pans from leaking with Potmend, box	.15
SHINE your sliver with Silva Putz, jar	.25
SUPPLY yourself with a 36-inch Radiator Brush	.35
SEND your order now for Johnson's Kleen Floor, pt.	.40
SWEEP your carpets with Coburn's Parlor Broom	.45
SCRUB your floors with The Brush Mop	.50
SAVE on your fuel expense; use a Flue Brush	.50
SIFT your ashes in a galvanized Iron Ash Can	2.25

FREE CITY AUTO DELIVERY

63 MARKET STREET

Stove Coal Reduced $1.00 Per Ton

EGG, BROKEN, NUT, No. 1 and No. 2, REDUCED 50c PER TON

New Prices

Stove $8.50 Egg $8.50 No. 1 Nut $8.50

Broken $8.00 No. 2 Nut $7.50

These are the Standard Grades We Have Always Carried in Stock.

T. D. Sullivan, 11 Postoffice Ave., Also Cor. Tanner and Howard Streets.

THE WEATHER
Rain or snow tonight and probably Sunday; colder; moderate variable winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

7 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. SATURDAY MARCH 1 1913 | PRICE ONE CENT

J. P. MORGAN SAVED BY DOCTOR

Financier Fainted Repeatedly When Seized With Cramps—Senseless Over Night

CAIRO, Egypt, March 1.—J. Pierpont Morgan owes his life, probably, to Dr. Tribe's presence on the financier's trip up the Nile and to the prompt and efficient treatment the doctor gave when Mr. Morgan was seized with a severe and most threatening attack of spasmodic cramps in his stomach.

As it was, Mr. Morgan fainted repeatedly while the attack lasted, and after it was unconscious for several hours. So the New York American commissioner is informed by an indubitable authority.

Refuses to Halt Trip

After the first symptoms that Mr. Morgan was suffering from an affection of the stomach appeared while he was on the Steamship Adriatic, Mr. Morgan's relatives tried to dissuade him from going up the Nile. He swept aside their arguments and objections for he was particularly anxious to make a trip on the Nile pleasure boat he had built. It was decided then that Dr. Tribe should accompany him and his party ostensibly to treat a slight affection of the ear which troubled Mr. Morgan's niece, really to watch Mr. Morgan who complained of his stomach frequently.

On February 9, while Mr. Morgan was inspecting the excavations at Thebes, of which he is paying the cost, he was seized suddenly with the spasmodic cramps in his stomach which caused him to faint several times. He was carried aboard his boat; there Dr. Tribe massaged him and ministered to him in every way, but he did not regain his senses until next day, when the boat was speeding toward Cairo.

Too Weak to Be Moved

As the cramps did not cease, Mr. Morgan's relatives decided to proceed with him to Europe on the first boat leaving here. But on the day of sailing his patient was so weak that Dr. Tribe changed his plan—Mr. Morgan remained here.

This is his last visit to Egypt, in all probability. According to Professor Lysthgoe, who is superintending the excavations on the American archaeological concession, Mr. Morgan's chief desire in coming to Egypt this year was to map out the work for the next three years, and, after a thorough personal inspection, to take the necessary steps to insure the continuation of the work.

FIELDER GOVERNOR OF NEW JERSEY

Pres.-Elect Wilson Turned Over Office to Successor at Noon—New Executive Spoke

TRENTON, N. J., March 1.—Woodrow Wilson, soon to be inaugurated president of the United States, formally turned over at 12.30 o'clock today the office of governor of New Jersey to Senator James Fielder. "The people of this country are going to be served by conscience and not by expediency" was the assurance which Mr. Wilson gave in an impromptu speech of farewell. The president-elect was cheered by a big crowd as he came into the assembly chamber, followed by Mr. Fielder. After the latter took the oath of office the president-elect was invited to address the joint session of the legislature. He spoke in measured tones and with apparent emotion. It was his farewell to the state.

Governor Wilson said:

"I cannot pretend that I am not moved by very deep emotions today. I had not expected to say anything. It would, indeed, have been my preference not to say anything, because there are some feelings that are too deep for words and that seem to be cheapened by being put into words.

"I already loved the state of New Jersey when I became its governor, but that love has been deepened and intensified during the last two and a half years. I now feel a sense of identification with the people of this state and the interests of this state which have seemed to have enlarged my own personality and which has been in the greatest privilege of my life.

"Therefore, in handing the seal of the state to the new governor I want to utter these words of poignant regret—that I cannot serve this great state directly any longer. I wish for the moment that the traveling from New Jersey were less facile than it is and yet I have the greatest feeling of confidence in the man to whom I am about to hand this seal. I have been associated with him with unusual intimacy of counsel. I have found in him qualities of honesty and courage which commend men more than any other qualities do in public life.

"The rarest thing in public life is courage and the man who has courage is marked for distinction; the man who has not is marked for extinction and deserves submersion.

"The people of this country are going to be served from conscience and not by expediency. When you strike a man of courage you feel you have struck the bedrock of our institutions. It is, therefore, with a feeling of confidence and affection for him personally that I hand him the seal of office."

Governor Fielder made a brief inaugural address, extolling the achievements and character of the retiring governor and bespeaking New Jersey's wishes to him for a successful administration.

Arm in arm, Mr. Wilson and the new governor walked from the legislative chamber to the governor's office through a cheering crowd. Both reviewed a street parade of marching clubs and Governor Fielder returned to his office, where an informal reception was held.

The president-elect returned to his home in Princeton by automobile to pack up for the trip to Washington.

Wind and Dust produce skin troubles that are quickly relieved by Hood's Lotion, which soothes and heals, and is antiseptic. 50c.

Dys-pep-lets
Made only by C. I. HOOD CO.
are just what you should take if you can't eat without fear of sour stomach, belching, heartburn or nausea. They prevent as well as relieve after-dinner discomforts. Get a box today. 10c., 50c. or $1.
Remember the name Dys-pep-lets Take no Substitute

N. SOROGHAN
TAILOR
Is showing an elegant line of
MEN'S SUITING
In foreign and domestic woolens, at popular prices. Fit, style and workmanship guaranteed.
147 CENTRAL ST.
ROOM 214

FOR 64 YEARS
This Bank Has Never Paid Less Than
Four Per Cent.
City Institution for Savings
CENTRAL STREET

TURKS REQUEST PEACE

Ask European Powers to End War

LONDON, March 1.—Turkey has unreservedly placed herself in the hands of the European powers with a request to conclude peace as advantageously for her as possible.

Bridge Bill Hearing

The committee on roads and bridges will give a hearing on house bill, No. 1199, relative to the construction of a bridge over the Merrimack river at Lawrence, at room 426 in the state house, March 4 at 10.30 a. m.

Michael H. Finnegan, whose name is on the civil service list for appointment to the position of janitor, resides at 86 Andover street and formerly lived at 237 Concord street.

JOHN STREET WINDOW
Three Great Bargains
PAPER CUTTERS, BRASS INK STANDS and PAINT BOXES
Look at Them
R. E. JUDD Bookseller and Stationer 79 Merrimack St.

The ONLY
SAVINGS BANK
IN LOWELL
Where deposits will draw interest from
MARCH 1st
MECHANICS
202 MERRIMACK ST.

STRIKERS IN RIOT

NON-UNION WORKERS ATTACKED IN BOSTON THIS MORNING

Many Injured---Police Reserves Forced to Pull Clubs---Two Arrested---Mass Meeting Planned

BOSTON, March 1.—A party of non-union garment workers were attacked by a crowd of several hundred persons as the new men arrived at their place of employment in taxicabs this morning. There was a lively fight during which Angelo Palombu, a non-union worker of Chelsea, was so badly injured that it was necessary to remove him to a hospital. Several persons were less seriously hurt. Police reserves were on the spot soon after the rioting began and, clubbing their way through the crowd, rescued the assaulted ones and gave them safe escort to their benches in the shop. They then turned their attention to the strike sympathizers who were handled roughly before they gave way. Two of the crowd were arrested. Annabala Marcelli was charged with assault and Giovanni Corangello for disturbing the peace. Union officials claim that there were further desertions from the shops today of members of the Ladies' Garment Workers' union, who left their machines yesterday demanding a minimum wage of $6 a week, a 15 per cent. increase for those now earning that amount or more; and better sanitary conditions in the shops.

The strikers place the number of these women and girls who have struck at 6000. They were engaged in making shirtwaists and dresses. The strikers state that many of the manufacturers who have not agreed to the terms of the garment workers are engaging non-union help and that a large number of workers from outside cities have come here during the past few days to take the place of the strikers.

Plans have been made for a mass meeting of garment workers, shirtwaist workers and all affiliated unions.

VARNUM SCHOOL EVENT

Picture of Founder to be Donated

April 1st which is generally observed as Lowell day among the schools of the city will have more than usual importance for the Varnum school, for on that day Mr. John Marshall Varnum, the only surviving son of the man after whom the school was named will present to the school a portrait of his father, Benjamin Franklin Varnum, who donated the land on which the present Varnum school now stands, for the building of the old Dracut Academy. The portrait was painted in 1841, by an artist named Healey whose record in the field of art, Mr. Varnum is at the present time looking up in Boston.

Benjamin Franklin Varnum was high sheriff of Middlesex county and was the first man to raise the dignity of that office. In his portrait he appears in his uniform. The picture is a very valuable one. On April 1st, Mr. John Marshall Varnum will be present at the exercises at the Varnum school to present the painting in person, it is expected. An elaborate program will be arranged for the occasion.

Buy your jewelry at the big sale, 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

Vincent Astor In Gale at Sea

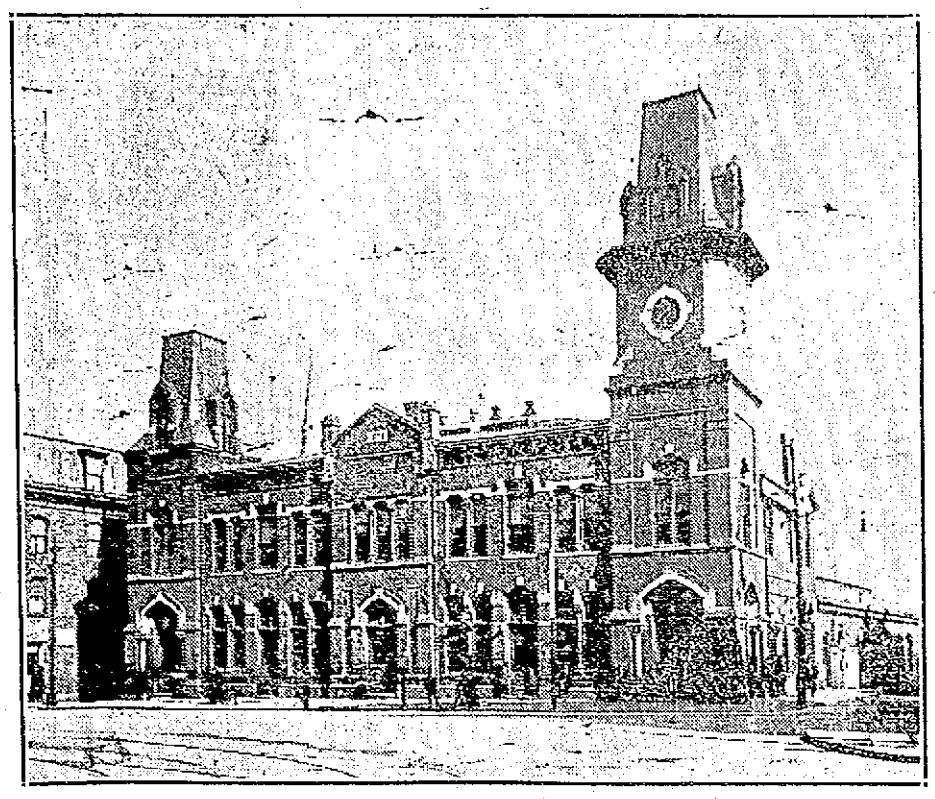
NORFOLK, Va., March 1.—Vincent Astor's steam yacht Noma, from New York for the Panama canal, came in here yesterday afternoon to coal and will proceed today.

Mr. Astor said that they ran into a stiff blow off the coast last night. The wind at Norfolk blew fifty-two miles an hour. He said the yacht would lie here over night for some tinkering on the engines.

Rep. Redfield In Cabinet

NEW YORK, March 1.—The Brooklyn Eagle makes the unqualified announcement this afternoon in a special despatch from Washington that Representative Redfield of Brooklyn has been offered and has accepted the position of secretary of commerce in Woodow Wilson's cabinet.

OLD B. & M. STATION MAY BE LEASED BY A BOSTON CONCERN—TELEPHONE CO. MOVES TO NEW BUILDING



THE OLD BOSTON AND MAINE BUILDING, WANTED BY A BOSTON SYNDICATE

Today the Telephone company will have almost completely moved from its quarters in the old Boston and Maine station to its new building in Appleton street, but what is of greater interest than its removal is the fact that a Boston syndicate wants to lease the entire station from the front on Central street back to George street for business and manufacturing purposes. It is alleged the same firm wants the vacant land on the east side of George street for factory purposes.

The New England Telephone & Telegraph Co. which is occupying the old Boston & Maine railroad station in Central street, has moved a certain portion of its plant to the new building in Appleton street which was erected purposely for this company. At the present time the district revenue accountant and his large clerical force, the district plant chief and his clerical force, as well as the district traffic chief and his force, are now occupying the new building.

A crew of men is now engaged in connecting the telephone apparatus in the new building to the many underground cables by which telephone service is distributed, in order that the cut over, or shifting over to the new plant may be done at a minute's notice. This will be done, it is expected, on March 15, and the manager of the company stated to the writer yesterday, that the service will not be held up a minute when this change is made. Everything is being so ar-

Continued to page three

PAUL CHALIFOUX GOING SOUTH

Local Man Has Purchased Cement and Sand Business in Birmingham, Ala.

Mr. Paul Chalifoux of this city has purchased a large interest in a sand and cement business at Birmingham, Ala. Although Mr. Chalifoux is reticent as to the importance of his venture, yet it is stated on good authority that the interest he has secured in land in which the sand and cement business can be carried on are worth a very large amount of money. The importance of the business may be understood from the fact that a single contract from the American Steel Works netted $70,000. The business has taken on a boom since the building of the Panama canal was started and this in addition to the great demand for cement construction throughout the country induced Mr. Chalifoux to invest largely in the business.

Mr. Chalifoux has not yet stated what his future plans will be or whether he will spend all his time in the south, but the extent of the business responsibility he has thus assumed will certainly require a large portion of his time. He will retain his interest in the local store and other property in this city, at least for the present, but in view of the large tract of land he has purchased for the development of the sand and cement business at Alabama, he will not have an opportunity to give much attention to business in this city.

Mr. Chalifoux is not a stranger at Birmingham as his father, the late J. L. Chalifoux, erected a large building there and conducted a clothing store therein until the structure was destroyed by fire a few years ago.

CHARLES LAJOIE WON HIS CASE

Supreme Court Decided in His Favor in Trial Against City and New Haven Road

The full bench of the supreme court yesterday rendered a decision in the case of Charles Lajoie of this city vs. the city of Lowell, and the same vs. the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad. The finding of the superior court was confirmed.

This case grew out of the abolition of the grade crossing in Lincoln street and was tried before jury, Judge Morton presiding, in Dec. 1911. A verdict was rendered in favor of Mr. Lajoie in the sum of $866.44 against the city of Lowell and also in the same party's favor in the sum of $108.30 against the railroad company.

Choate, Hall and Stewart, who were representing the city of Lowell and the railroad company appealed and the case was heard by the full bench of the supreme court. Lawyer Henri V. Charbonneau appeared for the plaintiff.

The supreme court held that the railroad location was not good, and this will affect titles on several miles of land alongside of the railroad tracks between Lowell and Framingham.

MEDAL TO CAPT. ROSTRON

Rushed to Aid of Victims of Titanic

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Captain Rostron, the commander of the steamer Carpathia, who rushed to the aid of the victims of the ill-fated Titanic, was here today ready to receive from President Taft the medal of honor awarded by congress, the highest gift it can bestow upon a civilian. Ambassador Bryce, members of the president's cabinet, senate committee which investigated the disaster, the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries and their wives were invited to witness the ceremony in the East room.

Information Wanted

Mayor O'Donnell is in receipt of a postal card asking him for information concerning the address of one John B. Rochette, who, according to the card, formerly lived in Front street. The directory does not give such a name, and if John B. Rochette is still in Lowell it may be well for him to communicate with Charles Saucier, Nero postoffice, Nero, La.

Stanage Signs With Tigers

DETROIT, Mich., March 1.—The Tigers management today announced that Catcher Stanage has accepted his 1913 contract under the old terms. He will report at Gulfport. Cobb, Crawford and Dubuque, the other regulars who have been dissatisfied with the terms offered them by the management for the season of 1913, have not turned in their contracts.

BRAND YOUR NAME
Contractors, builders and manufacturers!
Do your branding the clean, quick and flameless way!
Order an electric branding iron.
IT CAN'T CLOG!
Lowell Electric Light Corp.
50 CENTRAL ST.

Watch Our Windows
TODAY
and NEXT WEEK
And see the process of making
DOWS' MENTHOL CREAM
Goes direct to the spot. Cures colds in the head, rose cold, hay fever, sneezing, sniffing, catarrh and nasal troubles. It's volatile. A little in the nostrils and up it goes in full strength. You're cured. Exactly!
Tubes 10c and 25c
DOWS, The Druggist,
Cor. Merrimack and Central Streets

INTEREST STARTS Today
DEPOSITS
Made on or before 3rd day any Month
Draw interest from 1st day same
SAVINGS DEPT.
Traders National Bank
Hours: 8.30 a. m. to 3 p. m.; Saturdays, 8.30 a. m. to 12.30 p. m.; Saturday evenings, 7 to 8 o'clock

If You Experience Any Difficulty
Finding a good ready made suit this spring, owing to the prolonged strike in the ready made industry, please remember us. Please remember us anyway, as suits such as we make cannot be produced by any process other than that of the custom tailor.
See Our New Spring Line of Men's Suiting at $25.00 to order.
M. MARKS CO.
Tailors
40 CENTRAL STR

9 MEMBERS OF CABINET SELECTED

Democratic Senators Declared That Wilson's Portfolio is Almost Completed

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Democratic senators who are in a position to know whereof they speak declared yesterday that nine of the prospective members of Woodrow Wilson's cabinet have been asked by Mr. Wilson to serve with him, and that everyone had accepted.

The only place in the cabinet not filled, according to the information that seems absolutely reliable, is that of secretary of agriculture.

The slate is as follows:

William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state.

William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury.

Col. George W. Goethals, secretary of war.

James C. McReynolds, attorney-general.

Albert S. Burleson, postmaster-general.

Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy.

Edwin L. Norris, secretary of the interior.

Louis D. Brandeis, secretary of commerce.

William B. Wilson, secretary of labor.

Secretary of agriculture undecided.

Goethals For War Portfolio

Four of these have been known for several days, namely, Bryan, Burleson, Daniels and McAdoo. Rumors concerning McReynolds and Brandeis have been floating about for two weeks and it has been conceded generally for some time that if the bill creating a department of labor passed Congressman Wilson of Pennsylvania would be the man selected for its head. It now seems certain that these three men will be members of the Wilson cabinet and that they will receive the positions designated.

In choosing Mr. McReynolds for attorney general, Mr. Wilson is making a move that will be satisfactory to the progressive members of his party and to the leading workers of the department of justice.

McReynolds was assistant attorney-general during Roosevelt's administration. He is a native of Nashville, Tenn., but after leaving the department of justice he went to New York to practice law. He was employed by the government as special attorney in trust prosecutions, his most notable work being in connection with the tobacco and anthracite and soft coal cases.

George W. Goethals' name is familiar to every one who has followed the development of the Panama canal during the past few years. It is felt here that in selecting him as head of the war department, Mr. Wilson is aiming to have a man whom he can consult with confidence on the canal question, which is sure to be one of the most important matters before his administration. Col. Goethals is credited to New York.

Norris Opposed to Pinchot

Edwin L. Norris, ex-governor of Montana, is a native of Kentucky, but went to Montana when quite young. He is a democrat, an ardent state's rights man in the matter of national conservation and has been opposed to the Pinchot ideas.

Mr. Wilson met him on several occasions at governors' meetings and was much impressed with him. Powerful influences are back of Norris. Several of his backers were heavy contributors to the Wilson campaign fund.

There are some who think that Norris will not be appointed because of his anti-Pinchot views. Mr. Wilson is known to have considered, in connection with the secretaryship of the interior, Walter H. Page, a magazine editor. Mr. Page's friends say emphatically that he is not yet out of the calculations, but the best information obtainable in Washington favors Norris.

That Louis D. Brandeis will go into the cabinet is practically settled, according to what leading democratic senators hear. Members of the Massachusetts delegation are convinced of it, and there seems no reason to doubt the reliability of their information.

If the bill creating the department of labor is not vetoed by the president, Mr. Brandeis will be secretary of commerce, for the labor bureaus of the department of commerce will be taken away from it. If the bill is vetoed, Mr. Brandeis will be known as secretary of commerce and labor.

The appointment of Congressman Wilson of Pennsylvania, chairman of the house committee on labor, to a position in the cabinet hinges upon the fate of the labor department bill. Mr. Wilson was born in Scotland, but came to Pennsylvania in his youth.

He has always been a strong friend of organized labor and his appointment will be more than acceptable to the labor leaders of the country. In case President Taft vetoes the labor department bill, it is expected that Mr. Wilson will ask congress to pass it again during the extra session, so Congressman Wilson will not have long to wait.

Son Slayer Sentenced

CHICAGO, March 1.—Mrs. Louisa Lindloff, who was convicted of the murder of her son to obtain insurance on his life, was sentenced yesterday to 25 years in the penitentiary.

WE SAVE YOU MONEY, TIME AND WORRY

Thousands of New England people now take advantage of our Weekly Bargain Sales formerly enjoyed only by Boston people.

A TWO-CENT STAMP AND THE PARCEL POST

will take and carry your order. Our highly efficient Parcel Post Dept. fills your order promptly and your purchase is in your hands within 24 hours.

Our advertisements in the Boston Sunday Papers accurately list these sales.

Send us your order Sunday

Address: PARCEL POST DEPT.

HOUGHTON & DUTTON CO.

"New England's Great Cash Store"

BOSTON, MASS.

A BIG PIANO SALE

PIANO TRUST CAN'T DOWN THE

Roxbury Storage Salesrooms

The Fight Grows Harder and More Bitter

A Great Chance for the Public to Buy at Cut Prices

A piano sale here is always a sacrifice, always a bargain sale, always a markdown sale. The very nature of the business here is one of sacrifice. The business here is not conducted like the business of a regular piano store where they are expected to make a profit on each piano. We don't let any piano loaf around our doors; a sacrifice tag is clapped on which on the face of it reads competition defied and it is sold to the first wise man or woman for the price marked on the tag. Price doesn't mean anything at these sales. We cut and double cut prices on all makes alike; we ask no favors, we want none, and we give none. In sales like these someone's loss is your gain, the profit is all yours. The finest instruments of the world's best makers are in the sacrifice list.

SOME NEW—SOME USED MORE—SOME LESS

McPhail Upt.	$ 75	Hallet & Davis Upt.	$ 85
Kimball Upt.	$125	Doll & Sons Upt.	$250
Behning Upt.	$ 50	McPhail Upt.	$ 85
Ivers & Pond Upt.	$ 50	Schumann Upt.	$175
Haynes Upt.	$185	Emerson Upt.	$ 75
H. F. Miller Upt.	$ 85	Steinway Upt.	$165
Chickering Upt.	$ 65	Vose Upt.	$ 50
Kranich & Bach Upt.	$ 90	H. F. Miller Upt.	$ 85

PIANO PLAYERS NEW AND SECOND HAND, $150—$450

Your old Piano, Organ, Phonograph, Typewriter, Furniture, Desks, Jewelry or anything of value taken in exchange—Full Value Given.

$5 Down Free Delivery Anywhere, Any Time. Trial Allowed at Home. $1 a Week

No pianos sold to dealers for less than prices marked. Pianos stored, low rates. Three years allowed to test pianos. Full value allowed if you desire to change.

67 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SALES EVERY DAY

Monday and Saturday Evenings Till 9 o'clock.
Salesrooms, 2418 Washington Street, Roxbury.

How to Be Well.

By Dr. True

Your stomach and bowels are the largest organs in your body.

And the easiest part of you to be abused. You eat all kinds of different foods, you don't chew enough, you bolt your food too fast. Then you neglect your bowels.

Consequence is you get a stomach full of sour, half-digested food and the bowels choked full of filthy waste matter, giving poisons off into the blood and body. Is it any wonder you feel badly?

In my practice I found so many people whose sickness came from bad stomach and bowels that I had a prescription put up and waiting for them.

This prescription became famous as a health giver, so I put it up, naming it Dr. True's Elixir, and you can buy it most everywhere. All druggists and dealers in medicine sell it for 35c, 50c and $1.00. I know a lot of doctors and druggists who use it in their own families, so you see what they think of it! Just remember the name, Dr. True's Elixir. It brings health to men, women and children.

HALF MILLION CIGARS

German Says He Enjoyed Every One

Herr Stark, the German misogynist, died in Berlin, proud to the last of his reputation as a devotee of "my Lady Nicotine." "During my long lifetime," he wrote shortly before he smoked his last Havana, according to Tit-Bits, "I estimate that I have smoked over half a million cigars, an average of more than twenty-two daily for sixty years. I have thus enjoyed 10,000 hours of such happiness as nothing else could ever have given me and which was well worth the 6000 pounds that purchased it. My cigars have been the one solace and sweetener of my life, and my only regret in leaving it is that I cannot bring my record up to a million."

And even this amazing feat was quite thrown into eclipse by the achievement of Herr Nanas, an Austrian, whose record verges on the incredible. From the age of 27 Herr Nanas kept an exact account of all he bought and what he paid for it. Thus his account book shows that in 27 years (from 27 to 54) he consumed 28,766 glasses of beer—quite a modest average of less than three glasses a day.

Would Reach 40 Miles

From his fifty-fourth birthday he abandoned his beer, but contrived to smoke more and more furiously until when he died in his 73d year he had consumed exactly 628,713 cigars. Of the whole number, it is said, 43,500 were given to him; on the rest he had spent the equivalent of 2500 pounds, or roughly a penny apiece.

Assuming that each cigar was only four inches long (they were probably much longer), Herr Nanas must thus have reduced to ashes an aggregate cigar little less than forty miles in length and must have spent nearly thirty-six years of his life in the process. As these two champions died at the ages of 80 and 73 respectively it seems clear that excessive cigar smoking is not necessarily a shortener of life.

Pipe Smoker

Among pipe smokers the palm must be awarded to a Dutch sailor named Berken, whose boast it is that for the last sixty-five years his voracious bowl has consumed the English equivalent of a pound of tobacco weekly. It requires no skill in arithmetic to discover that the "Dutch chimney," as he is proud to be known, has dissipated in smoke more than thirty hundredweights of tobacco, which is almost exactly 24 times his own weight.

Equally remarkable are the feats of rapid smoking, which, however, have little to commend them in the way of enjoyment. It is to America that we must go to find the "world's champion cigarette smoker," a hardy Pole, who for a wager once reduced thirty-two cigarettes to ashes before the minute hand had completed the circuit of the clock. On another occasion he performed a feat even more remarkable smoking a round hundred cigarettes in ten minutes under four hours. "And now," the insatiable man exclaimed as he flung away the last stump, "I think I will have a cigar."

UPSET STOMACH AND INDIGESTION.

Heartburn, Gas, Sourness or Dyspepsia Ended in Five Minutes With "Pape's Diapepsin."

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain remedy in the whole world and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know now it is needless to have a bad stomach.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it, enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. It should be kept handy, should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night it is there to give the quickest, surest relief known.

DORR EATS AND SMOKES

Convicted Murderer is Not Worried

SALEM, March 1.—As unconcerned as if he walked the streets a free man, William A. Dorr, convicted of murder in the first degree for the killing of George E. Marsh, spent his first day in the shadow of the electric chair without a sign of emotion, awaiting the action of his attorneys in filing an appeal.

C. Neal Barney, his counsel, announced his plans for the fight to save Dorr's life. He will ask that the trial be set aside on the ground that the murder was committed in Suffolk county on Dorr's own admission, whereas the trial was held in Essex county.

During the trial Atty. Burney saved numerous exceptions and is now engaged in drawing up an appeal from the verdict of the court.

After a sound sleep in his cell at the Salem jail Dorr awoke to his first day as a condemned murderer. He showed his appreciation of his changed status by ordering a hearty breakfast sent in from outside, and then asking for a cigar.

He had but one visitor during the day, the Rev. Arthur E. Harriman, pastor of the East Baptist church of Lynn, and spent the greater part of the day reading. He shows absolutely no concern over the outcome of his attorney's fight for his life.

Several claimants appeared yesterday for the $2000 reward for the arrest of Marsh's murderer. The first on the list is Frank B. Briare, chief of police of Stockton, Cal., who arrested Dorr and procured the "death diary." Other claimants are those who found the button otrn from Dorr's coat, the Marsh cap and cane, and the Dorr automobile.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

For the Week Ending March 1

LOWELL

John F. Callahan to Frederick Peterkat, et ux., land and buildings on Third street.

Clement Surprenant, et ux., to Zephirin Perusse, land on River and Acton streets.

Clement Surprenant, et ux., to Zephirin Perusse, land on Bolton street.

Warren Land Trust, trs. of, to William Lawery, land at Rosemont Terrace.

Albert Gregoire to Pierre L. Gregoire et al., land and buildings on Moody street.

Pierre L. Gregoire, et al, to Rosanna Nolin, land and buildings on Moody street.

Central Savings bank, Lowell, to C. Harry Clapp, land corner Watson and Oak avenues.

Margaret McKinnon to David G. Common, land on Carl street.

Damiano De Giorge to Joseph Carpenito, land on Charles street.

Lowell Weaving company to Bay State Cotton Corp., Boston, land and buildings on Marginal street.

BILLERICA

Charles Bruce to Edward D. Chapman, land corner Bridge road and Park avenue.

Frank W. Coughlin to Dinah Spring, land on Montrose avenue.

Hans Alfred Hansen to Fred M. Moore, et al., land on Pine street.

Edgar P. Sellew to Margaret E. Conway, land on Riverdale road.

Edgar P. Sellew to Louisa Wentworth Washburn, land at Riverdale.

DRACUT

Rosanna Nolin to Catherine L. Gregoire, land on Lakeview avenue.

Mary A. Cunningham to Mary Cunningham, land and buildings on Parker avenue.

Mary C. Leach to James J. McManmon, land on Arlington avenue, County road and Methuen street.

TEWKSBURY

Jacob W. Wilbur to Costas L. Giorgakakos, land on Barker and Highland View roads.

WESTFORD

Charles H. Worcester, et al, to Lewis L. Couture, land.

Lewis L. Couture to Charles E. Couture, land.

Frank M. Kimball to George A. Kimball, land and buildings on Boston and Griffin roads.

WILMINGTON

George A. McCormack to Nora Havey, land on Huron avenue and Ballardvale road.

George A. McCormack to Bridget Walsh, land on Huron avenue.

Catherine A. Wade to Mary A. Brown, land.

Frank W. Coughlin to William A. Smith, land corner Forest and Calumet streets.

George H. Shields, trustee, to Chas. E. Hatch, et al., land at Wilmington Square park.

George H. Shields, trustee, to Chas. E. Hatch, et al., land at Pinegrove park.

MUST REFUND $51,625.15

Lawrence Faces an Increased Tax Rate or a Reduction of Its Running Expenses

LAWRENCE, March 1.—The decision of the supreme court against the city of Lawrence in the action brought by the Essex company for an abatement of taxes will have a material effect upon the city's resources this year. An increase in the tax rate, or a reduction in the running expenses, seems inevitable. The amount which the city must refund to the Essex company, with interest, is $51,625.15, dating back to 1909.

In that year at the behest of ex-Mayor White, the assessors increased the valuation of the Essex company's property, including the dam across the Merrimack river and land beneath the two canals. The Essex company paid the extra assessment under protest and the case went to an auditor, who decided against the city, from which an appeal was taken.

The case has been pending, during which the company has been paying the taxes, which must now be refunded. The amount of the excess taxes paid is $46,342.64, and the interest aggregates $5283.51. The decision also reduces the total valuation of the city $690,333.

With the refund and the reduction in the total valuation the loss to the city amounts to practically $63,000, so far as available funds go this year. The matter will come up at the next meeting of the city council.

POOR BOX ROBBERIES

Dextradeur and Seguin of New Bedford Are Arrested in Manchester, N. H., on Taut Charge

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 1.—Identified by descriptions furnished the police, Edward Seguin, 19 years old, and Geo. Dextradeur, 20, both of New Bedford, Mass., were arrested on Elm street yesterday by Officers Healy and Moore. They are charged with pilfering from the poor boxes in St. Anne's church, the Monastery of the Precious Blood and St. George's church.

For Your Morning Newspaper

THE

1c BOSTON HERALD 1c

In general news, in features and in all departments—financial, business, sporting and editorial—the most satisfactory newspaper for every member of the family

TRY IT—YOU'LL LIKE IT

BOY HURT BY EXPLOSION

Cap Went Off in Newton School

NEWTON, March 1.—The explosion of a detonating cap, filled with fulminate of mercury, in the hands of John Foran, Jr., of Mague avenue, West Newton, in the physics class of the Newton Technical High school yesterday, caused painful injury to the young man and much confusion among the other students. The young boy, a member of the sophomore class, was sitting in the front seat in the classroom, and was picking on the cap with a pencil when it exploded.

The report could be heard throughout the building, and the smoke from the cap necessitated the pupils leaving the room until it had cleared away. The boy's left hand was badly torn, all the skin being burned off his little finger. Three pieces of the shell lodged in his right arm. Dr. P. B. Howard of Walnut street, Newtonville, was called by the school officials, and ordered the removal of the young man to the Newton hospital, where an X-ray picture was taken of the wounds.

When the accident happened the students were nearly through the physics course. It is thought that the boy found the cap on his way to school, and, not knowing how dangerous it was, proceeded to pick it apart. The arm of the chair in which he was sitting was split by the force of the explosion and the book which he was studying was torn to pieces.

H. T. BINGHAM RESIGNS

Oldest Inspector in the Boston Immigration Service Leaves Service at Age of 74 Years

BOSTON, March 1.—Henry T. Bingham, the oldest inspector in the immigration service at this port, has tendered his resignation and retired to private life. The resignation became effective yesterday, and caused many expressions of regret from Col. Billings, immigration commissioner, and members of his staff.

Mr. Bingham is a veteran of the Civil war. He was appointed inspector in 1891, but was removed during the second administration of President Cleveland. Four years later he was reappointed by President McKinley, and served continuously ever since.

When Mr. Bingham first entered upon his duties the immigration work was under the supervision of the state, and there were very few inspectors. He has seen the service grow until more than 20 inspectors are now required to take care of the large number of immigrants arriving here. Mr. Bingham is 74 years of age, and resides in Manchester, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND TEAM

Members to Participate in the Senior National Championship Meet to be Held in New York on March 6

BOSTON, March 1.—The team which will represent the New England A. A. U. in the senior national championship meet in New York on March 6 was announced today by the championship committee of the association. The members of the team are: Howard P. Drew of the Springfield high school; C. A. Rice of Powder Point school and Francis O. O'Hara of the Boston A. C., who will participate in the 75 yard dash; Fred Burns of the Boston A. C., in the 300 yard run; Thomas J. Halpin of the Boston A. C., in the 600 yard run; E. T. Marceau of the Boston A. C., in the 1000 yard run; Oscar Hedlund and Joseph D. Silva of the Boston A. C. in the two mile run; J. B. Cummings of Harvard in the high hurdles, J. C. Lawler, unattached in the 24 pound shotput and H. Barwise of the Boston A. C., in the high jump.

TWO WOMEN KILLED

Mrs. George Hodgdon and Mrs. Bert Libby Struck by Train at Woodfords, Me. Station

PORTLAND, Me., March 1.—Mrs. George Hodgdon and Mrs. Bert Libby were hit by a Maine Central train at the Woodfords station late last night and were instantly killed. Apparently they went directly in front of the train.

STEAMER IN TROUBLE

Is Sinking at New Orleans Dock

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—Attended by three tugs and in grave danger of entirely sinking, the new steamer George Hawley, with a cargo of 55,000 cross ties, lies at Varnce street dock with its stern under water. The tugs are trying to keep her afloat.

The Hawley is owned by the Harper Company of Portland, Me. Finishing taking on cargo at 5 o'clock yesterday the ship prepared to sail for Portland when the ballast listed after the lines were released and she began taking water.

She has been in service only four months, having been built in Detroit and put into commission in October.

The steamer came to New Orleans for its cargo eight days ago after discharging a cargo at Galveston.

MONTREAL TRAIN DELAYED

Express From Boston Breaks Connecting Rod of Two Left Driving Wheels at Winchester

WINCHESTER, March 1.—Train 81 on the southern division of the B. & M., which left Boston yesterday at 8.30 p. m. for Montreal, was delayed two hours by the breaking of the connecting rod of the two left driving wheels of the locomotive, which is numbered 3607.

The accident took place just north of the Center crossing. A section of the bar, about four feet long, dropped off near the center, and the train went about a quarter of a mile further before it was stopped.

The platform along the side of the boiler and the compressed-air tank beneath it were torn off by the section of the rod that was not torn off.

Another locomotive was sent from Boston and the train was pulled back to Winchester station, then sent north over the Woburn loop to get around the installed locomotive.

LECTURE ON GOOD ROADS

Delivered by Col. Sohier Last Night

The members of the recently organized community council of representatives from the trade boards of the various towns held a well attended meeting last night in the rooms of the Lowell board of trade and listened to a very interesting discussion on the construction of roads by Col. William D. Sohier, chairman of the Massachusetts state highway commission.

In his talk, the speaker dwelt particularly on the construction of roads in the country districts and smaller towns and referred but briefly to the city street building. He proceeded without delay to his subject and spoke at length on the various defects and improvements in the making of roads.

Lack of proper drainage, he said, is one of the chief defects to be found in roads of modern construction and it is strange how the contractors persistently overlook this important item of their work. In this regard, Col. Sohier said that in regard to roads, the same care should be taken in regard to drainage as is in the building of a house. The water should be removed from the surface of the road proper and to some distance from the road into a ditch or other place provided for it. As an illustration of the value and advantage of good highways to a town, he took the town of Richmond which by expending a sum of about $3000 yearly in the care and improvement of its roads, increased the valuation of its property to a considerable extent.

Col. Sohier, in the course of his address applied his discussion locally and spoke of the various towns which have representatives in the community council. Some, he said, have not good material for the construction of first rate roads and this is especially apparent in the towns of Dracut and Tyngsboro. In cases of this kind, he went on to say, proper drainage of the roads is all the more important in their maintenance.

As one way of keeping the roads in proper condition, the lecturer suggested the use of the log drag, a very inexpensive way of keeping the roads in good condition. It is an implement easy and simple of construction and of great efficiency and should be used when the road is moist but not in such a condition as to render the dirt sticky. Each man might use such a drag to advantage. The ordinary modern road machine, he said, might be better employed in scraping off the sides of the road so as to allow the water to run off more easily and thus better the drainage.

In regard to the forming of the roads, the speaker emphasized the importance of proper spreading of the dirt used, saying that the gravel should be first deposited on the shoulders of the road and then gradually leveled toward the center. He also said that if instead of a six inch crown, one of five inches was used, the contractors would be enabled to do twice as much roadwork with the same amount of material.

The width of a road is becoming more and more an important factor with the increase in the number of automobiles.

In conclusion, the speaker said that there is room for considerable improvement in the roads of some of the towns and that taking into consideration the importance of the roads, this repairing and rebuilding should be begun at once. He explained the new act now pending the decision of the legislative body, whereby the towns are enabled to combine for the hiring of an engineer to take care of the roads of an entire section or district. A number of questions were asked by those present at the meeting and all showed deep interest in the discussion.

THIEVES GET $10,000

Porch Climbers Enter Home of Mrs. Julia H. Erwin in Hartford, Conn., and Steal Jewelry

HARTFORD, Conn., March 1.—A jewelry robbery at the home of Mrs. J. H. Erwin has been reported to the police, who will give no particulars. The loss is thought to be $10,000 and expert porch climbers did it. This same house was robbed by William J. Travers, the "gentleman burglar" some years ago and he served seven years for it. Travers afterwards shot a New Haven policeman and later was executed for murder in New Jersey.

ON MURDER CHARGES

Three Men and Woman Arraigned at Salem

SALEM, March 1.—Three men and a woman, indicted for murder in four separate cases, were arraigned before Judge Quinn in the superior court yesterday.

The defendants were: Mrs. Jessie M. Chapman of Lynn, Marsoob Casparian of Lynn, Joseph Warnis of Lawrence, and Nicholas Tsouklaris of Peabody.

The case of Mrs. Chapman, charged with shooting Eva F. Ingalls in Lynn, March 6, 1912, was put over until the next sitting of the court.

Nicholas Tsouklaris, who had been indicted for murder of George Kaskouris in Peabody, May 3, 1912, was arraigned, and after hearing several witnesses on the subject of the man's sanity, Judge Quinn ordered him committed to an insane asylum for further examination.

Marsoob Casparian, charged with the murder of Takochie Casparian, his wife, and the attempted murder of Anna Bedreaseau, pleaded not guilty through an interpreter. He was remanded without bail to await trial.

Joseph Warnis, indicted for killing Veronica Britin, in Lawrence, Nov. 29, pleaded not guilty, and was remanded without bail.

Following the arraignment the court adjourned for the term.

MAN FELL TO HIS DEATH

Strange Fatal Accident at Graniteville

A peculiar accident occurred in Graniteville Friday when a man, whose identity could not be learned, dropped from a freight car into the mill pond as the train was going over the bridge, near the Boston & Maine station. It must have been some time before he was noticed in the water as he was in a very serious condition when taken from the pond by a crew of section men that were working nearby. After trying many ways to restore the man to consciousness without success, he was sent to Lowell but died on the way. The body has not yet been identified.

Don't miss the big jewelry sale now going on at J. A. Fillon's, 156 Merrimack street.

SIZE OF PAPER MONEY

Senator Sheppard Would Have Change Forbidden Except by Consent of Congress

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Senator Sheppard of Texas today introduced a bill forbidding a change of size or color of paper money without the consent of congress. Plans have been made by the treasury department to reduce the size of the bills within the next few weeks.

The senate again refused to agree to the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill yesterday because it still contained the house provision to abolish the assay offices at Helena, Mont.; Boise, Ida.; Carson, Nev.; Salt Lake City, Utah; Deadwood, S. D., and Charlotte, N. C. The measure now goes back to conference, where it has been for weeks.

The senate adopted a conference report on the house "net weight bill" requiring manufacturers to stamp on the outside of packages the exact weight of the contents. The bill is proposed as an amendment to the pure food food act and permits "reasonable variations."

The annual appropriation for the military academy at West Point passed the senate yesterday, carrying $1,125,000 and an amendment restoring the status of four cadets discharged in August, 1911, for violating the regulations regarding the use of liquor. The cadets who would be restored to the rolls should the house approve the provisions are Ralph I. Sasse, Eliott H. Freeland, Tanall D. Simkins and James W. Christian.

Secretary Fisher was called on by the senate to forward all "correspondence and protests" relating to the proposed leasing of the oil and gas lands of the Osage Indian nation in Oklahoma.

Bell and Wing

By FREDERICK FANNING AYER

Absorbing, astounding, inspiring, baffling.—*London Academy.*
Power and originality.—*Cork Examiner.*
A great work.—*Boston Herald.*
Marks of genius constantly.—*Troy Record.*
A wealth of ideas.—*Boston Transcript.*
Genuine aspiration and power.—*Occult Review, England.*
Near the stars.—*Portland Oregonian.*
Astounding fertility.—*Brooklyn Times.*
A striking book of verse.—*Boston Post.*

G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS, Publishers, N. Y. Price $2.50

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS

AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED

CRESCENT RANGE

PETER DAVEY

134 MARKET ST. TELEPHONE CONNECTION 79-2

FURNITURE DEALER. UNDERTAKER. FUNERAL DIRECTOR

TO LEASE OLD B. & M. STATION

Continued

ranged that the matter of changing the subscribers' telephones to the new switch board will be easy.

The company, it is said, has invested about a half a million dollars in the new plant, this comprising the construction of the building which is a fine fireproof structure, the installing of the new switch board and the fixtures. Nothing has been spared and the plant when opened will be one of the finest and best equipped in the country.

Through the courtesy of the manager, Mr. C. J. Leathers, the writer was shown through the building and what he saw really amazed him. Upon entering through the main door in Appleton street one will walk right into the business office, as changes are now being made. The partition separating the corridor and the office will be torn down and in its stead a large counter will be placed. Booths will be installed at the end of the office, and the corridor will be a part of the office. To the right on the same floor are the district manager's and the district traffic chief's offices which are now being occupied and well equipped with new furniture. The service inspector's room is also situated on the same floor.

A feature of the building is that all the wires from the outside are laid between the floors and emerge through small manholes. The terminal room and test tables are at the end of the corridor. The basement of the building is very spacious and contains several apartments, among them being the supply room and the charging department. The latter is a very interesting place which is decorated with numerous pipes, some containing cables, while others are for gas, water, etc. Each pipe has its color so there is no danger of mistaking one for another in case of trouble.

In this department are also gas engines and dynamos for charging purposes. The most important parts of the building, however, are the switch board on the second floor and a small room in the basement for underground cables as well as the terminal room on the first floor. In the cable room are numerous cables containing from 40 to 1200 wires each, the former being what are known as the toll cables, while the others are for local service. When the writer visited this department a crew of men was busily engaged in stripping a cable of 1200 wires, that is all wires were tested one by one and placed in their respective places in the distributing frame, from which they go to the switch board. Some of those wires are covered with tissue paper, while others have a wool covering. The latter are those exposed and the wool is to preserve them from dampness.

The switch board which it is figured will cost about $150,000 when completed is situated on the second floor and so arranged that additions may be put on at any time. There is room for 29 operators, and each one will have access and will be able to communicate with all subscribers, although one will not handle more than her hands can reach. In the rear of the switch board are millions of wires inserted in different cables, and all are numbered so in case of trouble the defective wire can be easily picked out and repaired.

School for Operators

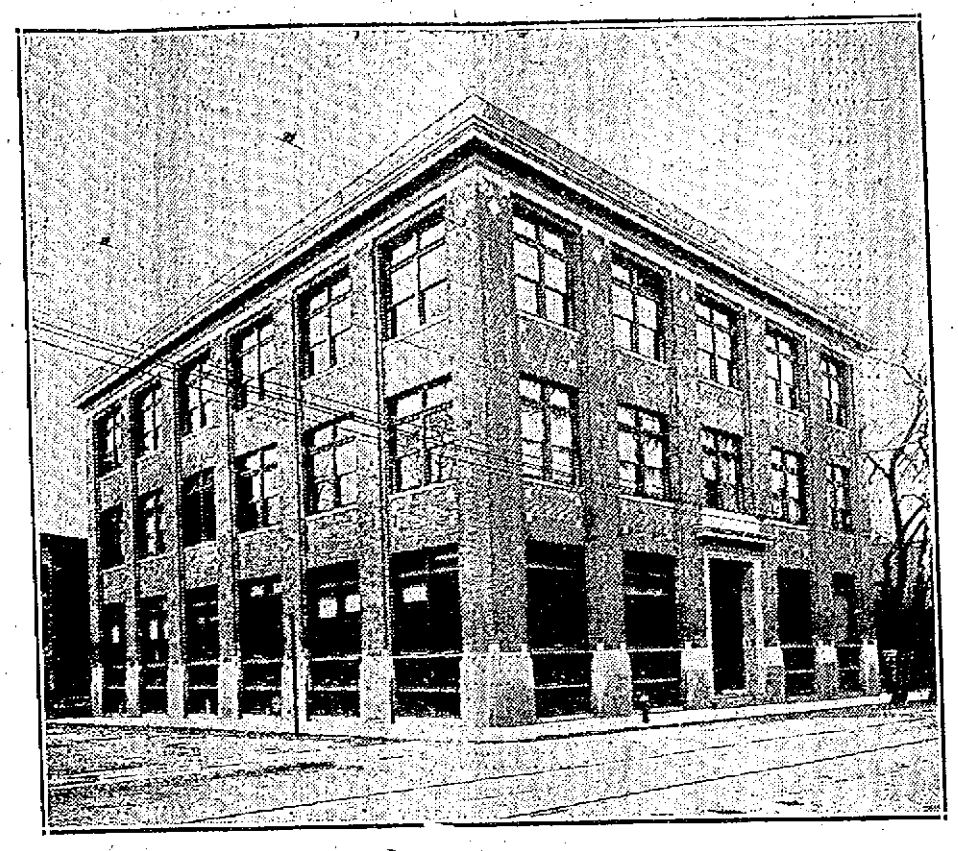
An innovation in the new plant will be the school for operators which will be on the same floor as the switch board. In this department is a small switch board, where beginners will be taught the work by competent operators. With this improvement the subscribers will not be troubled, for an operator will not be put to work on the main switch board until she is very competent. Adjoining this department are two small rooms, one for studies and the other for recreation. There is also a large reception room, which may be utilized by the operators to rest, this connecting with a large dining room.

All in all the new plant, when completely finished will be one of the finest of its kind in the country. It is well lighted throughout, and with the exception of the basement there is not a department where artificial light will be needed during the day.

New apparatus and fixtures are being installed in all departments as none of the old fixtures will be moved into the new place. The cut over will be made on March 15, but this does not mean that the N. E. Tel. & Tel. Co. will give up its present location in the old B. & M. depot in Central street, for although the lease has expired some time ago it may be that the company will retain the building for some time for storage purposes.

Boston Firm May Lease Station

It is stated on good authority that a Boston firm is negotiating for the lease of the entire station. Local parties have visited the railroad company to lease all or part of the station but they could get no satisfactory answer. It appears the company is negotiating with outside parties who may also utilize the vacant land on the East side of George street for factory purposes. The location is ideal.



THE NEW TELEPHONE BUILDING ON APPLETON STREET

COMMUNITY COUNCIL

Chelmsford Men Want Car Sprinkler Service

The Chelmsford board of trade held a meeting last Thursday night and although the storm kept the attendance from being as large as was expected, the meeting proved very interesting to those present. President William J. Quigley was in the chair.

Many matters of interest to citizens of the town were discussed, among them: The election of John Adams as a fifth delegate to represent the town in the community council; the topic of car sprinkler service in No. Chelmsford; the proposed water supply for Chelmsford Centre, and the subject of the Whitman & Pratt rendering company in West Chelmsford. Much interest was shown in all the discussions and from the time that President Quigley opened the meeting until 10:15 the floor was taken by a speaker.

EIGHT MEN SAVED

Schooner Zaccheus Sherman Stranded Near Hatteras and Probably a Total Loss

NORFOLK, Va., March 1.—Capt. Scranton and seven men composing the crew of the three-master schooners Zaccheus Sherman were rescued from the vessel in a breeches buoy, late yesterday afternoon by life savers from the Gull Shoals, New Inlet and Chicamicomico stations.

The schooner stranded during a 70-mile southwest gale last night and was sighted by the lifesavers yesterday. The Sherman was lumber laden for New York. She is a total loss.

Kling Still Free Agent

KANSAS CITY, March 1.—Johnny Kling denied today the statement that he had signed a contract to play with Cincinnati the coming season.

"I have not received a contract from President Herrmann," Kling said. "The report from Cincinnati is news to me. The last time I heard from Herrmann was several weeks ago when he wrote that he would send a man here to talk business with me. I haven't seen the man yet."

Maynard Vilas Drowns Himself

BOSTON, March 1—The disappearance of Maynard Vilas, aged 27 years, an employe of the D. F. Munroe Paper Company a few days ago, was explained last night when word was received by his landlady in Newton that he had committed suicide in Lebanon, N. H. He jumped into the Mascoma river and drowned. Despondency over poor health was the cause of Vilas' act.

Vilas had lived with the Emerson family at 56 Richardson sreet, Newton, for some time. He was an intimate acquaintance of Miss Emilie Frances Emerson, who received word of his death last night.

At one time Vilas was secretary of the Newton high school. He was a Dartmouth college student, but left that institution on account of ill health.

"HIKERS" ENJOY REST

Suffragettes Are Nursing Sore Feet

WASHINGTON, March 1.—General Rosalie Jones and her thoroughly tired and footsore band of suffragist hikers today are enjoying the first real rest they have had since they left New York more than two weeks ago. When they retired last night wearied to the point of exhaustion but exultant over their reception at the hands of the crowd that greeted their arrival at the capital all of them announced that they would lie abed late.

The coming of the hikers spurred the anti-suffragists to redoubled efforts in their opposition to the equal suffrage cause. Both organizations have an ambitious program of meetings and open air "revivals" scheduled for today.

Liquor Into Dry State

WASHINGTON, March 1.—When the house met today leaders favoring the Webb bill to prevent shipments of liquor into dry states, prepared for an effort to pass it over President Taft's veto of yesterday. The senate had repassed the bill over the president's disapproval by a wide margin over the necessary two-thirds. Reps. Clayton and Webb, leading supporters of the measure in the house, declaring their belief in its constitutionality prepared for an effort to follow the upper body's action.

DO you wish to improve your complexion, hands and hair? If you wish a skin clear of pimples, blackheads and other annoying eruptions, hands soft and white, hair live and glossy, and scalp free from dandruff and itching, begin today the regular use of Cuticura Soap for the toilet, bath and shampoo, assisted by an occasional light application of Cuticura Ointment. No other method is so agreeable, so often effective and so economical in treating poor complexions, red, rough hands, and dry, thin and falling hair. Liberal sample of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment sent free with 32-page Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura," Dept. 44, Boston.

THE MALTED CEREAL CO.'S

Malt Breakfast Food

IS A SUPERIOR BREAKFAST CEREAL

Made solely of parched and granulated wheat combined with a special product of wheat flour and barley malt. This special product added to the parched wheat gives a deliciously sweet, nutty flavor to the food, and increases the food value. 30 large portions cooked food for 15c.

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION VISITS TEXTILE SCHOOL

A. G. CUMNOCK
Chairman Board of Trustees

The committee on education from the legislature came to Lowell last evening and visited the Lowell Textile school. It was the committee's annual visit and it made the third visit for at least two of its members. Rep. Fred Parker Greenwood of Everett has been a member of the committee on education for a number of years and he said last night that every piece of machinery in the school looked familiar to him. Somebody has asked the reason of the committee's annual visit and the answer is that the committee represents the state and the state provides an annual appropriation for the school. Just how generous the legislature will be with the school depends in a great measure, of course, upon the report of the committee on education.

Friday night is not the best night in the week for visitors at the Textile school. If they would drop around on Tuesday or Thursday night they would find a busier school than on Friday night, which is an off night. There were probably 200 boys and girls in the school last night, but scattered here and there through the great building, one would not realize that there were so many at work. On Tuesday and Thursday nights that number is more than doubled.

The committee on education arrived in Lowell on the 5 o'clock train from Boston last evening and had supper at the Richardson hotel, where they remained over night. The visitors arrived at the Textile school about 8 o'clock and were met by President A. G. Cumnock, Clerk James T. Smith and Principal Eames, who escorted them through the school, from room to room, explaining as they went. Rep. Greenwood was able to do a little explaining himself and when he entered the woolen worsted department he pointed to a machine and asked when it arrived. He was told that the machine had been installed but a short time ago. "I knew it wasn't here last year," he said.

Mr. Cumnock made a proud eye-survey of the room and turning to the visitors, said: "The comonwealth does not own a particle of this machinery. It was given to the school by manufacturers and there is more coming. I asked a manufacturer once why he gave the machinery to the school and he said he considered it good advertising. He said that the Textile school student of today would be the buyer or the manufacturer tomorrow. He said he liked, too, to place his machines where their real worth could be tested."

Those of the committee who had not visited the school before were mightily interested in the work of the boys and girls and they had many nice things to say about the school. In one of the rooms visited where about thirty boys were busy at their desks, Mr. Cumnock asked those who had worked all day to raise their hands and every boy in the room shot a hand into the air. All of them were not Lowell boys. Some of them came from Lawrence, Haverhill, Andover, No. Andover and other surrounding towns. One young man who was busily engaged at a machine that seemed to move very smoothly, said that he came from Boston and right beside him was a young man from Gloucester.

The state board of education and the board of economy and efficiency have inspected the Lowell Textile school within the last few months. The state board is preparing a report on the three textile schools of the state and it is expected that the report will be out within a week or two. The statement has been made that in all probability the legislature would not act on textile school appropriations until the report of the state board of education has been issued.

Representatives Jewett, Achin and Toomey accompanied the committee on education on its visit to the school. There are no Lowell men on the committee on education. The committee is made up as follows: Senators Ross (chairman), Clark and Halley; Representative Haines (chairman), Greenwood, Wood, Armstrong, Sanborn of Norwood, Morrill, Grady and Lawler (clerk.)

The Lowell Textile school asks the commonwealth to appropriate the sum of $34,438.13 to be applied to the purposes of the school for the last half of the school year, beginning January 1, 1913, and ending June 30, 1913, and the further sum of $50,000 for the same purposes for the fiscal year of said school beginning July 1, 1913, and ending June 30, 1914. Additional money is asked in the following resolves accompanying the petition of A. G. Cumnock for legislation relative to the Lowell Textile school.

To Provide for Certain Payments to the Lowell Textile School for a Term of Years

Resolved, That there shall annually be paid out of the treasury of the commonwealth to the trustees of the Lowell Textile school for the term of ten years, beginning with the first day of July, 1913, the sum of $65,000, to be expended under the direction of the corporation for the general purposes of the Lowell Textile school.

Resolved, That the further sum of $48,812.43 shall be likewise so paid during the current year, of which $32,500 shall be for the maintenance of the said school for the period from Jan 1, 1913, to June 30, 1913, the fiscal year having been changed as above from calendar to school year, the sum of $6882.43 to meet a deficiency in revenues of 1912, the sum of $3630 for deficiency in appropriation for new boiler house and connections, and $6000 for alterations in construction to make more available existing floor space.

In Favor of Textile School

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the treasury of the commonwealth to the trustees of the Lowell Textile school the sum of $34,438.43, including deficiency of 1912, to be applied to the purposes of the school for the last half of the school year, beginning Jan. 1, 1913, and ending June 30, 1913, and the further sum of $50,000 for the same purposes for the fiscal year of said school beginning July 1, 1913, and ending June 30th, 1914. These two sums being required for the maintenance of said school for 18 months because of the change of the fiscal year of the corporation from calendar year to school year by chapter 445 of public acts of 1912.

The city of Lowell is hereby authorized to raise by taxation and pay to said trustees such sum of money, not exceeding $9000, as may be necessary to provide free evening instruction at said school for residents of Lowell.

Big Sale! Big Sale! Entire jewelry stock must be sold at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Fillon.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR

Voted by the Municipal Council—Reduction of the Water Rates Ordered

At its meeting yesterday the municipal council made the appropriations for the year, the total being $1,443,977 or $44,314 less than last year.

The reduction of 20 per cent. in water rates was voted to take effect today.

The lighting contract for six years was adopted.

At today's meeting the sub-apportionments were made.

The appropriations for this and last year are as follows:—

	1913	1912
Dept. of Public Safety	$ 372,417	$ 363,481.92
Dept. of Public Property	128,810	137,236.00
Fire Department	187,000	191,755.00
Dept. Streets and Highways	282,000	286,500.00
Dept. of Finance	57,700	56,740.00
School Dept.	385,000	420,983.57
Commissioners' Salaries	10,000	10,000.00
Commissioners' Incidentals	2,500	4,131.00
Memorial Day	1,350	1,350.00
Band Concerts	700	700.00
Labor Day	1,000	—
Public Library	14,500	14,500.00
July Fourth	1,000	913.56
Totals	$1,443,977	$1,488,291.05

TODAY'S MEETING

Of Municipal Council Dealing With Subdivisions of the Appropriation Made Late Yesterday Afternoon

At a meeting of the municipal council held this forenoon Alderman Barrett branded a statement made by Ald. Brown as an "absolute falsehood." The rather unpleasant episode had to do with the fire department appropriation, Mr. Brown contending that more money was appropriated this year than was expended last year and that about $17,000 of last year's total appropriation, $191,735.00, had not been expended. It was then that the ugly word was passed. Alderman Barrett stating that the extra money had been set aside for the payment of motor propelled fire apparatus. He said that Commissioner Brown well knew that money appropriated this year could not be used

Continued to page nine

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Copper	69⅝	68⅞	69⅜
Am Can	35¼	35¼	35¼
Am Ca pnf	125¼	124¾	124¾
Am Car & Fn	49¾	48¾	49¾
Am Car & Fn pf	116	116	116
Am Locomo	35½	35½	35½
Am Smelt & R	69¾	68⅞	69¾
Am Smelt &R pf	103⅝	102⅝	103⅝
Anaconda	36¾	35⅞	36½
Atchison	102	101⅞	102
Atch pf	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
Balt & Ohio	101⅜	100⅞	100⅞
Bk Rap Tran	89¾	89¼	89¼
Canadian Pa	23⅞	23¾	23¾
Cast I Pipe	13½	13½	13½
Cent Leather	26⅜	25⅞	25⅞
Ches & Ohio	73¾	73⅛	73⅜
Chi & Gt W	15	15	15
Col Fuel	33⅜	33⅛	33⅛
Consol Gas	132½	131½	132½
Del & Hudson	160½	160½	160½
Erie	27⅜	27½	27½
Erie 1st pf	43½	43½	43½
Gen Elec	139¾	139	139
Gt North pf	126⅜	126⅛	126⅜
Gt N Ore ctf	35½	35½	35½
Int Met com	17½	17	17
Int Met pf	58½	58¼	58¼
Kan & Tex	25⅝	25¾	25⅝
Lehigh Valley	156½	155¾	156½
Louis & Nash	133⅜	133⅛	133⅜
Missouri Pa	37¾	37¾	37¾
N Y Central	106¼	106¼	106¼
Nor & West	105½	105⅛	105½
No Am Co	79¾	79¼	79¾
North Pac	116	115½	116
Pennsylvania	120¼	119½	120
Pressed Steel	27	26⅞	27
Ry St Sp Co	29	28	29
Reading	157	155⅞	156⅝
Rock Is	22¾	22⅜	22¾
Rock Is pf	38	38	38
St Paul	109	108¾	108¾
So Pac	99¾	99½	99¾
Southern Ry	26	25¾	26
Southern Ry pf	80½	80½	80½
Tenn Copper	37⅜	37	37⅜
Texas Pac	16½	15½	15½
Union Pac	153½	152½	152¾
Union Pac pf	84¾	84¾	84¾
U S Rub	62¾	62	63⅜
U S Steel	61⅛	60¼	60¼
U S Steel pf	107½	107½	107½
Utah Copper	54½	52½	54⅜
Wabash R R	4	3½	3½
Wab R R pf	11	10½	10½
Westinghouse	69⅞	69	69
Western Union	69	69	69
Wh & L Erie	6½	6½	6½

Money Market

NEW YORK, March 1.—Prime mercantile paper, 6. Sterling exchange, steady at 483.25 for 60 day bills and at 487.50 for demand. Commercial bills, 482¾. Bar Silver, 59 1-4. Mexican dollars, 45. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, steady.

Money on call nominal.

Time loans from 60 days, 4½-4¾; 90 days, 4¾; six months, 4¾-5.

Exchanges and Balances

BOSTON, March 1.—Exchanges, $34,168,434. Balances, $2,218,894. For one week. Exchanges, $188,959,185. Balances, $9,329,251.

LOW PRICES

AT OPENING OF STOCK MARKET TODAY

Corn Products Dropped—Wabash Issues Were Strong—Bonds Steady—Market Closed Firm

NEW YORK, March 1—When trading began on the stock exchange this morning prices of the majority of the leading issues showed signs of falling below yesterday's close. Corn products was the principal loser in this respect, its price dropping a point soon after the opening of trading. Other prominent market leaders, too, dropped from fractions to a point.

The downward movement was accelerated by reports that the government intended to begin proceedings against Corn Products. The pfd. stock of the company added 1½ to yesterday's late break of 4¼. Most standard stocks sagged half to 1 under yesterday's close and recovered partially. Pennsylvania was helped by its favorable January earnings. Wabash issues were strong.

The market closed firm. Consideration of the excellent January report made by a number of large railroads today and satisfactory trade reviews for the week overcame the temporary heaviness caused by reports of a government suit against the Corn Products Co. Business was light, owing to the imminence of the change in national administration and the possibility of a decision by the supreme court on Monday in the Minnesota rate case. Early losses, too, were confined to moderate limits and before the session ended the average price level rose above yesterday's close. Exceptional strength was displayed by the copper group. Bonds were steady.

Boston Market

BOSTON, March 1—A decided recovery in active trading marked the local copper market today. The close was at the highest. Copper Range 45½ up 1½; North Butte 27½, up 1.

Cotton Futures

	Opening	Close
March	12.33	12.21
April		12.06
May	12.06	
June		11.91
July	11.96	11.90
August	11.87	11.88
September		11.80
October	11.53	11.50
November		11.15
December	11.52	
January	11.47	11.41

Clearing House

NEW YORK, March 1.—The statement of actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they held 2,690,250 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of $10,453,400 from last week.

BOSTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
RAILROADS			
Boston Elevated	108½	108½	108½
Boston & Maine	90	90	90
N Y & N H	127	126	126
MINING			
Algomah	1¼	1¼	1¼
Arizona Com	3⅝	3½	3½
Cal & Arizona	62¼	60¾	62
Cal & Hecla	450	450	450
Chino	38¾	37⅞	38¾
Copper Range	46¼	44¼	45½
E Butte	12¼	12	12
Franklin	6¼	6	6¼
Giroux	3	3	3
Granby	61	60	61
Greene-Cananea	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
Hancock	18½	18½	18½
Indiana	12	12	12
La Salle	3⅞	3¾	3⅞
Mayflower	9¾	9¾	9¾
Mohawk	50	49¾	50
Nevada	17¾	17¼	17¾
North Butte	27½	26¾	27½
Old Colony	5¾	5¾	5¾
Old Dominion	48	47½	48
Osceola	88¼	87	88¼
Ray Con	17⅝	17⅝	17¾
Shannon	11	10⅝	11
Superior	28¼	27¾	28¼
Superior & Boston	4	3⅞	4
Utah Cons	9½	9½	9½
Wolverine	67	67	67
TELEPHONE			
Am Tel & Tel	133⅜	132½	132½
MISCELLANEOUS			
Am Pneu pf	21	21	21
Mass Gas pf	94	94	94
United Fruit	170¾	170	170¾
United Sh M pf	28	28	28
UNLISTED SECURITIES			
Am Ag Chem pf	97½	97½	97½
Am Woolen pf	78½	78½	78½
American Zinc	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞
Bos & Corbin	6½	6	6½
Butte & Superior	31½	30⅞	31½
Lake Copper	17	15½	17
Miami Cop	22½	22½	22½
Powder Creek	23¾	23¾	23¾
Swift & Co	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝
U S Smelting	33½	32½	32½

BOSTON CURB MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Alaska Gold	14	13½	14
Bay State Gas	21	21	21
Butte Central	8½	8	8½
Calaveras	3	2	3
Cortez	35	35	35
Eagle & Blue Bell	1	90c	90c
First National	2½	2⅛	2⅛
Goldfield Cons	2¾	2¾	2¾
Houghton Copper	4¾	4⅝	4⅝
Laramie	1	1	1
Lion Hill Mines	50	49	50
Majestic	47	46	46
Mexican Metals	1⅝	1¾	1⅝
Nevada Douglas	2½	2½	2½
New Baltic	92	85	92
United Verde	71	70	71

Cotton Spot

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling Uplands 12.70. Middling Gulf 12.95. No sales.

IMPORTANT TEXTILE SCHOOL BILL

Introduced by John Jacob Rogers—State Asked to Reimburse Cities and Towns

Congressman John Jacob Rogers had introduced in the legislature a bill to provide for the free instruction of students in the evening classes of the textile schools. The bill is an important one for Lowell, inasmuch as it seeks to lessen the city's burden in connection with the Lowell Textile school by having the commonwealth reimburse cities and towns sending pupils to the Lowell school. A tuition is paid at the present time, but the state does not reimburse the city or town from which the pupils come. If the state would reimburse the cities and towns it is believed that a greater number of boys and girls would attend and if the school could succeed in increasing its attendance the city of Lowell would be benefited. Mr. Rogers' bill and other bills having to do with the Lowell Textile school will be heard before the committee on education at the state house Monday forenoon at 10:30 o'clock. The Rogers bill reads as follows:

Section 1. Any resident of any city or town in Massachusetts may make application for admission to the evening classes of any textile school established and maintained under the provision of chapter 475 of the acts of the year 1895 or of chapter 299 of the acts of the year 1899, as amended. The board of education, whose decision shall be final, shall approve or disapprove such application.

Section 2. The city or town in which the person resides who has been admitted as above provided to such textile school, shall pay such tuition fee as may be fixed by the board of education; and the commonwealth shall reimburse such city or town, as hereinafter provided. If any city or town neglects or refuses to pay for such tuition, it shall be liable therefor in an action of contract to the trustees of the textile school aggrieved.

Section 3. Cities and towns that have paid claims for tuition in such textile schools as hereinbefore provided, shall be reimbursed by the commonwealth to the extent of one half the sums expended by such cities and towns in payment of such claims.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

AT THE HIGHLAND CLUB

Enjoyable "Stag Party" Held Last Night

The members of the Highland club of this city held another of their pleasing "stag parties" last night and enjoyed a well rendered entertainment. Some of Lowell's best known and most popular singers were present to assist in the program and they included Messrs. Andrew McCarthy, John Dalton, Edward Shea, Commissioner James Donnelly, with Dick Noonan doing remarkably good work as accompanist at the piano.

Following the entertainment, a buffet lunch was served down stairs, by Herbert E. Webster, steward of the club, and this proved to be no small feature of the evening's gathering. The members highly enjoy these parties and look forward to them with a great deal of pleasure. They have in every instance been very successful.

The committee in charge of the event of last night included the following: A. G. McCurdy, Frederick G. Woodworth, John W. Kernan, William E. Potter and Herbert E. Webster.

Stop, Look, Listen. The greatest legitimate jewelry sale ever held in Lowell, now going on at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Fillon.

REPORT OF DEATHS

Report of deaths for the week ending March 1, 1913:

Feb.
18 Leonard Steele, 60, cerebral hemorrhage.
19 Charles L. Parker, 75, arterio sclerosis.
Dianah M. Perry, 65, carcinoma.
20 Joseph Desjardins, 52, pulm. tuberculosis.
Alexandre Descoteaux, 73, cancer of stomach.
Gladys H. Seeley, 3 m., intestinal obstruction.
21 Julia Glode, 96, accident.
22 Bridget Twohey, 87, cerebral hemorrhage.
Harry H. Penniman, 25, tuberculosis of lungs.
Charlotte Ellis, 97, old age.
James O'Sullivan, 62, endocarditis.
Marie B. Hubert, 6 days, atelectasis.
Veronica Sullivan, 2 m., pertussis.
Lewis Spellman, 61, hemiplegia.
Dorothy R. Bean, 4, diphtheria.
Stefania Yoinas, 1 m., pneumonia.
Anna O'Brien, 58, myocarditis.
23 Joseph O'Callahan, 40, pulm. tuberculosis.
John F. Paully, 3 m., convulsions.
George Baverek, 1 d., cyanosis.
Maude E. Douglass, 46, bronchopneumonia.
Alfred Dubois, 13, Bright's disease.
24 Eustache Baribeault, 92, prostatitis.
William Forrester, 35, accidental poisoning.
Chelsea Coulillard, 44, pulm. tuberculosis.
Leo Thellen, 6 m., gastro-enteritis.
Charles H. Richardson, 70, oedema of lungs.
25 Thomas C. Vaughan, 44, pneumonia.
Marion Fitzgerald, 7 m., gastro-enteritis.
Thomas McCormick, 32, accident.
26 Rosanna Bechard, 18, chronic nephritis.
John E. McCullum, 67, cerebral abscess.
Sophie Menard, 63, Endocarditis.
Sarah W. Caverno, 1, croup.
Joseph A. Rochette, 3 days, congenital debility.
Henry C. Bee, 57, nephritis.
Frank Cohane, 1 min., asphyxiation.
27 Ariat Kinney, 76, arthritis.
Bridget Lynch, 73, arterio-sclerosis.
Anna M. Riley, 61, gastric ulcer.
Edward Donoghue, 66, arterio-sclerosis.
28 Rena Ariagno, 15 m., membranous croup.
Marie B. Latendresse, 4 broncho-pneumonia.

Stephen Flynn, City Clerk.
City Clerk

Jewelry at given away prices at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Fillon.

Church Notes

Rev. F. W. Lockwood of Cambridge will occupy the pulpit at the First Baptist church during both morning and evening services tomorrow.

At the Immanual Baptist church tomorrow morning the Rev. C. M. Fogg of Newton will deliver a sermon on the subject "Christian Co-operation." In the evening the same preacher will speak on "The Temptations of Jesus and Their Significance."

Mrs. Joseph Sheppard of Boston will address the Kirk street church tomorrow on the subject "How the Other Half Lives."

Big Sale! Big Sale! Entire jewelry stock must be sold at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Fillon.

DWYER & CO.
PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS
Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 170 Appleton street.

STATE INSPECTOR BUSY

Examination in This City on Thursday

The board of engineers from Boston will be at the state boiler inspector's office in Central block on Thursday of next week to assist in examining the many applicants that apply at the first of the month. No applicant will be examined unless he has received notice to appear at the office on that date. Although many of the mills of Lowell are reported as not running on full time the state inspector is kept as busy as ever.

MATHEWS ARE ACTIVE

Rev. Dr. Keleher to Speak Tomorrow

Rev. Dr. D. J. Keleher, pastor of St. Peter's church, will deliver another of those interesting and instructive lectures before the members of the Mathew Temperance Institute of this city in their rooms in Dutton street, tomorrow afternoon, and apparently the usual large attendance will continue. These lectures have been a source of untold pleasure to those who have heard them for they have dealt with the most timely and up-to-date subjects, topics of importance to every citizen and every Catholic having been thoroughly discussed in a very thoughtful as well as interesting manner by Fr. Keleher. The members of the M. T. I. look forward to the coming of Sunday afternoon with a deal of pleasurable anticipation for they are ever eager to hear the popular clergyman speak.

Those in charge of the Easter Monday social and dancing party are working hard for the success of the event and every indication seems to point to a record event. In past years these affairs of the Mathews have been largely patronized by the young people of Lowell are well aware of the fact that they are always assured of a good time and they appreciate the efforts of the institute to entertain. Gilmore's orchestra will furnish the music.

The M. T. I. Bachelor girls are rehearsing regularly for their grand musical review which they will present to the public of this city. For them, too, this promises to be an event of record success and patronage for they are always great favorites with the people of Lowell who have enjoyed their entertainments on many former occasions. The rehearsals are being held every Sunday and Thursday evenings.

A CHILD'S WASTE CLOGGED BOWELS.

Makes It Cross, Peevish, Restless and Feverish—If Tongue Is Coated Give "Syrup of Figs."

Children dearly love to take delicious "Syrup of Figs" and nothing else cleans and regulates their tender little stomachs, liver and 30 feet of bowels so promptly and thoroughly.

Children get bilious and constipated just like grown-ups. Then they get sick, the tongue is coated, stomach sour, breath bad; they don't eat or rest well; they become feverish, cross, irritable and don't want to play. Listen Mothers—for your child's sake don't force the little one to swallow nauseating castor oil, violent calomel or harsh irritants like Cathartic pills. A teaspoonful of Syrup of Figs will have your child smiling and happy again in just a few hours. Syrup of Figs will gently clean, sweeten and regulate the stomach, make the liver active and move on and out of the bowels all the constipated matter, the sour bile, the foul, clogged-up waste and poisons, without causing cramps or griping.

With Syrup of Figs you are drugging or injuring your children. Being composed entirely of luscious figs, senna and aromatics it cannot be harmful. Full directions for children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the package.

Ask your druggist for the full name "Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna" prepared by the California Fig Syrup Co. This is the delicious tasting, genuine old reliable. Refuse anything else offered.

REMOVED

C. M. SAUNDERS, Chiropedist, formerly at 90 Prescott Street has removed to

NEW SUN BUILDING

Take Elevator. Room 608.

GOING TO WASHINGTON

Lowell Men Going to the Inauguration

Lowell men will attend the inauguration of Woodrow Wilson as president of the United States on Tuesday next and will leave with a special party of 100 arranged by the democratic state committee, which leaves Boston tonight at 11.30 o'clock. Those who will go from Lowell are Humphrey O'Sullivan, Hon. James B. Casey, and John V. Donoghue of The Sun. It was but a few days ago that Mr. O'Sullivan had a conference with the president-elect and it was taken for granted then that he would attend the inaugural exercises as one of the prominent leaders in national democratic circles. Ex-Mayor Casey is one of the original Wilson men hereabouts. He pinned his faith and allegiance to the Wilson standard early in the game and it is but fitting that he should join that other company of loyal Wilson men in the Bay State who stuck to Wilson when his candidacy was anything but rosy.

The party of one hundred will leave Boston in a special train and will arrive in New York at 7 o'clock Sunday morning, allowing a five hour stop in the metropolis, the party will take the train at 12 o'clock and travel over the Royal Blue line, arriving in the capital at 5.30 o'clock. All arrangements have been made for hotel accommodations and other incidentals and it is expected that the official party from the Old Bay State will have a fine time. Banquets and happy meetings will be the order of the day and one of the first on the program is a dinner to National Committeeman John W. Coughlin of Fall River. The Lowell men will be quartered at The Cochran, a splendidly appointed hotel overlooking the White House. The party will return in about a week.

Press despatches received indicate that the inaugural will be a brilliant one in every sense of the word, the illumination, it is said, being the grandest ever attempted in any city in the world.

Co. C Members Going

Three Lowell members of Co. C, sixth infantry are taking advantage of the opportunity given the members of the National Guard to attend the coming inaugural exercises at Washington. First Sergeant William A. Boyle, Quartermaster Sergeant Wilfred J. Benoit and Corporal Emile Hartman are the citizen soldiers from Lowell who will see Woodrow Wilson inaugurated as president of the United States on next Tuesday. The party leaves Lowell late this afternoon and will arrive in Worcester about 8 o'clock, where they will join the boys of Co. D, sixth regiment, who arrived there from Fitchburg at about the same time. The Lowell boys will accompany them back from Washington after the inauguration.

To Bring Thaw to Albany

ALBANY, March 1.—Another habeas corpus writ has been obtained in behalf of Harry K. Thaw. On the application of Charles Kennedy of this city Supreme Court Justice Gay this afternoon signed a writ directing the acting superintendent of the Matteawan state hospital for the criminal insane to produce the slayer of Stanford White before a justice of the supreme court in this city. The date for the return of the writ was not stated, in the petition but it is thought that Thaw will be brought here on Monday or Tuesday next.

Attachments

The Banker and Tradesman records the following attachments:

Callahan, John F., Dracut—Fred Peterkat, $4,000.

Cleary, John J., Lowell—Chas. L. Quirk, $4,000.

Lowell Weaving Co., Lowell—Thos. W. Morrison, $5,000.

Lowell Weaving Co., Lowell—Arthur J. Morrison, $15,000.

Shannon, John T., New Bedford—Julian Valcour, $16,000.

Wheelock, Andrew C. est., Lowell—Pratt & Forrest Co., $400.

MANY CASES ON DOCKET

The Grand Jury Session Opens Here March 3

The following are the cases to be tried before the grand jury which will hold session at the court house in Gorham street, Lowell, on the first Monday in March:

Harvey W. Burnett, several counts of breaking and entering and larceny, alleged to have been committed in cottages and camps in and near Tyngsboro, the victims including several Lowell men.

Thomas J. Burns and Martin P. Dunn charged with breaking and entering and larceny, in whose trial, Judge Enright recently found probable cause and held them for the grand jury. They are alleged to have broken into the room of Alfred Dube and to have taken therefrom a watch, some jewelry and a small sum of money.

Thomas J. Burns, the same mentioned in connection with Dunn, breaking and entering and larceny.

Edward Gray, breaking and entering and larceny, another Lowell case.

George Glatas and Theodore Glatas, two brothers who conduct a tailor shop in Market street, alleged to have defaulted a woman of a sum amounting to approximately $600; also a case recently.

Matthias Silva, larceny, who it is alleged defaulted a society of part of its funds.

School Children Visit State House

Principal Green of the Moody school, together with about 20 of the boys of the upper grade of the school, left this morning on the 7:45 o'clock car for Boston, where they will visit the state house, Faneuil hall, the art museum, Old South church and other points of interest. A short time ago Mr. Green took a delegation of the girls on a similar tour of inspection. These trips are highly enjoyed by the boys and girls, who have looked forward to them with a great deal of pleasure.

FUNERALS

BECHARD—The funeral of Miss Rosanna Bechard, a high school student, took place this morning from the home of her parents, 84 Twelfth street and was largely attended. High mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Louis' church at 8 o'clock by Rev. R. A. Fortier. The choir was under the direction of Oliver J. David. Miss Ida Mongrain presiding at the organ. The bearers were six classmates of deceased, F. H. Alexander, W. B. Riley, L. E. Burkhoss, D. R. Buehan, W. E. Wilson and G. E. Wilson. Among the flowers were the following sprays: Joseph and Charles; Florence, Winnifred, Jeannette, Joseph Dalgle and family; wreath, bookkeepers and clerks from Saunders' market; spray, Alice and May Beard; wreath, John, Frank and Agnes Maher; spray, Richard Ryan and family; spray, teachers from the high school, C. W. Irish, Miss Rodliff, Mr. Dennett, Mr. Burtt, Miss Huntoon and Miss Stevens. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Amedee Archambault.

MENARD—The funeral of Mrs. Sophie Menard took place today from her home, 750 Merrimack street. Solemn high mass was celebrated at 9 o'clock at St. Joseph's church by Rev. Joseph M. Blais, O. M. I., who was assisted by Rev. Jerome Diss, O. M. I., as deacon and Rev. Guillaume Ouellette, O. M. I. as sub deacon. The choir was under the direction of Mr. Frank Gourdeau, Mrs. Joseph A. Bernard presiding at the organ. The bearers were: F. Rivet, R. Vaillancourt, E. Levesque, G. April, L. Paquin and H. Comtois. There was a delegation from St. Anne's sodality, of which deceased was a member. The out-of-town relatives attending the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. E. Levesque and Mrs. S. Trudel of Hamilton, Ont., and Miss Blanche Menard of New York. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Amedee Archambault.

TO WELCOME NEW PRESIDENT

All Arrangements Completed for Inauguration—Buildings Decorated

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Ready to welcome a new president next Monday and to inaugurate him the following day, Washington was draped today in all its patriotic finery and every incoming train poured in crowds of the visiting advance guard.

Cadets from the Georgia military academy and Culver military academy of Indiana raced into the city at an early hour for the honor of being first to arrive among the organizations which are to march in the inaugural parade. The boys from the south and west arrived at about the same time and paraded the streets throughout the day.

Vice President-elect Marshall welcomed the Culver cadets in front of his hotel early in the day. The boys are to act as his official guard throughout the inauguration ceremonies. After saluting the future vice president, the cadets followed by the boys from Georgia marched through the court of honor in front of the White House and then through the corridors of the treasury building.

Before noon the expected rush of arrivals for the first democratic inauguration in 20 years was on in earnest and the streets of the city were filled with the van guard.

The new vice president who had his official day of welcome yesterday, was at the capitol today and looked in on the quarters he is to occupy within a few days as president of the senate. Mr. Marshall was greeted in the marble room of the senate wing by democratic and republican senators alike, and spent an hour informally receiving congratulations.

Final preparations were more for the welcome of President-elect Wilson Monday afternoon. Mr. Wilson and his family will reach the Union station at 3.45 o'clock in the afternoon. After a short reception in the presidential room at the station they will be driven to their hotel in carriages escorted by the Essex troop of New Jersey and the Princeton students who accompany him in a special train. In the early evening the Wilson family will have a strictly private dining room at their hotel.

"BRAINS" OF CHICAGO ARSON GANG

NEW YORK, March 1.—John Danies, proprietor of a roadhouse in the Bronx, was arrested here shortly before midnight on a charge of complicity in Chicago arson cases. The police surrounded Danies' hotel, where cabaret singers and dancers were entertaining several automobile parties and were about to seize Danies when he attempted flight through the woods behind his house. A mounted policeman stopped him at a revolver's point. The police say he was indicted in Chicago on Feb. 24 and that he is accused of being the "brains" of the arson gang there. While Danies was listening to the reading of the indictments his wife protested.

"All that's foolish," she cried. "Jack and I have been running this house for seven years. He is never away from home except on business. He is a traveling man and is often away. There is nothing to this."

Danies had nothing to say. He is 53 years old and of good address. He was locked up as a fugitive from justice and will be held pending the granting of extradition papers.

The indictments against Danies, said Detective Charles Furthman, representing the Cook county state's attorney office, were found following the confessions of Samuel Rothenberg and Joseph Udolph, his partners in the alleged arson business.

In Chicago Danies was known as "the captain" because he was supposed to be the very brains of the Chicago gang. Some of his aliases were John Kubizak, John Davies and John Kubitz. Until four years ago he had a place of business on Ashland avenue, Chicago. At the same time he was running this roadhouse. He often got to Chicago as a traveling man.

This place was burned out. In other words, Danies from New York, the evidence before the district attorney shows, directed the workings of the arson gang in Chicago, the detective declared.

If the confessions of Rothenberg and Udolph can be believed an arson gang which has operated in every part of the country is run to earth.

In Chicago Danies was looked upon as a respectable business man. He left his business there frequently in the care of some one else.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

HAVANA, March 1.—Giapriano Castro sailed for Key West this morning on board the steamer Gov. Cobb on his way to Washington to attend the inauguration of the president.

BIG RAPIDS, Mich., March 1—After deliberating all yesterday afternoon and the greater part of last night, a jury found Mrs. Lydia Van Tassell, aged 70, not guilty of the murder of William Akley, her 80 year old employer.

VERA CRUZ, March 1.—The false report published in America that one Mexican fisherman had been killed and three wounded by shots from the American battleships engaged in target practice off this port was based on the fact that some laborers at Alvarado, 30 miles to the south of Vera Cruz had attempted to break an unexploded shell from a Mexican gunboat with the result that one of them was killed and three hurt by the ensuing explosion.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Several democratic leaders in congress known to enjoy the confidence of President-elect Wilson delard today thy wr confiee Wilson declared today they were confident that Henry Jackson Waters, president of the Kansas State Agricultural college at Manhattan, Kansas, was foremost in the presidential-elect's consideration for the post of secretary of agriculture.

CHICAGO, March 1.—Fifteen hundred white men and three hundred negroes live off the earnings of "white slaves" and women of the underworld in Chicago, according to testimony given today by a former "cadet." The witness, who was listed as "H. R." said his knowledge had been gathered in years of investigation. His story was told to the state commission investigating vice conditions in Chicago and other Illinois cities.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Y. M. C. I. Meeting

President James Gilligan has urged a large attendance at the regular weekly meeting of the Young Men's Catholic Institute which is to take place tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock in their headquarters in Stackpole street. Important business will be brought up for action by the members of the organization at this session and it is urged that a large number of the members attend. There will be reports by various committees on their work in the tournaments and in the social and dance which is to take place after Easter. The institute is experiencing an unusually rapid stage in its growth at present and at each succeeding meeting many new members are admitted. There have been several additions to the club rooms and the subscription fund which is being gotten up is growing wonderfully. Several new additions and improvements to the rooms are contemplated and will become realities at an early date.

To Dissolve Corn Refining Co.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Dissolution of the Corn Products Refining Co., an alleged starch, glucose and syrup trust, is sought by the federal government in a civil anti-trust suit filed here today charging the $80,000,000 combination with entering conspiracies and contracts to destroy competition in violation of the Sherman law. It is alleged to have kept the prices of Corn Products at unreasonably low figures to harass and discourage independent manufacturers.

Controlling 68 per cent. of the entire American production of starch and glucose and 80 per cent. of the interstate trade in mixed syrups, the alleged trust is charged with fixing re-sale prices; with manufacturing cheap grade candy at unreasonably low prices in retaliation on confectioners who buy starch and glucose from independents; with practically suppressing the private brands of mixed syrups of grocers by quoting low prices on its own syrups; and with unlawful threats and contract to destroy competition.

Robbery of $272,000

ATLANTA, Ga., March 1.—J. M. Harris, alias J. Montague, was identified here last night by private detectives as one of the men reputed to have been connected with the robbery of the bank of Montreal at New Westminster, B. C., of $272,000, according to a police announcement. Harris also is believed to be one of the men who attacked Police Lieut. Barnard Burns in a Chicago saloon last September, the authorities say. Identification of the accused man here was made by photographs and Bertillon measurements.

Boys March Through Fire

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., March 1.—The efficiency of fire drills among school children was demonstrated here yesterday when fifty boys who attend school at the Seminary of St. Joseph marched out in orderly fashion, despite the fact that flames were shooting under their feet and the room was full of smoke.

The afternoon session was well under way when smoke began to issue through the cracks of the floor. The Sister of Charity in charge called the children to form a line. By the time she gave the order to march flames were around the children's feet, but the youngsters, the oldest being 14, bravely followed the lead of one of the sisters, while the other sister remained in the room until the last child was safely out.

The local department had arrived by this time and soon had the flames under control.

REV. W. GEORGE MULLIN

Chaplain of Lowell Council, K. of C., to Give Lecture Before Members in the Council Tomorrow

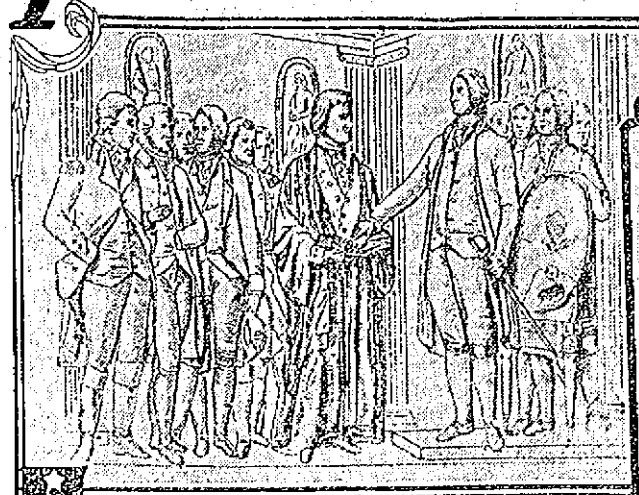
Rev. W. George Mullin, chaplain of the K. of C., will give the second of a series of talks before the members in the council chambers tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Treasury Touched

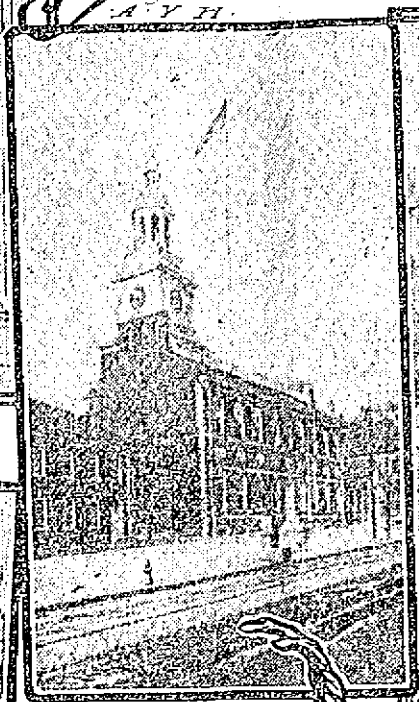
The sum of $9551.34 was paid out of the city treasury today and this amount represented the salary draft for the month of February.

INAUGURATION DAYS OF LONG AGO

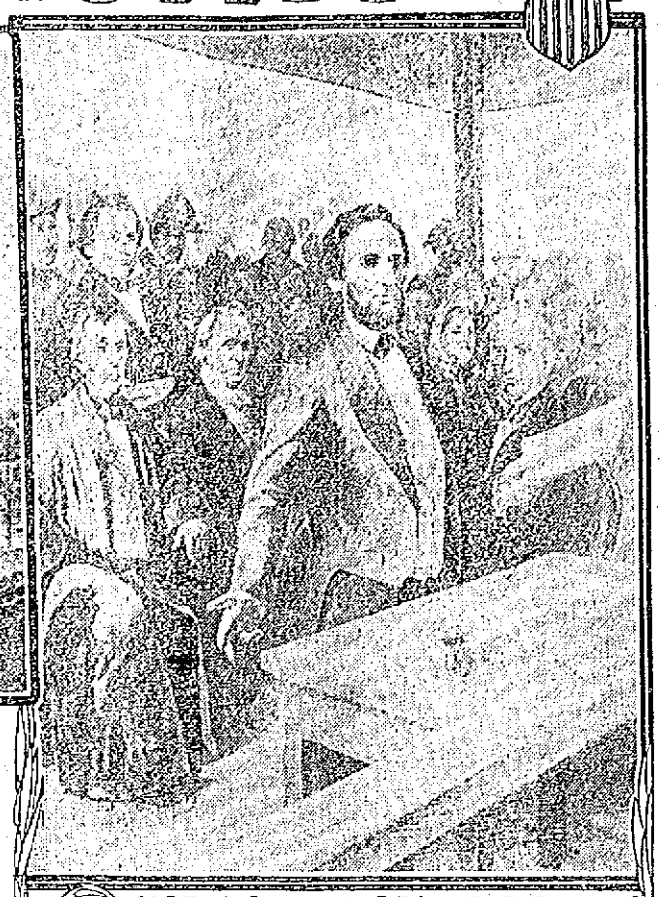
A. V. H.



Old Print Showing Washington's First Inauguration at the Old Federal Building in New York City April 30, 1789



Independence Hall Philadelphia, where Washington's Second Inauguration took Place - John Adams was also Inaugurated There (From an Old Print)



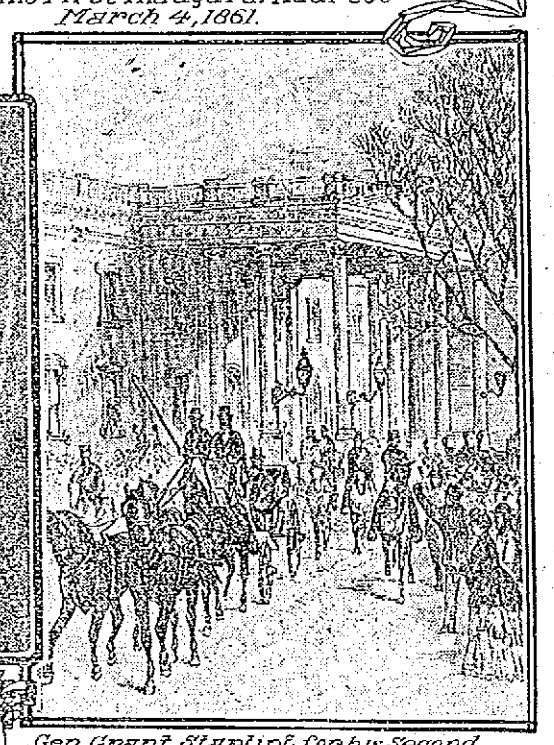
Old Print Showing Lincoln Delivering his First Inaugural Address March 4, 1861.

Van Buren's Inauguration in 1837 Caused Such a Rush to Washington that People were Glad to Sleep Anywhere (From a Newspaper of that Period)

Washington Society at Tea after the Inauguration of Zachary Taylor in 1849 (From an Old Print)

At the Inaugural Ball Given for the Inauguration of James Madison on March 4 1809 The First Inaugural Ball (From an Old Print of that Period)

Mrs. Dolly Madison Wife of President James Madison the First White House Lady to Grace an Inaugural Ball (From an Old Painting)



Gen Grant Starting for his Second Inauguration, March 4 1873 (From a Newspaper of that Day)

THE ceremonies attending the inaugurations of the present day form a striking contrast to those in the early days of the Republic and even those preceding the Civil War. In former times the simplicity of the display was in keeping with our democratic institutions, but now every succeeding inauguration tries in some way to exceed the preceding one until the installation of a new President to his high office and great responsibilities is almost lost sight of in the elaborate and oftimes gorgeous show of military, political and social clubs. It is now an affair of pomp and pageantry rather than a mere change in the personality of the Chief Executive. This departure from the custom and practice of bygone days is not in accord with the views of many of our citizens, and the desire of President-elect Wilson to return to the plain ceremonies of former times finds a responsive chord in the breasts of those who long for a return to the methods in keeping with the spirit of the common people of our country.

The taking of the oath of office by a man who has been chosen by the vote of the people to direct the destinies of a country so great as our own is a solemn occasion, for in no other land are the duties of the Chief Executive so arduous. The United States is rapidly becoming the melting pot of European nations for the immigration to our shores is rapidly increasing and with it comes new problems, and no man realizes this more fully than President-elect Wilson. In these days of strikes and labor agitation when anarchy seizes upon every display of wealth or lavish expenditure of money as an excuse for inflammatory speeches to excite the passions of the weaker minds these displays do more harm than good. From the time of the inauguration of George Washington on April 30th, 1789, up to the present day the desire of the incoming President as to the ceremonies has been followed more or less, and from the records of the inaugurations it seems clear that no two have been alike in their tastes. Naturally, the first ladies of the land have been consulted by their husbands and their wishes in the matter have been respected.

In the early days traveling was a difficult proposition and the crowds were not large. The inauguration of the first President of the new born Republic was spectacular in the extreme owing to the fact that the capital of the country was at that time located in New York and the entrance of the President was made from the river. Traveling was slow and Washington arrived on April 29th, which resulted in the festivities covering a period of two days. His entrance to New York was made on a barge which was decorated with flags and flowers and manned by thirteen masters of vessels representing the thirteen States. As the vessel neared Bedloes Island a large sloop sailed close to the barge and moved with it toward the shore. Twenty ladies and gentlemen who were on board the sloop sang an original ode of praise to Washington, the words being set to the tune of "God Save the King." Just as the singers finished their ode a school of porpoises appeared in the midst of the little fleet which was following the barge and began bobbing up and down as though inquiring the reason for so much commotion in the quiet waters of the harbor. As the barge neared the shore salutes were fired. Washington stepped ashore and was greeted by Governor Clinton and his staff, many of whom had been officers under Washington. A dinner with Governor Clinton followed, after which Washington retired to the Presidential house on Cherry Street for the night. At nine o'clock on the morning of the thirtieth the bells of all the churches in the city were rung in honor of the crowning scene of the new Republic. Great throngs of people poured into New York, and before ten o'clock the old Federal Building was crowded. While the populace was gathering the Senate was in session discussing a very weighty question—that of how they should act when Washington appeared—whether they should sit or stand. Parliamentary precedent was sought in vain, and John Adams was finally left without instructions as to how to act when Washington arrived. Then came another hitch in the proceedings, for at the last moment Chancellor Livingston discovered that there was no Bible in the Federal Building and he hastily sent to a nearby Masonic Lodge and begged the loan of one. Washington was then conducted to an open gallery in front of the Senate Chamber with the Chancellor — he came to the front and the oath was read to him. The open Bible was lifted up, and the first President bowed his head and reverently kissed the Holy Book. Chancellor Livingston then cried out, "Long live George Washington, President of the United States!" The crowd took up the cry and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. The President then returned to the Senate Chamber where he delivered his inaugural address. When he entered the members arose and remained standing during the reading of the address, which consisted of only thirteen hundred words. Later the President went to St. Paul's Church, where prayers were said and the Te Deum sung, and at the close of the services retired to his official residence. At night there was an illumination and general rejoicing among the citizens. On the occasion of his inauguration Washington was attired in a suit of dark brown cloth with metal buttons on which eagles were embossed. His hair was dressed and powdered after the fashion of the day. His shoes were decorated with silver buckles and at his side was a sword.

When the second inauguration of Washington took place on March 4th, 1793, the capital had been moved to Philadelphia, and there in old Independence Hall he took the oath for a second time and delivered the shortest inaugural address on record, speaking only one hundred and thirty-two words in all. There was little display at this inauguration — Washington, however, was a picturesque figure and his arrival at the Hall in a coach drawn by six white horses created the wildest enthusiasm. On this occasion the President was dressed in a full suit of black velvet, the short trousers being ornamented with diamond knee-buckles. He wore black silk stockings and shoes decorated with silver buckles. In his hand he carried a plain cocked hat decorated with an American cockade, and his hair was powdered and gathered into a black silk bag on which was a bow of black ribbon. He wore a light dress sword with a green scabbard and a richly ornamented hilt.

John Adams became the Chief Executive in the old State House at Philadelphia on March 4th, 1797. This was one of the quiet inaugurations as there was no parade of any importance. The hall was filled with a brilliant assemblage of officials and society but the great mass of people seemed to take little interest in the affair. During the administration of Adams the capital was moved to Washington, where Thomas Jefferson took the oath of office on March 4th, 1801. Jefferson was a man of simple habits, with a strong dislike for ostentation, and accounts recorded of the ceremonies of his inauguration are meager. One eye-witness says, "His dress was of plain cloth, and he rode on horseback to the Capitol without a single guard or even a servant at his side, dismounted without assistance and hitched the bridle of his horse to the palisades." President Adams had left the city during the previous night. Jeffersonian simplicity prevailed in everything pertaining to this, the simplest inauguration on record. Little is to be found in reference to his second inauguration on March 4th, 1805, for Jefferson still sought to avoid display.

James Madison came to the Presidential chair on March 4th, 1809. The Madisons evidently liked display for history tells us that fully ten thousand people failed to get into the Capitol. There was a parade of the militia and booming of cannon. President Madison appeared in a suit of cloth of American manufacture made from the wool of merinoes raised in this country. The suit was the gift of Colonel Humphries and Chancellor Livingston. He was escorted to the Capitol by a company of militiamen, whom he afterward reviewed, and thus began the precedent of a military escort for the President on Inauguration Day and a review of the parade after the oath of office was taken. The first inaugural ball, too, was held when Madison came into office. It was given at Long's Hotel and it is said to have been the most brilliant entertainment Washington society had ever seen. The ball opened at seven in the evening and at eight o'clock the President arrived accompanied by his wife, the famous Dolly Madison. Mrs. Madison entered the ballroom leaning upon the arm of one of the Inauguration Managers, while the President followed escorting her sister. The crowd became so great after the arrival of the Presidential party that several ladies fainted from the overheated room. It was found that the windows could not be opened and it became necessary to break the panes of glass to let in air. From this it will be seen that the curiosity of an inauguration crowd was just as keen a hundred years ago as it is today. At Madison's second inauguration in 1813 the brilliant scenes of the first one were repeated, and the ball held in the evening was especially select for President Madison's administration had been gay socially and his beautiful and gracious wife had formed an exclusive social set of educated, refined people.

James Monroe's inauguration in 1817 was witnessed by great crowds. The day was delightful and the parade a brilliant military display accompanied by the booming of cannon. It is estimated that over eight thousand people were present at the inaugural ceremonies. In the evening there was a grand ball at Davis' Hotel. President Monroe was re-elected, but his second inauguration, which occurred on March 5th, 1821, the fourth being Sunday, was far less propitious than the first for it rained and snowed, ruining the decorations. However, a large crowd was present and the Marine Band enlivened the occasion with music.

John Quincy Adams came next as the Chief Executive, and was inaugurated in what is known as Statuary Hall in the Capitol. There was a procession and a ball held in the Assembly Rooms. History again records that the President wore a suit of cloth of American manufacture and of American wool.

Andrew Jackson, one of the picturesque figures of American history, became President in 1829. The friends of President Adams had agreed not to participate in the inaugural ceremonies, and the only uniformed company of infantry in the District of Columbia had declined to offer its escort for the occasion. A company of Revolutionary officers and soldiers then tendered their services to General Jackson, and he rode in an open carriage surrounded by these gallant veterans. Crowds filled the streets, many of the spectators having journeyed miles on foot. As the procession passed to the Capitol the crowd went wild with enthusiasm and shouted "Hurrah for Jackson!" again and again. After the oath had been taken President Jackson came to the portico and delivered his inaugural address. At its close the crowd surged forward to greet him and had it not been that a ship's cable had been stretched across the steps Jackson would have been carried through the streets by his admirers. As it was, he was compelled to shake hands with hundreds, and it was with the greatest difficulty that he escaped to his carriage. The crowd followed to the White House where barrels of punch were consumed in drinking to the health of the new President. There was no inaugural ball on this occasion. His second inauguration was less notable though a large crowd was present and a ball was held at the Central Masonic Hall. It was during Jackson's administration that the beautiful Mrs. Eaton, wife of General Eaton, came upon the scene and by her wiles created no end of political trouble, for she caused several resignations in the Cabinet and continually kept the Presidential set in "hot water."

Martin Van Buren became President in 1837, and was the first President born after the Declaration of Independence. Every other President had been born a British subject. President Van Buren from the time of his election declared that the sun would shine on the day of his inauguration, and his prediction was fulfilled, for the day was superb—not a cloud in the sky. Great crowds had come to the city and sleeping accommodations were at a premium. People were satisfied to sleep anywhere and the newspapers of the day were filled with humorous drawings showing the various places where people were huddled in sleeping quarters, an especially interesting one being entitled "Camping in a Barber Shop." President Jackson and President-elect Van Buren rode to the Capitol in an elegant phaeton constructed of oak from the original timber of the frigate "Constitution." The vehicle was made at Amherst, Massachusetts, and was presented to the President-elect by sixty of his admirers. It had one seat holding two persons and a high box for the driver in front. The unpainted wood was highly polished and varnished, and on either side was a painted panel showing "Old Ironsides" under full sail. It was drawn by President Jackson's four carriage horses decorated with elaborate gold-mounted harness. The ceremonies proceeded in the usual order. There was friction among the members of the Inaugural Ball Committee which resulted in two balls being held. The President attended the one held at Carusi's.

William Henry Harrison was the next in line, and became Chief Executive in 1841. The campaign had been a stormy one and the inaugural display in honor of the Tippecanoe hero was unique. The President-elect refused a carriage and rode down Pennsylvania Avenue on horseback, making a picturesque figure on his snow-white horse. The whole procession was highly interesting and imposing for it was both military and civic, and this, by the way, marked the beginning of the processions of political clubs on Inauguration Day. There were floats such as log cabins on wheels decked with suitable inscriptions, cider barrels, coon skins, etc. A power loom from a factory at Laurel, Maryland, with the loom at work was hauled through the streets, and students from the Jesuit College at Georgetown appeared in uniform carrying banners. Three inaugural balls were held, the President visiting each of them for a time. While at the ball at the Assembly Rooms the President danced with Mrs. Gales, wife of the editor of the National Intelligence. President Harrison lived but one month, and Vice-President John Tyler then became President.

A cold, rainy inaugural day fell to the lot of James K. Polk in 1845. Although the city was crowded with people the ceremonies attending the inauguration were dismal and many people were made ill by the inclement weather. The two inaugural balls were the real shows of the inauguration—the one at Carusi's being attended by society. Mrs. Polk was a strict Presbyterian and was opposed to dancing. She, however, went to the ball and her plain clothing and stiff manner formed a striking contrast to the other guests. The ball held at the National Theatre seemed to have turned into what in the present day would be termed a "rough-house." There was a wild scramble for supper and in the melee many of the ladies had their gowns ruined. When the guests began to leave it was discovered that coats, hats and canes had been stolen and Commodore Elliott had his pocket picked of a wallet which contained several valuable relics.

There was no particular excitement or incident over the inauguration of Zachary Taylor, which occurred on March 5th, 1849, except that there must have been unusual friction in the Inaugural Committee for three balls were held. President Taylor died in office and Millard Fillmore filled out the unexpired term. He was succeeded by Franklin Pierce on March 4th, 1853. The weather was cold and a light snow had fallen. Washington had between seventy and eighty thousand visitors and there was much discussion among them as to whether it would not be wise to change the date of Inauguration Day, but up to the present this change of date has ended as it did at that time—in talk.

President James Buchanan took the oath of office on March 4th, 1857. His arrival in the city the day before was a signal for the beginning of festivities and a throng of people met him at the old Baltimore & Ohio depot. There was nothing out of the ordinary in the inaugural ceremonies except that among those present was George Washington Park Custis, the grandson of Mrs. George Washington, he having attended the inauguration of each President from Washington to Buchanan. There was the usual parade and public reception afterward. Tickets for the inaugural ball were in such demand that no building could be found which would be large enough to accommodate the crowd, so a temporary structure was erected for the purpose. The newspapers of the day made special comments on the elaborate decorations of the ball room and gave glowing accounts of the ceiling which was covered with white cloth and dotted with golden stars. Towards the close of Buchanan's administration signs of a civil war became evident and sectional feeling was intense, consequently when Abraham Lincoln came to be Chief Executive in 1861 there were grave fears for the incoming President's life. A plot to assassinate him while he was on his way from Springfield to Washington had been unearthed, and this, together with the great crowd which had assembled on the streets caused those in charge to place an extra guard about the President and his carriage was surrounded on all sides by soldiers. Squads of riflemen were stationed on houses along the route ready to quell any attempt at a riot, and although the procession was a most imposing one there was a certain nervousness among the people which marred the pleasure of the whole affair. President Lincoln was always eloquent, but especially so on this occasion, and the closing words of his address will stand until the end of time as a masterpiece of oratory:

"The mystic chords of memory stretching from every battlefield and patriot grave to every heart and hearthstone all over this broad land will yet swell the chorus of the Union when again touched as surely they will be by the better angels of our Nature."

Chief Justice Taney administered the oath of office, after which Lincoln in the presence of thirty thousand spectators kissed the thirty-four young ladies representing the thirty-four States. There was an inaugural ball in the evening but the President did not attend—the only time on record that the Chief Executive has been absent. His second inauguration in 1865 was after the country had been plunged into a civil war and a pall of gloom was over the land. The residents of Washington decorated their houses and there was a grand parade with thousands of spectators, but somehow it seemed that the coming event had cast its shadow before. As usual Lincoln's address was a remarkable one, but very short, containing only five hundred and eighty-five words. Then followed his assassination in April, and Andrew Johnson served out the unexpired term.

General Ulysses S. Grant was the next President and his inauguration occurred on March 4th, 1869. The procession was the grandest that had ever been seen in Washington up to that time and windows along the route were easily rented for fifty dollars each. The inaugural ball was held in the north wing of the Treasury and was a brilliant affair. Four years later he was re-elected and inaugurated during a raging snow storm. There was a display of fireworks in the evening and an inaugural ball, held in a temporary building erected for the purpose. As there was no heat in the building the dancers were compelled to wear heavy wraps throughout the evening and by midnight the majority of the people were frozen out and the ball came to an end. Tickets on this occasion sold for twenty dollars each.

The inaugurations of Hays, Garfield, Cleveland, Harrison, McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft might be classed among the present day inaugurals and the scenes attending these are too well known to need repetition here.

With the many thousands, aye, even millions, who have gathered on these various occasions, differing in politics—some filled with rejoicing over the new Executive and others disappointed or even disgruntled, there is the one common feeling of confidence in the stability of our institutions, and when Inauguration Day has passed they have returned to their respective walks in life loyal to their country and yielding gracefully to the will of the American people as expressed at the ballot box.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

THE THAW SCANDAL

Since the incarceration of Harry Thaw for the murder of Stanford White he has been a source of trouble and of considerable expense to the state of New York. His family millions have been used in the furtherance of every conceivable plan by which he could get out of the asylum through a legal loophole. The disclosures of the recent investigations show such a flagrant attempt to escape from the restraint of the law by bribery, that Governor Sulzer has taken a hand and turned the matter over to District Attorney Whitman to be laid before the grand jury. At the investigation it transpired that Dr. John W. Russell, the superintendent of Matteawan state hospital where Thaw is confined, had been offered $20,000 to aid him in securing Thaw's release. The doctor resigned in time to escape being discharged by the order of the governor, who has also written to the Bar association of New York to enquire into the conduct of the lawyer John N. Anhut, who admits receiving $25,000 from Thaw as "contingent retainer" to free the degenerate slayer.

New York seems at last to be very much in earnest in cleaning up the graft, bribery and political corruption that clog the wheels of justice in that state. The words of the governor in summing up the Thaw scandal are strong and fearless. "I want it understood that while I am governor I am going to run down every grafter in the state. I don't care who he is or where he comes from, or who is behind him, and we have got a lot of them." With harmony between himself and the district attorney, who is getting at the roots of the police corruption, much can be done to uncover the underground sewers of political corruption and to let in the light of justice. Thaw, because of his present position, is beyond the reach of further punishment, but this disclosure should make it impossible for him to use his wealth in purchasing freedom. It was the plea of insanity that alone saved him from the electric chair and he ought to be kept away from the community under the terms of his sentence, and under such strict supervision that his efforts to cheat justice by bribery shall be unavailing.

"CAR FULL"

The Boston Elevated railway has decided to experiment on means to ensure the greater safety and convenience of their patrons by displaying on one of their lines a sign reading "car full" when the conductor decides that there are as many aboard as the car can accommodate. The car displaying this sign will take on no other passengers. It is declared that if the public takes kindly to the scheme it will be adopted on all Boston lines.

This proposition though ideal in theory raises a few interesting questions. Does it imply that passengers, shut out by the sign, will be accommodated by extra cars, or must they wait for the next regular car? If they are compelled to wait, it is evident that the annoyance and vexation of many will more than offset the good accomplished, and as the experiment depends on public rejection or acceptance, the plan would run a risk of being doomed to failure. Again comes the question, "When is a car full?" The courteous providing of straps by the street railroad companies shows that they anticipate and expect the antics of that long-suffering modern product, the strap-hanger. One riding on local cars knows that there is a very wide difference of opinion as to what constitutes a full car. It is much easier to tell when it is not considered full. Hundreds can testify to cases where, when all the seats were taken, all the straps "engaged," and all the spaces between beautifully overcrowded, the musical "room up in front" rang out and a new installment of struggling humanity was rushed from the rear, showing that the conductor had very positive opinion of his own about a full car. The "car full" sign is an excellent idea and might be sometimes used locally with advantage, but before it is used some of our conductors have to learn the valuable lesson that a limited space will hold only a limited number.

BRANDEIS CABINET BOOM

The democracy of Massachusetts is a unit in opposition to the appointment of Louis D. Brandeis as secretary of commerce and labor in President-elect Wilson's cabinet. Brandeis is not regarded as a democrat and it would be difficult to see how the rumors of his strength as a candidate have been so persistently circulated unless through a skilful press agent. But it is doubtful if Mr. Brandeis needs such an agent as he is a past master of the art of working the press for free advertising.

When Judge Riley and Humphrey O'Sullivan presented to Mr. Wilson the protest against Mr. Brandeis' appointment, they voiced the sentiments of the Bay state democracy. Mayor Fitzgerald and other leading democrats have also protested so that if President Wilson should appoint Brandeis, it cannot be urged in his defense that he did not know the man.

Apart from mere political considerations Mr. Brandeis is not half so able or so desirable as any of scores of Massachusetts democrats who have been democrats all their lives and whose sense of justice would be seriously shocked if Brandeis should be chosen for the cabinet.

The fact that Brandeis had enrolled as a republican in the last campaign and went over to Wilson only when he saw no hope for Roosevelt, his favorite candidate, should disqualify him absolutely for the cabinet of a democratic president.

AT THE DARDANELLES

Reports of the revolution in Mexico have quite overshadowed the news of the eastern war which recently showed a struggle to the death between Turkey and the Balkan States—enemies separated by race, religion, and memories of terrible years of Turkish tyranny. The war still progresses, however, in all its terrible intensity, all the more terrible as the Turks are making a last heroic effort to prevent the allied troops driving them from the north shore of the Dardanelles. Though the Turkish government now extends a strict censorship over all war news, it is confessed that in the recent struggle for Gallipoli they lost over 13,000 men. Now the Bulgarians are preparing to swoop down on the forts of the peninsula, and the Ottoman power is awaiting the conflict with a determination born of fanaticism and despair. With Gallipoli in the hands of the allied forces, they would have control of the highway to Constantinople through the sea of Marmora, and the power of the Sultan in Europe would be broken.

It is very significant that Turkey in her straits is making no pleas to the powers for intervention. Her refusal of the terms offered by the London representatives of the Balkan allies was generally supposed to mean a dragging on of the war merely for the purpose of intervention by the great powers of Europe.

HOW A REPUTATION STICKS

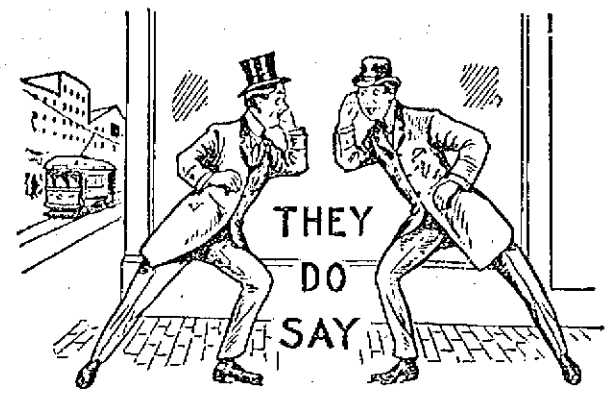
On her honeymoon Mrs. Finley Shepard, formerly Miss Gould, is somewhat embarrassed by the reputation she made before her marriage. It is strange how a reputation, good or bad, will stick and even precede a person on a journey to distant lands. Mr. and Mrs. Shepard were driven from their hotel in London recently by the unwelcome importunities of tradesmen, secretaries of charitable organizations, and beggars. For years we have had to listen to criticisms of American good manners by cultured London critics, but incidents such as this show us the other side of the question. An English lord here on his honeymoon would have to bear the annoyance of being interviewed many times daily; he would be photographed continually; he would be asked all the old stock questions regarding his views on America, his opinions of woman suffrage, and Irish home rule. He would probably find many wonderful statements credited to him that he could not recall having made, but at least he could count himself free in our principal hotels from the personal solicitations of professional beggars. Our "American vulgarity," as our English critics call it, may be more than offset by the polite offence of English mendicancy.

REBUILT TYPEWRITERS
All Makes—$10 to $60—All Prices
RENT 3 MONTHS, $5.00
AND UPWARDS
Send for Circulars. Repair—Exchange
American Writing Machine Co.
38 BROMFIELD ST., Boston, Mass.

GUMB BROS.
MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS
Of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.
Cor. Gorham and Anderson Sts.
Near Edson Cemetery Tel. 1017

CHIN LEE & CO.
Chinese and American Restaurant
Dining rooms reserved for ladies, for private parties. This restaurant is open from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m., including Sundays. 117 Merrimack st., near John st. Telephone 1322.

ALLAN LINE
Boston to Glasgow
ONE CLASS CABIN SERVICE
(Termed Second)
NUMIDIAN .....MARCH 1
SCANDINAVIAN .....MAR. 13
IONIAN .....MAR. 27
SCOTIAN .....APR. 10
NO CATTLE CARRIED
Rate, Glasgow or Derry, $45.00 up. Third Class, Glasgow, Derry, Liverpool, $30.25.
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St.
FREDERICK B. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.
H. & A. ALLAN, 90 State St., Boston.



That Johnny Boyle, the local lightweight, is meeting with great success.

That cards are out for many after-Easter weddings.

That basketball is "coming back" in this city.

That the Y. M. C. A. swimming pool compares very favorably with the Brookline tank.

That snow may come and snow may go, but that during this winter it has mostly gone as soon as it came.

That the tenants in the new Sun building are highly pleased with their quarters.

That it will be a merry party of democrats that will leave Boston tonight for Washington.

That Humphrey O'Sullivan will be one of the prominent men at the exercises on March 4th.

That the railway clerks will have a theatre party and supper tonight.

That Lowell will be represented by a delegation at the inauguration exercises on March 4.

That the municipal council finds it impossible to appropriate enough for each department without exceeding its resources.

That the Manhattans are making elaborate preparations for their farmers' ball, which will be held after Easter.

That the local councils of the Royal Arcanum are hustling for the joint installation exercises to be held next month.

That the uniforms of the elevator boys of the Sun building were the objects of considerable admiration Thursday afternoon.

That Alderman Cummings did the right thing in appointing the man who stood first on the civil service list when he selected a janitor to fill the vacancy at city hall.

That the members of the Honey Boys minstrel troupe greatly miss the services of Charles Austin Carey, who is confined to his home, by an injury that he sustained while on duty, several weeks ago.

That the Lawrence correspondents for the Boston papers handed Joe Thomas a raw deal in reporting his bout with Tommy Sullivan in the down river city on Thursday night.

That the youngsters are making quick work of the destruction of the old New York, New Haven and Hartford coal shed. They were instructed to carry away the old lumber, and this they are doing with remarkable rapidity.

That Artist Cogeshall, who painted the picture of Pawtucket falls and the view of the Lowell mills from the Central bridge, which adorn the walls of the Sun office, will yet achieve fame as an accomplished artist.

IN SUCH PAIN WOMAN TORE HER CLOTHES

Testifies She Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Malone, N. Y.,—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has certainly done me a lot of good. I first heard of it when I was a girl and I always said that if I ever had female trouble I would take it.

"I suffered from organic inflammation and would have spells when I would be in such pain that I would tear my clothes. One day my husband got the neighbors in to see what the matter was but they could not help me. My first thought was for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I sent my husband out for it and took it until I was entirely cured. I am a woman of perfect health and my health and happiness came from Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine. You may rest assured that I do all I can to recommend your wonderful medicine to my friends."—MRS. FRED STONE, Route No. 3, Malone, N. Y.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the standard remedy for female ills.

WHEN YOU ARE HUNGRY
AND WANT A REAL
GOOD DINNER
TRY THE
LOWELL INN

CUT PRICES ON
LEATHER GOODS
DEVINE'S
124 MERRIMACK STREET
Repairing, Etc. Telephone 2150

DANDELION
TABLETS AND PILLS
A Miracle as a Blood Purifier
Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Foul Breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 54 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at
HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

CARROLL BROS.
Plumbers, Steam
Fitters and Sheet
Metal Workers
36 Middle St. Telephone 1650

EDITORIAL COMMENT

Consolidation

Lawrence Eagle: Consolidation and unity of effort is the spirit of the day. It's in the very atmosphere, so to speak. Starting in the business world it has penetrated even into social and religious life. The methods of years ago when scattered organizations were believed to best accomplish their purpose, have passed away. Today it's the big department store, the great railway system, the bank of enormous capitalization that attains the greatest efficiency and is actually accomplishing things. The same principles applied to the business organizations of Lawrence will, we believe, result in greater and more enduring benefits for Lawrence than can possibly be the case under the existing conditions.

Bryan as Secretary

Johnstown Democrat: That Mr. Wilson has chosen wisely all genuine progressives will agree. He could not have strengthened himself more by any possible selection for secretary of state than he has by choosing Mr. Bryan. For Mr. Bryan is universally recognized as a man of the highest character, a statesman of the broadest views, a fighter of the first quality, courageous, resourceful, keen of vision, firm of purpose, unflinching in his devotion to the right, close to the people in his sympathies and popular as few men have been in American public life. That he will be a tower of strength to the new president who can for a moment question?

Mrs. Pankhurst

Portland Argus: The jailing of Mrs. Pankhurst promises a continuation of the farce of prosecution which is fast making the British government ridiculous. Unless the government has some evidence as to Mrs. Pankhurst's complicity in the bomb explosion beyond her own bravado declaration of responsibility, it may be that the prosecution will fail. If it succeeds, Mrs. Pankhurst, it is predicted, will be sentenced to prison, will start a hunger strike, will become ill and will be allowed to go free. The British public is fast getting out of patience with the latitude allowed these crazy furies of the Pankhurst type. It is felt that a more resolute man than Home Secretary McKenna would find some means of protecting the social order from their ridiculous assaults that are now becoming murderous as well as ridiculous. There is an increasing inclination in the crowd to deal with these frantic creatures themselves. If they do, and it goes hard with the militants, these latter will have only themselves to blame.

Intervention in Mexico

New Bedford Standard: Because the Mexicans cannot keep on good terms with each other, and because they keep up the bad habit of assassinating their prominent men, there are persons who believe that this nation should proceed to take them in hand, administer punishment and set them agoing once more with an admonition that they will get worse if they fail to behave in the future. A wise old man, long years ago, advised such as were willing to hear that "he that meddleth with strife that belongeth not to him is like one that taketh a dog by the ears." It was good advice then, and it is good advice now. The strife is the Mexicans' own affair—and it is not the affair of this nation.

Troop Transportation

Brockton Enterprise: The transportation of troops by the United States government, has not, to say the least been reduced to a science. In the endeavor to get troops somewhere near Mexico all sorts of difficulties are being encountered. There is a lack of transport ships and there is a lack of trains. At Indianapolis the 23d on its way to Galveston was delayed by inability to obtain railway coaches. At Leavenworth, Kan., the railroads were not ready to move three companies of the engineering corps. At Detroit two battalions of the 20th infantry were delayed by lack of train facilities. The people who are so eager in some cases for American intervention in Mexico should note these things. The trick is not half as simple as it seems, and after getting the troops there enormous expense and enormous difficulties in maintaining an army in the field in a hostile country would have to be faced. But why should not the government be in a position to demand quick and efficient transportation facilities?

Congressional Eulogies

Foster's Democrat: Those who read the Congressional Record have been pained to find that the recent obituary tributes are falling off sadly in quality. It used to be that a really good eulogy, well expressed and well sustained, would break the monotony of the patchwork from books of favorite quotations and old speeches, but lately the average has been very poor. Knowing what is to follow it must be most painful for a congressman to die nowdays.

The Difference

Lawrence American: Over in France they have just decorated the inventor of the cold storage system with the cross of the legion of honor. In this country many persons have indicated quite plainly their desire to decorate the author of cold storage with eggs laid in April and marketed about the second December following.

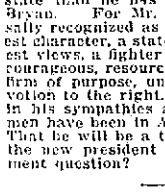
Costly Knowledge

Salem News: It would seem in view of all the revelations, police and otherwise, that what New York does not know about graft isn't worth knowing.

BABY DISFIGURED WITH ECZEMA

Pimples Filled with Watery Matter. Crust Formed. Cried Continually. Thought He Would Die. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Cure Complete.

12 Union St., Westfield, Mass.—"My baby boy was but nine days old when a rash spread over his entire body which burned like fire. This took the form of pimples which filled with a watery matter and when these broke a crust formed. The baby was very disfigured. It proved to be the worst form of eczema. Even his mouth and gums were affected. He cried continually; the pain and loss of sleep made him lose in weight and I surely thought my baby would die.



"I used everything anyone suggested to me in the line of salves and washes, but nothing helped until I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment. We made a warm soapy bath and used the Cuticura Ointment plentifully and that was the first peaceful sleep he had since the trouble began. In three days there was a vast improvement, and I only used two boxes of Cuticura Ointment with the Cuticura Soap before the cure was complete. There isn't a trace of the skin-tortured baby than he was, as I kept on using the Cuticura Soap for his bath and his skin is clean and soft." (Signed) Mrs. Krotky, May 16, 1912.

Cuticura Soap 25c. and Cuticura Ointment 50c. are sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Men who shave and shampoo with Cuticura Soap will find it best for skin and scalp.

KNOW IT WELL

Familiar Features Well Known to Hundreds of Lowell Citizens.

A familiar burden in many homes. The burden of a "bad back."

A lame, a weak or an aching back Often tells you of kidney ills.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Here is Lowell testimony:

Mrs. William A. Buckley, 9 Chestnut St., Lowell, Mass., says. "Not once in over ten years have I ever refused to give Doan's Kidney Pills my endorsement. Today I gladly confirm all I have ever said about them. I suffered from disordered kidneys for many years and my back ached almost constantly. It was hard for me to stoop and my housework was done only through great effort. As soon as I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, my back and kidneys were strengthened and I felt better in every way. Since then I have never been without a supply of Doan's Kidney Pills in the house."

For sale by all dealers. Price 60 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

CITY DEBT OF $204,357

Annual Report of Treasurer Adams Read at Special Meeting of Rockland, Me., City Council

ROCKLAND, Me., March 1.—The annual report of City Treasurer Simeon A. Adams, delayed through the death of his father, was presented at a special meeting of the city council last night. The year's expenditures in the various departments amounted to $163,572, exceeding by $23,565 the appropriations and receipts.

The principal items were as follows: Permanent improvements, $2[illegible] 276; schools, 28,220; highways, $25,10[illegible]; paupers, $13,158; interest, $17,557; contingent, $12,992.

The city's liabilities are $462,144 and the assets $257,757, leaving a net city debt of $204,357.

ASKS FOR $108,000

Estimate Submitted by Nashua, N. H., Board of Education—Increase of $8000 Over Last Year

NASHUA, N. H., March 1.—The board of education last night, after hearing from its several departments, voted to ask the city council for an appropriation of $108,000. This is an increase of $8000 over last year. The appropriation for teachers' salaries is $68,000, based on a prospective increase of pay, and is more than last year. The finance committee was instructed to explain the items to the budget committee of the city government.

DEAD IN ELEVATOR SHAFT

Samuel Goodman of New Haven Found In New York Office Building With Skull Fractured

NEW YORK, March 1.—Samuel Goodman of New Haven, said to be a prominent jeweler, was found dead at the foot of an elevator shaft in a lower Broadway office building yesterday. The body was in a sitting position on machinery two stories below the street level.

The skull was fractured, apparently from a fall. The police could find no one in the building who witnessed the accident. The coroner is investigating.

Friends whom Goodman had just left in the building said last night that he was in the best of spirits and they declared he had undoubtedly met his death by a fall from an elevator doorway, accidentally left open.

FEENEY GETS 3 MONTHS

Charlestown Youth Found Guilty in Providence of Robbing Money Box in Telephone Booth

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—James J. Feeney, aged 19, of Charlestown, Mass., pleaded guilty in the district court yesterday to a charge of larceny of $11 from the Providence Telephone company, and was sentenced to jail for three months. Feeney reached Providence from Charlestown yesterday, and being short of change, broke into a box at one of the telephone pay booths. He did not know he was calling the police when he made the break.

MAN KICKED OUT THIEVES

Wife Held Up Pair With Empty Revolver

OGDENSBURG, N. J., March 1—Two masked burglars were helping themselves to Harry Mill's silverware yesterday when Mrs. Mills stole downstairs with a revolver and made them throw up their hands.

Then she shouted for Mr. Mills, who, rather than go to the trouble of a long trip through the rain to the county jail, took the burglars one at a time to the front door and kicked them out into the darkness.

When he returned to his wife he found her on the floor in a dead faint. She had just discovered that the revolver was not loaded.

FORMERLY BLIND

Mrs. Moussette of Leicester, Who Can Now See Clearly, Observes Her 99th Birthday

LEICESTER, March 1—Mrs. Mithilda Moussette, the oldest resident of Leicester, observed her 99th birthday anniversary informally at her home in Burncoat yesterday and received many congratulations.

Mrs. Moussette was born in Three Rivers, Can., and came to the United States when a young girl. She was married at St. John's church, Worcester, to Eli Moussette by Rev. Patrick T. O'Reilly, then pastor of the church, and later bishop of the Springfield diocese. Her husband died 17 years ago.

About 20 years ago Mrs. Moussette became blind and during the time of her blindness she made many novenas and pilgrimages, and prayed constantly that she might see daylight before death, and three years ago her request was granted. Today Mrs. Moussette can see easily and clearly and is able to walk about daily. She has passed the winter without contracting a cold or any other ailment. She is an ardent Catholic.

In the direct line, Mrs. Moussette is able to count as her living descendants, 12 grandchildren, five great-grandchildren, and four great-great-grandchildren, living in many parts of the state. A dinner was given at the home last evening for the relatives and some of the Burncoat residents.

NILES "PROBABLY GUILTY"

Arraigned in the Central Falls, R. I., Court, Charged With Assault on Mrs. John Buckel

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 1.—In the district court at Central Falls yesterday, Robert S. Niles was adjudged probably guilty of assault on Mrs. John Buckel at Stump Hill, Lincoln, Jan. 7, and was held for the June term of the grand jury in $2000.

The defendant claimed that he was not in the vicinity at the time of the assault. He is the man who was delivered to the officers by Mrs. Elizabeth Guinness, who ran to her house and got her husband's revolver, which she kept trained on Niles until he was placed in police hands.

Putnam & Son Co.
166 Central Street.

Stating Plain Facts

is "as easy as rolling off a log"—and telling the simple truth, concerning our annual suit sale at

$12.50

has made this sale a growing success.—"We deliver the goods," that's all there is to it. There is still a good show for men and young men to get a winter, spring or even a summer suit for $12.50 and save a good lot of money.

First Woman to Sit in Council

LOS ANGELES, March 1.—Miss Mary Foy of Pasadena is on the way to Washington where she will be the first woman to attend a national party committee meeting. As proxy for state Senator Sanford she will occupy the seat allotted to California in the council of the democratic national committee and will be California's sole representative.

Avoid Impure Milk
for Infants and Invalids
Get
HORLICK'S
It means the Original and Genuine
MALTED MILK
"Others are Imitations"
The Food-Drink for all Ages.

Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.

More healthful than tea or coffee. Agrees with the weakest digestion. Keep it on your sideboard at home. A quick lunch prepared in a minute.

Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S.

HORLICK'S Contains Pure Milk

$8 Best Set of Teeth

Pure Gold Crowns, $3. Gold fillings, $1 up. Other fillings, 50c.

My $8 sets are the most lifelike and finest fitting plates that dental science can produce. Unless you require a special plate, $8 is all you need pay in this office for the best set. We have the reputation of making the most natural looking, the finest fitting and the best wearing teeth. No set ever leaves our office until the patron is perfectly satisfied as to fit and appearance. I give my personal guarantee FOR TEN YEARS with each set. If you cannot afford this $8 set, a $5 set, the best for the money, may be procured.

Teeth Without Plates
$5 This is the only office in Lowell where gold crowns and teeth without plates (undetectable from natural ones) are inserted positively without pain.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION FREE
DR. T. J. KING
65 MERRIMACK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
HOURS 9 TO 8 TEL. 3300
NO PAIN Lady Attendant—French Spoken. NO HIGH PRICES

LATEST DESIGNS IN WOMEN'S WEAR

THE ❀ SUN ❀ FASHION ❀ PAGE

FEMININE HINTS AND NOVELTIES

EASTER TROUSSEAUX UNDER CONSIDERATION

Satin Pearls and Lace in this Ideal Wedding Gown

A Net Dancing Gown with an Entirely New Sash

Colored Silk Embroidery Gives the Modish touch to this Going Away Costume

The Negligee is Looped Back to Show the Petticoat

This Girlish Gown is for Informal Dinners

Bird of Paradise Orchids Now the Bridal Flower Smart Travel Togs for Early Spring Honeymoons - The Steamer Coat An Important Item - Lovely Embroidered Frocks.

EASTER falls upon such an early date this year, the earliest date upon which those now living will ever greet an Easter morn—that wedding plans for Easter-week are well perfected by this first week of March. Bridesmaids have been chosen—some lucky girls being booked for three weddings during the season immediately following Easter Day, flowers have been ordered, caterers consulted and; invitations for many of the large weddings are already out.

And the trousseau, this spring is perhaps a little less springlike than it might be in more propitious seasons; that is, the wise bride will not hie away to any but a Southern clime without good warm clothing, and even her winter furs will be packed in a trunk ready for probable use.

The Gould wedding which occurred in late January, has of course set the pace for all subsequent bridals this year. Though a rather quiet and unelaborate affair, taking place at the bride's beautiful country house up on the Hudson, this important wedding, from a social standpoint, was perfect in every detail. No expense and no pains were spared to achieve its perfection, and everything was richly, harmoniously perfect—even to the weather, the day being as bright and balmy a one as January in this Northern latitude ever knew.

A Wedding Veil That It Took Over Two Years To Make.

The bride's veil at this wedding was of rose point lace, and fifty persons spent two and a half years completing its three and a half yard length. Several yards of the same exquisite lace, arranged in flounces, trimmed the gown of duchesse ivory satin and here and there the rich satin was sewn with seed pearl embroideries. At the side of the skirt the lace was looped up with orange blossoms. This simple but inexpressibly rich wedding costume has set a standard for Easter brides, and lace is just now the favored trimming for the bridal gown. Unless really handsome lace may be afforded, however, it is a wise bride who eschews this luxurious trimming and puts her money into as handsome satin as she can buy, veiling it—if a veiled effect she must have—with a tunic of chiffon or pearl embroidered net. An important wedding gown of Easter week is already finished and reposing in its tissue padded box ready for the supreme day, and the Scribe, accorded a peep at its splendor, was interested to note that the trimming was machine embroidery—entirely a new idea as far as satin bridal gowns are concerned, but surprisingly rich and distinguished for all that.

Machine Embroidery Trims An Easter Bridal Gown.

The train of heavy white satin falls from the shoulders of this gown and drags two yards on the floor. The front of the skirt is veiled with a white chiffon tunic, draped below the knees over a clinging, slashed skirt of the satin. Crossed above the chiffon tunic are two broad bands of St. Gall embroidery in one of the new—and by no means inexpensive—lace patterns. The upper edge of the embroidery is appliqued to the chiffon; the lower edges falling free and giving a crossed tunic effect. The embroidery appears again on the bodice, draping one shoulder while the other is draped with the white chiffon. The sleeves of this gown are of chiffon, shirred from shoulder to wrist. All wedding gowns now have very long sleeves, and the prettiest of these sleeves are of shirred or tucked chiffon or net.

The handsome bridal gown pictured is of ivory duchesse satin and a very little real lace is introduced effectively on the corsage and sleeve. The long satin train falls from the shoulders and under it at the back is draped the tunic which at the front opens down the center. Crystal fringe edges either side of this tunic and the satin is drawn together at the knee under an enormous crystal bead tassel which weights the satin heavily and gives the skirt a modish, tapering line below the hips. One side of the bodice is of the draped satin and the other side of draped white chiffon, the surplice drapery crossing over a high-necked yoke of white net. At the crossing of the bodice drapery, is set a wedge-shaped section of real point lace, and a narrow edge of this lace falls from the drapery over the sleeve just above the elbow. The sleeves are of white chiffon tucked in rather wide tucks and they fit the arm very closely, extending over the hand. A chiffon and silver rose is set against the girdle at the crossing of the drapery.

A Modishly Adjusted Veil.

All brides may not wear rose point veils of priceless value, but fortunately the tulle veil is very fashionable now, and such veils are really more becoming than the heavier lace sort. The veil worn with the pictured wedding gown just described is beautifully arranged, a coronet of orange blossoms holding it in position on the head. The hair is dressed simply, with waves drawn softly downward over temple and ears, and the long ends twisted into three flat coils, one at the center back and one behind each ear. This girlish coiffure is crowned by the floating folds of the wedding veil which by its full arrangement under the coronet of flowers makes the closely coiffed head look small and the face thus framed sweet and innocent.

Another beautiful wedding gown which will be worn the week following Easter, is of pure white satin and lace. The lace, a handsome Mechlin pattern falls over the skirt in two deep, ungathered flounces, a deeply fringed tunic of pearl beads depending from the waist and keeping the soft lace of the flounces in slender lines. The bodice is of the lace, crossed in surplice fashion over a round-necked tucker of shirred chiffon. Lace sleeves, shirred all the way down, reach over the hand. The veil to be worn with this gown is of net edged with real Mechlin and it will be pleated around the head in cap style, a garland of lilies of the valley holding the cap-frill in place on the hair. Lilies of the valley and bird of paradise orchids will form the bouquet which will be carried by this bride, and the flowers have been ordered long since for the appointed day. These peculiar, exotic orchids are just now the extreme note of fashion in wedding bouquets and thrice lucky the maid whose bridegroom-to-be can afford to order bird of paradise orchids for the nuptial day, in unstinted profusion.

Draped Effects In Smart Traveling Tailleurs.

Next to the wedding gown in importance comes the "going away" costume which must be as perfect in its way as the bridal robes. Usually there is also a secondary tailored costume which gives the actual service required of a traveling suit, the going away costume having more the nature of a formal and rather dressy afternoon tailleur. The costumes of this sort, now being built—or already finished for Easter brides, show the draped skirt and rather fanciful coat now in vogue for semi-formal tailored wear and the material is usually wool backed satin, lustrous worsted material or one of the mohair and worsted, or silk and worsted mixtures. One bride-to-be sent to Paris for her going away costume which has just arrived carefully packed in its wooden box along with a fetching leather handbag of tinted saffian exactly matching the shade of the suit—a three-piece affair of lansdowne, a new silk and wool mixture in a shade called Hindoo brown, a warm earth color just now very fashionable on the Riviera. This smart little suit has a draped skirt very full and baggy between the hip and knee and tapering to a yard and a half width around the feet, a slash at one side of the front giving room to step easily. Patent leather boots with French heels and buttoned tops of brown suede exactly matching the material of the suit have been ordered for this costume and the hat, also from Paris, is a simple, elongated toque shape of bronze picot straw with a corded melon crown of brown satin and a paradise aigrette in shades of dull yellow sweeping backward from the side of the straw brim.

The coat of this bonny little brown suit has no apparent seams—they are skilfully disguised by oddly shaped back and front sections which overlap each other under the arms, and the upper part of the coat is slightly gathered into the fitted lower portion just below the bust-line. The whole garment falls only a little below the hips and slopes away sharply at the front to show a tiny vestee of flowered silk, buttoned with small amber glass buttons. Beneath this coat is a bodice of the earth-brown lansdowne draped in corselet style over a deep yoke of chiffon veiling net, the net in turn being laid over eyelet embroidery in a deep ecru shade. A tiny collar of amber colored moire silk turns back from the neck and over this is a still narrower collar of machine embroidered batiste, a perky little bow of the amber silk picot edged with black being set at the front.

Steamer Coats A Trousseau Feature.

Egypt is now the fashionable Mecca for newly married pairs and is dividing interest with Panama—to which everybody seems in haste to repair before the water is let into the new canal. Egypt, signifying leisurely saunterings by dahabeyah up the ancient Nile and equally leisurely journeying by camel into the vast loneliness of the desert, has rather the preference from a honeymoon standpoint, for strenuous is the trip to Panama with its necessity for seeing so much in a short time—and few care to linger in Panama, once the sights have been viewed and digested. On the great piers from which the big Cunarders and other steamers depart, these days, are many honeymoon trunks, and very smart steamer costumes are to be observed on the outward bound voyagers. The white steamer costume is most attractive and is admirably suited to the Southern tour. Such a costume includes a white serge trotteur frock, usually made quite simply and bound with braid at the edges, or garnished in some other way with white braid or cord trimming. Buttoned boots of white buckskin match the frock and the coat is a natty three-quarter affair of white vienna or heavy serge with a panama or stitched silk hat bearing a smart "stick-up" of feathers or pleated ribbon. Of course a chiffon veil makes part of the costume and the more enormous this veil, with yards of filmy stuff to trail out on the breeze, the more chic the effect.

Embroidery And Persian Silk Artfully Combined.

In the trousseau for another Southern honeymoon is one charming frock of creamy machine embroidery—now so fashionable for costumes de luxe. The tunic of solid and lacy embroidery combined falls over a petticoat of flounced net, buttons of Persian silk running down the tunic front and up the sleeve, and a Persian silk bow being set at the neck. The sash is also of the gay Persian silk.

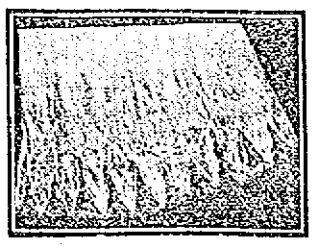
A dainty gown illustrated has an entirely new sash idea. This gown is of dotted net and Val lace flouncing and the turquoise blue silk sash is draped obliquely across the skirt as illustration shows. Straps and knots of the turquoise silk also trim the lace and net bodice. Another pretty dancing gown part of an April trousseau is pictured. This gown is of saffron colored satin veiled with white chiffon, a vest and girdle of pink, saffron and Nattier blue Persian silk focusing the color. Pearl bands trim skirt and tunic and pearls are twisted in the hair and around the neck.

Also illustrated is an adorable trousseau negligee of pink chiffon, looped back to show a pink crepe de chine petticoat flounced with St. Gall embroidery veiled with net.

Latest Ideas in Bridal Lingerie

IN line with the continued vogue for narrow skirts is the new lingerie, made of softest, thinnest fabrics, fitted to perfection and so flatly trimmed that not the least wrinkle may obtrude itself as a marring element in the outer costume. Petticoats are now fitted as carefully as gowns themselves; brassieres keep the figure trim and as slender as may be above the waistline and even the drawer is gored and fitted over the hips so that the least possible room may be taken up beneath the corset.

The bride of this season is torn between two alternatives—crepe de chine lingerie or garments of fine cotton stuff trimmed with the new, handsome machine embroideries. These embroideries are very fashionable on undergarments this season and even the French, hand-made lingerie shows trimmings of the machine work cleverly incorporated into the scheme of the garment. The crepe de chine lingerie, on the other hand, is so deliciously luxurious in suggestion—and so fascinatingly dainty in fact; and it clings so softly to the figure under the draped costume, that few trousseaux this spring will be without at least several sets of such underwear.



Embroidery Flouncing Treated In A New Way.

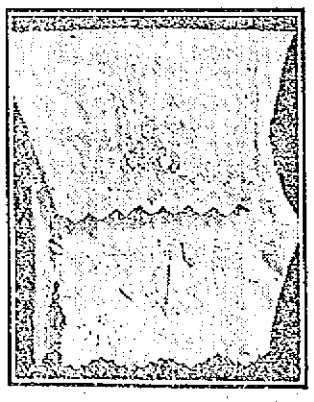
Pale pink seems to be the favored shade, though pale blue and white crepe de chine garments are seen in fair proportion, and usually the trimming is of Val., Mechlin, Cluny or Irish lace, though some of the very lacy embroidery patterns are used in combination with these laces.

This crepe de chine lingerie is rather simple in design, the silken material and fine lace trimming giving the effect of distinction rather than any great elaboration. There are gowns, chemises, petticoats and drawers, all of the silken soft crepe de chine and the cut of these garments would be a revelation to the woman who clings to underwear ideals of a past generation and deems firm muslin, full ruffles and thick tucks the proper ideas in underwear for a lady. In fact the modern lingerie owes its beauty as much to its cut as to its fineness of fabric and daintiness of trimming. Even the nightgown is so shaped that it gives the figure, long, graceful and slender lines.

Every ounce of superfluous underwear is now dispensed with in the interest of a slender silhouette, and the Easter bride—if she is modishly inclined—will wear, beneath her corset a chemise and short drawer of the softest fabrics, and over her corset a brassiere and petticoat. The brassiere is the only item of the lingerie that is not built of gossamer stuff. As its purpose is to hold the figure firmly, it is of necessity made of something stronger than mull or nainsook, but its effect—in the better models—is anything but thick and clumsy. The daintiest brassieres are of allover embroidery, edged with cluny lace, or of handkerchief linen with inset bands drawer is now very straight and narrow in shape and is seldom finished of cluny or Irish crochet, or the new lacy machine embroidery.

With the brassiere is worn a separate white petticoat, for the combination corset cover and skirt have gone entirely out of fashion with well-dressed women and the only combination of this character is the one-piece slip worn beneath a lingerie frock. White petticoats are much the mode at present and will be worn this spring and summer even with tailored coat and skirt costumes. The simplest models have short, scant ruffles of machine embroidery in an eyelet or dot and scallop design and the elaborate petticoats are flounced to the knee, lace usually being set under the scalloped embroidery to give an airy effect. The petticoat flounce illustrated shows how the new, narrow flounce is put on with almost no gathers and how deeply scalloped embroidery is used over lace.

The chemise-drawer is liked by many women who do not fancy two garments under the corset. No matter how perfectly the separate drawer is fitted over the hips or how cleverly it is fastened, there is apt to be discomfort if the corset is worn all day over it, for its upper edge will almost certainly cut into the flesh at the waistline. The chemise drawer does away with this difficulty and this new garment is a very dainty affair, combining a soft nainsook or crepe de chine chemise with a very short drawer of the same material. The with a ruffle at the edge. Two new examples of French hand-embroidered drawers are pictured, one having ribbon run through embroidered slashes and the other showing inset motifs of Irish crochet lace. Tucks are not often used on the drawer now, as naturally they increase the bulk of the garment and the idea is to keep all lingerie as soft and clinging as possible. Handsome lacy embroideries are set at the edge of nainsook drawers under ribbon beadings and sometimes deep machine embroidered flouncing is used and is attached to the top of the garment with seem beading, ribbon being run through slashes worked by hand in the ungathered flouncing.



The New Culotte Drawer, Slashed At The Side.

TO ENCOURAGE PEACE IN MEXICO

American Residents Adopted Resolutions at Meeting—Ambassador Wilson Praised

MEXICO CITY, March 1.—A request to the people of the United States to extend all possible aid and encouragement to the Mexican people in their efforts to establish good government with guarantees for the security of life and property was contained in resolutions adopted by a meeting of the residents of the American colony in Mexico City last night.

The Americans present deprecated the publication in the United States of articles misrepresenting the Mexican people. The statements alleged to have been published in the United States alleging that during the bombardment and street fighting which recently took place in the national capitol, American citizens took refuge under the British flag were denounced as falsehoods. Ambassador Wilson was praised for his "noble and patriotic services rendered under trying circumstances" while the acts of those Americans who risked their lives in saving their compatriots during the fighting were loudly applauded.

Rebels Join Federal Troops

General Checko Campos and his force of 1200 men who have been thoroughly seasoned by a year's service in General Pascual Orozco's army will now join the government troops under the command of General Truey Aubert in the campaign against the rebels by Governor Venustiano Carranza in the state of Coahuila, according to war department advices from Torreon. With this additional force General Aubert will have approximately 5000 men in his column and it is anticipated that he will have little difficulty in suppressing the revolt, since he says Gov. Carranza has been unable to recruit more than 2000 men.

Alberto Guadjaro, a commander of irregulars and a close friend of Carranza has joined the Coahuila rebellion. He occupies with 600 men the mining camps at Las Esperanzas, Musquis and Ahuita. Francisco Villa, who has recentered Mexico is thought to have joined former Governor Maytorena, who is in possession of Agua Prieta, Nacosari and Fronteras on the international border.

3500 Rebels Surrender

Official reports state that 3500 rebels have surrendered in the states of Puebla and Vera Cruz, 1900 in the state of Mexico and a large number of small detachments in other states.

Share the surrender of Alberto Funtes Dat Aguascilentes the management of the National Railroads Co. expect soon to open the central line to Juarez but repairs will be necessary at Escalon and Rodriguez.

DENY THAT MAN WAS KILLED BY EXPLOSION OF SHELL ON BATTLESHIP

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Rear Admiral Fletcher commanding the American battleship squadron off Vera Cruz, Mexico, in a despatch to the navy department emphatically denied published reports that one person had been killed and three injured by the explosion of a shell fired from one of the battleships during target practice yesterday.

Rear Admiral Fletcher says there is no foundation whatever for the story. He points out that the sub calibre practice of the Georgia and Nebraska which was made to appear responsible for the alleged accident took place at sea, out of sight of land and more than 25 miles from La Piedra, where the shell was said to have exploded and adds:

"The greatest care was exercised to see that no boats were in line of our sub calibre fire or anywhere near."

He adds that the Nebraska sailed for Tampico at noon yesterday to permit the Virginia to go down to Vera Cruz to coal.

PAYMENT OF $10,000,000

For Coaling Stations and Canal Rights

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Owing to the unfinished state of the negotiations officials of the state department maintain an attitude of reserve in regard to the publication by the Colombian government yesterday of various propositions for the settlement of the dispute over the separation of Panama from Colombia.

It was stated today, however, that the publication was quite accurate in describing the propositions involving the payment of $10,000,000 for coaling stations and canal rights, the allowance of special privileges to Colombia of the use of the Panama canal in a legal adjustment of the Colombian claims to the receipts for the Panama railroad and the settlement of the outstanding boundary dispute between Colombia and Panama and that they are entirely informal.

In fact it is intimated they were discussed by American Minister DuBois with the Colombian foreign office with the single purpose of developing the nature and extent of the Colombian demands. The minister was not authorized to commit the state department to any special proposition without further instructions. It is quite beyond the power of the executive to make such concessions as those referred to except upon congressional approval.

SEARCHING FOR BODIES

One More Recovered in Dewey Hotel Ruins

OMAHA, Neb., March 1.—An all night search by police and firemen watched by a thousand morbid curiosity seekers brought to light but one additional victim of yesterday's fire in the Dewey hotel. Although it was believed a score lost their lives in the flames only four thus far are accounted for.

The one body thus far uncovered was believed to be that of Miss Alice Bennevie, sister of the wife of the hotel proprietor. An earring with a ruby setting was the only identifying mark.

TO OPEN PUBLIC CLINIC

Dr. Friedmann to Treat Poor as Well as Rich

NEW YORK, March 1.—The widespread attention which has been drawn to the tuberculosis serum of Dr. Frederick Franz Friedmann, the young German bacteriologist, may be brought to a climax next week. The announcement is made today that on Monday Dr. Friedmann will open offices near his hotel on Fifth avenue and for two weeks conduct a public clinic, where the poor as well as the rich will be treated, the serum to be administered free to those who cannot afford to pay for it.

It is declared that a number of American physicians will be invited to attend the clinic to assist in diagnozing the cases and to watch them afterward and learn Dr. Friedmann's method. He has claimed that within a week the beneficial effects of the serum will be apparent. The doctor says that more than 5,000 applications for treatment have been received.

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE

Will Secure Lot of Home Rule Souvenirs For Those Who Wish Them In This City

The committee of The Irish league arranging for the lecture on March 16 held another session last evening with President Balfry in the chair. It was voted to secure a considerable number of the home rule souvenirs provided by the league for those who contribute $1 or upwards to the movement. The time remaining in which the fate of the home rule bill will be decided is very short and an appeal has come from Ireland for a united effort by the entire Celtic race to furnish the financial support needed by the party while making their victory complete. This is held to be necessary in order to avert the possibility of having the cup of freedom once more dashed from Ireland's lips. The path has been cleared for legislative independence and the local branch of the league will endeavor to keep up the record of Lowell in standing by the parliamentary party until the flag of Erin floats over an independent parliament in Dublin.

The lecturer for March 16 at Associate hall will be Hon. P. J. O'Keefe of Chicago, the friend and co-worker of John P. Sutton and the late John F. Finnerty and one of the most distinguished men in Chicago.

Went To Milford

The basketball team from the Y. W. C. A. took the 1.39 train for Milford, N. H. this afternoon where they will meet a team representing the Milford high school. The Milford girls will present a strong lineup as they are being coached by a graduate of Sargent's college. The team will return to Lowell in time for supper.

Miss Harriet Houtelle of the local Y. W. C. A. will address the members of the King's Daughters of the Eliot church, at the home of Mrs. Royal P. White on Monday evening next.

Lower Steps on Cars Ordered

NEW YORK, March 1.—A protest from women's clubs against high street car steps, first voiced when hobble skirts became popular, resulted yesterday in the public service commission ordering that all closed street cars in New York city be equipped with steps no higher than 15 inches from the ground on and after January 1, 1914. Open cars are not included because of mechanical obstacles.

Repentant Forger Gouges Out Eye

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 1.—Arrested for a series of small forgeries, A. J. Heinn, founder of a manufacturing company of Milwaukee, gouged out both of his eyes with a small knife yesterday, in self-punishment.

"I do not believe in suicide," he said, "but I shall never see daylight again or forge another check, and I am more at peace than I have been for some time."

MITCHELL, THE TAILOR

Fourth Anniversary of Local Store

This week witnesses the fourth birthday of the Mitchell Merchant Tailoring establishment in this city. Just four years ago this enterprising firm came to Lowell with a large line of the best and most up to date clothing ever made and they established their quarters in the Colonial building in Central street, announcing through a large advertisement in The Sun that they had leased the store for a number of years. Since that time the Mitchell tailoring company has been pleasing a large number of customers with the quality and style of the garments which they turn out and their efforts have been appreciated by Lowell people who have in turn been generous in their patronage.

That they "made good" with a vengeance since coming to this city, is evident from the fact that since the opening of the store, their orders have steadily increased and that in every case the customer went away not only satisfied but highly pleased and with words of praise for the work of the Mitchell company. They received numerous orders for suits, overcoats or separate pants and vests and other such garments and proved their ability and intention to excel by turning out a line of clothing that in quality and workmanship is on a par with the best. It is such firms as this that find a place in the high esteem of the people of a city and are warmly welcomed by its traders.

Mr. Healey, the genial and enterprising manager of the concern has since coming to Lowell, been one of the most popular business men of the city. His assistants in the large tailoring establishment comprise only the best tailors that can be hired, men that are nothing short of experts and in whose products there is never a flaw and it is in great measure for this reason that the business of the company has grown with each succeeding year. Another fact which has been a big item in his progress is the fact that his prices are most moderate and within the reach of all.

Lack of needless delay is a prominent characteristic in the methods of the Mitchell Merchant Tailoring company's business and the person placing an order with them for any kind of a garment need not fear that he will be obliged to wait an unreasonable length of time before his order is satisfactorily filled; result, another advance in public favor for these tailors. Mr. Healey expresses himself as thoroughly satisfied and highly pleased with his business in Lowell and with the methods of the people of this city. Were the Mitchell tailors not widely patronized in this city, the store here would be the one exception in the entire system for the stores of this great company, located in numerous other large cities are all exceedingly popular and enjoy large business. Mr. Healey says that all that is necessary is to trust the people and be fair with them and square in all dealings and the success of the firm is assured. The Mitchell Merchant Tailoring Co., is a winner and all who call at their establishment and inspect the goods which they display, or place an order for a garment are guaranteed satisfaction and royal treatment.

CHESTER A. PAUL ARRESTED

Cashier of Dedham and Hyde Park Gas Company Charged With Theft of $3300

BOSTON, March 1.—Chester A. Paul, aged 32, of 155 Massachusetts avenue clerk and cashier of the Dedham and Hyde Park Gas company, which has offices in Hyde Park, was arrested in an office in the Tremont building yesterday morning on a warrant charging him with the theft of $3200 from the company. Irregularities were discovered in his accounts by an auditor.

He will be arraigned this morning in the West Roxbury district court, where the warrant was granted for his arrest.

Lecture on Ireland

Arrangements for the lecture on "Ancient and Modern Ireland" to be given by Daniel J. Dwyer, the noted lecturer, at the Sacred Heart school hall on Thursday evening, March 13, are completed and indications are that a large crowd will be on hand to listen to the interesting discourse. Mr. Dwyer has delivered several addresses on the subject, and his remarks brought forth words of praise from his many hearers. Colored pictures and appropriate songs will be given in conjunction with the lecture.

J. Joseph O'Connor of this city will leave tonight for Washington to attend the ceremonies attending the inauguration of President-elect Wilson. Mr. O'Connor was a delegate to the convention that nominated Mr. Wilson.

ANNUAL MEETING

Proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery

The annual meeting of the proprietors of the Lowell Cemetery will be held on Monday evening, March 3, 1913, at half past seven o'clock at the banking rooms of the Middlesex Safe Deposit & Trust Co., No. 160 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.

Each lot in the Cemetery is entitled to one vote.

The business to come before the meeting is:

1—To hear the records of previous meeting and the reports of the trustees and treasurer.

2—To elect four trustees to serve for the term of three years from the first Monday of March, 1913.

3—To see if the proprietors will order an application for legislation similar to that enacted in the case of The Forest Hills Cemetery and other cemeteries in the commonwealth, enabling the Board of Trustees to make such changes in, and amendments to, the by-laws, from time to time, as the exigencies and interests of the Corporation may require.

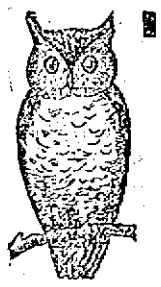
4—To see if the Proprietors will authorize the Trustees to direct the Treasurer to withdraw the sum of $1800 from the reserve fund and apply the same to payment of the Corporation note of same amount, said obligation being incurred in 1912 for the purpose of rebuilding and strengthening retaining walls and other stone work at Cemetery.

5—To see if the Proprietors will authorize the Trustees to direct the Treasurer to withdraw from the Reserve Fund a sum of money annually, to be expended under direction of the Trustees for the purpose of relaying, renewing, extending and improving the water service at the Cemetery.

6—To transact any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

CHARLES L. KNAPP,
Clerk of Corporation.
Lowell, Mass., February 14, 1913.

BRIGHT BOY, 16 TO 18 YEARS OF age, wanted to learn soda business. Apply manager, Liggett's Hall & Lyon store.



Wise People

Don't take chances with doubtful medicines of unknown composition. Dr. Pierce lets people know exactly what his medicines are made of.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood.

It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men and women strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgment.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medicinal roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs.

Sold by dealers in medicines in liquid or tablet form. Send 50 one-cent stamps for trial box of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery Tablets.

Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during the past 40 years right in your own neighborhood.

Address Invalids' Hotel, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President
663 Main Street, Buffalo, N.Y.

Mrs. Maggie Saner, No. 448 Western Ave., Chillicothe, Ohio, says: "I was troubled with an affection peculiar to women, and had doctors treat me but received only slight relief. Could not do my work without suffering. I applied to Dr. Pierce and took two bottles of his 'Favorite Prescription' and one of his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and thanks to these medicines, I am now cured. Can do my work, and I am a happy woman."

PRICE COMES DOWN A PEG

Reduction in Cost of Coal Began Today

In spite of the fact that the winter thus far has been an exceedingly mild one, the long suffering providers for families will doubtless be glad to learn that today sees a very substantial reduction in the price of coal, according to the testimony of local dealers. This is not because of the drawing up of the summer schedule of prices but is a real reduction in the rates which not long ago went soaring skyward to grin derisively down upon a great many prospective purchasers.

In all varieties of coal except stove coal there has been a reduction of 50 cents per ton and in stove coal, the reduction has been $1.00 per ton. The price of egg, stove and nut coal now is $8.50 per ton.

It is true that the winter has been a mild one but this does not alter the fact that coal has been burned and will continue to be burned for some weeks yet. The reason given for this reduction is that the big wholesalers are becoming more generous in their shipments and the mildness of the winter is also ascribed as a cause. Because of the lack of really lasting cold weather, the sale of coal has been smaller and it was in all probability this fact that caused the large shippers to sit up and take notice.

Up to this time, so far as we can learn, no one has entered a protest against this reduction nor requested a return to the former high rate.

Arbutus Girls

The Arbutus Girls were pleasantly entertained by the matron of their club, Mrs. John McShea, on Thursday evening at her home on Mammoth road. Mrs. McShea was assisted by her sisters, the Misses Conneran.

Prizes were awarded in the several games and refreshments served. The table was prettily decorated in pink and white. Each guest received a favor.

The program was as follows: Piano solos by the Misses Winnifred Conneran, Cecile Clevette, and Susie Gorman; readings by the Misses Alice Gleason, Gladys MacKenney, Mary Gorman and Mrs. McShea; vocal selections by Mr. and Mrs. John McShea, Inez Mackenney, Mildred Clevette, Theresa Carroll, Rose Bennett and Master John McShea.

The party broke up at a late hour, each pronouncing the event a great success.

Divorce From U. S. Senator

PORTLAND, Ore., March 1.—Without definite intention of beginning divorce proceedings against her husband, United States Senator Jonathan Bourne, Jr., but admitting that the possibility of such action is under consideration Mrs. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., arrived in Portland last night. Mrs Bourne left Washington, D. C., last Monday. She declared she had formed no plans.

Card of Thanks

We wish in this way to express our sincere thanks and gratitude to friends and neighbors for the many kindnesses and the sympathy shown to us in our recent bereavement, especially those in charge where the deceased was employed also the many floral tributes received in memory of our beloved one.

Frederick Forrester
Alfred Forester
Geo. Campbell
Mrs. Geo. Campbell

ANNOUNCEMENT

Lowell, Mass., March 1, 1913

Frederic A. Fisher, Frederick P. Marble, Edward Fisher, and Charles L. Hildreth announce the removal of their law offices to the 8th floor of The New Sun Building, Merrimack Square. Elevator service. Telephone.

PROGRESSIVES ORGANIZE

Charles H. Hobson Goes Over to Moosers

WARD COMMITTEES CHOSEN LAST NIGHT

Plans for Future Quarters and General Activity Adopted at New American Last Night

In answer to letters sent out from headquarters in Boston to all the enrolled progressives in Lowell a large and enthusiastic gathering of representative members of the progressive party convened last night at the New American hotel and formed a permanent city organization. Mr. Leonard Martin appeared as the representative of the party's state committee.

Without delay the meeting got down to business. Mr. Martin explained the object of the meeting and advised the election of temporary officers. William N. Osgood, Esq., was chosen as temporary chairman and Mr. Martin temporary secretary.

The real business of the meeting was the selection of ward committees and a nominating committee was elected to offer three names from each ward to serve on this committee. These names were unanimously chosen and are as follows: Ward 1, Cecil P. Dodge, James Stuart Murphy and Samuel Worth; ward 2, Ashley A. Welcome, Oscar Grant and Louis Marchand; ward 3, William N. Osgood, Robert C. Paradis and A. S. Goldman; ward 4, John J. Delaney, Joseph T. McGirr and B. A. Kenny; ward 5, Alfred Davis, Theodore Scott and Hugh McQuade; ward 6, Dr. J. E. Lamoureux, J. W. Johnson and Pierre A. Brousseau; ward 7, W. T. S. Bartlett, J. J. Goyette and Dr. A. J. Gagnon; ward 8, A. A. Byam, Dr. G. F. Martin and W. R. Kennedy; ward 9, C. Campbell McDonald, Richard Sykes and Charles H. Hobson.

After the election of the ward committees was gotton out of the way the members of this committee proceeded to elect its officers in open session. Mr. Charles H. Hobson was chosen by a unanimous vote for the chairman of the organization, with A. S. Goldman as secretary and Alfred Davis as treasurer. John J. Delaney and Dr. J. E. Lamoureux were elected vice-chairmen of the committee.

It was decided to provide a permanent home for the Lowell progressives and an executive committee composed of the various officers was appointed to make all the necessary arrangements for a suitable location. The remainder of the business was voted to be held over until the next meeting of the committee.

After the business meeting had been adjourned talks on the present political situation were given by several of those in attendance. Especially was the typical discourse of Honest Dan Cosgrove, the party's candidate for lieutenant-governor last fall, appreciated, as his summing up of the local situation in politics was very instructive to every one present. James Stuart Murphy and Arnold A. Byam gave interesting side lights on the subjects under discussion.

SEEKS $15,000 DAMAGES

Edward J. Bridgett Sues New Haven Road in Providence for Injuries in Westport Wreck.

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—Another echo of the Westport wreck on the New Haven road October 3, 1912, was heard yesterday in the form of a suit in the superior court by Edward J. Bridgett of Wallingford, Conn., against the railroad. The plaintiff sets forth that he was a mail clerk working in one of the cars attached to the train which jumped a crossover and was wrecked near Westport. He says that as a result of the accident he was premanently injured. He want $15,000 damages.

WILLIAM H. SAUNDERS
Undertaker and Embalmer
12 HURD STREET
Complete equipment for city and out-of-town service.
TELEPHONE 2207-1

LOWELL MAN ATTENDED

A.J. Wickie at Springfield Meeting

Mr. Albert J. Wickie, the popular physical director at the Y. M. C. A., attended the meeting of the Physical Directors' society held at Springfield college this week. There were over sixty directors representing that many different associations throughout Massachusetts, Rhode Island and New York gathered and they listened to lectures by several of the directors as well as other speakers. Mr. Wickie was in Springfield two days and he was very much interested in this work, especially the demonstrations given by the physical directors of other societies.

On next Saturday afternoon the basketball team representing the local Y. M. C. A. will meet a team from the Y. M. C. A. of Haverhill. Owing to the nearness of the two cities great rivalry exists between the teams and a hot contest is expected.

The employed boys will hold a Bible class meeting and supper in the Y. M. C. A. hall this evening at 6.30 o'clock.

Mayor Scanlon to Come

Chief Marshal McMannion has received word from Mayor Michael J. Scanlon of Lawrence, that he will come to Lowell on March 29th and participate in the great parade.

Five Americans on Team

OXFORD, England, March 1.—Five American Rhodes scholars are included in the team selected to represent Oxford in the annual track meet with Cambridge on March 15. They are: William Zeigler of Iowa, H. R. Stolz of Leland Stanford, R. L. Lange of Oklahoma, E. P. Hubbel of Chicago and P. J. McCormick of Chicago.

Best Known Cough Remedy

For forty-three years Dr. King's New Discovery has been known throughout the world as the most reliable cough remedy. Over three million bottles were used last year. Isn't this proof? It will get rid of your cough, or we will refund your money. J. J. Owens, of Allendale, S. C., writes the way hundreds of others have done: "After twenty years, I find that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best remedy for coughs and colds that I have ever used." For coughs or colds and all throat and lung troubles, it has no equal. 50c and $1.00 at A. W. Dows & Co.

F. W. CRAGIN & CO.
Lowell, Mass.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cabinet Work of All Kinds to Order
Stores and offices fitted up. Wood turning, jobbing and repairing. Old furniture repaired and finished. New furniture made to order.
46 Fletcher Street Telephone

By Actual Results the World Over, the Worth of the
Standard Cyphers
INCUBATORS
—AND—
BROODERS
Has been proven year after year, to the profit and satisfaction of successful poultrymen. Why not be a winner?
BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central Street.

DEATHS

ARIAGNO—Rena Ariagno, child of Battista and Maria Ariagno, of 50 Elm street, died yesterday afternoon at the home of her parents, aged one year and three months.

HANSEN—Mrs. Mary Hansen died today at the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Carr, 49 Tolman avenue. She leaves besides her husband, Peter, of this city, a mother and two brothers, Patrick and Luke, in Ireland.

McNULTY—Miss Alice G. McNulty, of 57 Ware street, a popular young woman of this city and well known in St. Peter's parish, died yesterday at her home, aged 24 years. She had been employed at the Heinze Electric Co. and made many friends there as well as in social circles. She leaves, besides her father, Patrick, and her stepmother, Mrs. Mary McNulty, a sister, Miss Nellie McNulty, and two brothers, William and Joseph.

ANDREWS—Mrs. Charles Andrews died yesterday at her home, 413 Walker street, aged 65 years. She leaves two sisters, Mrs. Mary S. Ward and Mrs. Jennie S. Bean, both of this city.

FRATUS—Anthony Fratus, infant son of Victor and Rosa Fratus, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 272 Lakeview avenue, aged one month.

FOSTER—Charles W. Foster, formerly of this city, died yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, Miss Edna A. Foster, 1267 Commonwealth avenue, Gloucester, with whom she was spending the winter, aged 82 years. He leaves, besides his wife, Sarah, two daughters, Mrs. Charles H. Hobson of this city, and Miss Edna A. Foster, an associate editor of the Youth's Companion, at whose home he died, and two sons, Frank E., of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Perle R., who lived with his parents in Bayview, Gloucester.

ANDREWS—Died, Feb. 28, in this city, Mrs. Elizabeth Andrews, aged 65 years, at her home, 413 Walker street. She is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Mary S. Wood and Mrs. Jennie S. Bean, both of this city. Funeral services will be held at 413 Walker street, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

FUNERALS

SYMMS—The funeral services of Ethel Lewis, daughter of William and Lucy Symms, were held yesterday afternoon at the home of her parents in East Billerica. Rev. J. Harold Dale officiating. There were many flowers received. The bearers were Messrs. John, Clifford and Arthur Symms and Clifford Lawrence. The burial was in the family lot in the Tewksbury cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Mr. Dale. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker John A. Weinbeck.

KINNEY—The funeral of Ariel Kinney took place from his home, 18 Bleachery street, yesterday afternoon. Private services, owing to sickness in the family, were conducted by Rev. E. Victor Bigelow, formerly pastor of the Eliot Congregational church, but now of the South Congregational church of Andover. The bearers were Messrs. Burton A. Kinney, Arlo L. Kinney, his sons, J. T. Rexford and August Anderson. Rev. Mr. Bigelow read the committal services at the grave, and the burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery, in charge of Undertakers J. B. Currier Co.

CAVERNO—The funeral of Sarah W. Caverno took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her parents, 248 Wilder street. The services were conducted by Rev. Clarence R. Skinner, pastor of the Grace Universalist church. Burial was in the family lot in Westlawn cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

ARIAGNO—The funeral of Rena Ariagno, child of Mr. Battista and Mrs. Maria Ariagno, took place from the home of her parents, 50 Elm street, this morning at 9 o'clock. Burial took place in the Edson cemetery. Owing to the nature of the disease the burial was private. Undertaker George B. McKenna was in charge.

DONOHOE—The funeral of Mr. Edward Donohoe took place this morning at 8.15 o'clock from his late home, 4 Cross street avenue, and was largely attended. A funeral high mass was celebrated in the Sacred Heart church at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. McDermott, O. M. I. The Gregorian chant was sung by the choir and the organist was Mr. John Kelty. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Rev. Fr. McDermott read the burial service. The bearers were Messrs. John Whitney, Thomas Higgins, Walter Stacey and Alfred Grant. Among the floral offerings were the following: Large pillow inscribed "Husband" from his wife, sheaf of wheat from his son, spray of pinks from Mrs. John Whitney and spray of pinks from Mrs. Walter Stacey. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker Charles H. Molloy.

FUNERAL NOTICES

McNULTY—The funeral of Miss Alice McNulty will take place Monday morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 57 Ware street. A funeral high mass will be celebrated in St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral in charge of C. H. Molloy.

HANSEN—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Hansen will take place on Monday morning at 8.15 from the home of her sister, Mrs. Joseph Carr, 49 Tolman avenue. High mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Columba's church at 9 o'clock. The burial will be in charge of Undertaker Savage.

GALLAGHER—In this city, Feb. 28, at 87 Chesnut street, Miss Susan Gallagher, aged 87 years. Funeral will take place on Monday morning at 8 o'clock from her late home 87 Chesnut street. Funeral mass of requiem will be sung at the Immaculate Conception church. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons.

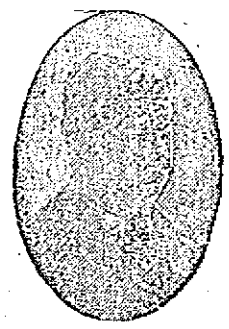
SINGER DIED SUDDENLY

Miss Hubbard Burst Artery While Singing

GREENWICH, Conn., March 1.—Miss Lulu Hubbard, a contralto soloist, who burst an artery while singing at the Stamford Methodist church, recently, died suddenly of rheumatism of the heart today. At the time of the injury Miss Hubbard was vocalizing a high note. Medical attention failed to stop the bleeding and Miss Hubbard had nervous prostration due to fear that she never again would sing. Miss Hubbard had also sung in the Congregational and Baptist churches in Stamford. Although only in her 26th year she had been singing in public for ten years and a musical career had been her ambition.

Steamer Adrift

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The steamer Everett with a tow is reported adrift 100 miles west of the Tortugas. The revenue cutter Miami has gone to her assistance.



CALL FOR HARKIN'S
SOCIAL TEN
ALL DEALERS—10 CENTS
No wonder that every judge of a good cigar asks for a Harkin's Social Ten, as it leads all others. For sale by all dealers. Try one and you will smoke no other.

BASEBALL AND FIELD SPORTS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF AND ATHLETICS

Live Bits of Sport

The Pacific coast will be minus its big football game next fall unless the University of California and Stanford University get together and patch up their differences before that time. This has always proved the biggest gridiron attraction of that section and if the game is discontinued there will be great disappointment among the lovers of the pigskin sport.

Drew came through last night true to form and beat out his old rival, Rice, at the New England championships in the 40 yard dash. Drew showed his fastest starting style that he has possessed this season. Drew's time, however, was not remarkably fast the final heat being won in 4 4-5 seconds. The B. A. A. runners cleaned up the majority of the events on the program.

Eddie Marceau, running the mile and winner of the 1000 yard run at last night's meet is fast becoming as good if not better than his older brother, Frank. Frank is running on the Dartmouth two mile relay team which meets the B. A. A. today in a special race at the schoolboy meet. Both brothers are sure point winners in any meet in which they compete.

Alger and Gallant show altogether different style in their methods of offence as well as defense. Alger's main standby is a straight left hand jab with which he continually ruffles up an opponent's face. Gallant, on the other hand, dearly loves to get inside and make a drumhead out of the other's ribs. These two men put up a very clever exhibition of their respective styles in their encounter at the local club last night.

"Rube" Marquard has evidently got enlargement of the cranium again. He still declares that he has retired from baseball for all time. The New York twirler goes on to say that if it had not been for his sevrices the Giants would have been in "Dutch" last year. "Rube" does not stop to think that if it had not been for the New York Nationals' manager he would probably never have been half the pitcher that he is today. And yet this same player throws out the remark that McGraw would be a misfit without his (Marquard's) heaving arm, all of which must be very amusing to "Muggsy."

The high school athletes who competed in the B. A. A. schoolboy games this afternoon at Mechanics' hall, Boston, left on the 12.13 train for the Hub. The relay team composed of Captain Bailey, Carter, Haggerty, Bowers and Trull as well as Eddie Cawley were the men chosen for competition at the big meet. Carroll Libbee, the diminutive dash man of the team was booked for the 40 yard yard dash but has been forced out on account of sickness. Cawley is entered in the 16 lb. shoput and will be up against the best schoolboy heavers in New England.

Representative Hilton of Chicago is the kind of man whose influence is always sure to help whatever he tries to boost. Just now this politician is attempting to put over a new boxing commission on the Illinois legislature and has invited Packey McFarland to box an exhibition four round affair with him before his brother members of the house as well as the senate. If the proposed law is passed Hilton will in all probability be handed passes to every boxing club in the state.

With the early season games arranged and the schedule properly drawn up the baseball season does not seem so far away. The first league holiday, May 30, Lowell will be home in the morning with Lawrence as an opponent and will play the same team on the latter's grounds in the afternoon. Haverhill and Portland have received special permission to play two games at Portland on April 19th. This should be a good start for a successful season for Duffy's team.

Automobiles and the High School

The automobile industry needs skilled workers, and boys who are interested in being skilled automobile workers need the high school. That's the basis of the school and shop plan now in effect in Lansing, Mich., as reported to the United States Bureau of Education. In Lansing the high school and the automobile industries of the city cooperate in educating boys who wish to go beyond the eighth grade in school but need something different from the usual academic curriculum.

Boys in the industrial-cooperative course spend the first year wholly in school. After that they divide their time equally between school and shop, working one week at school and the next week in the automobile or gas-engine shop, or wherever they are employed. Thus the present beginning class of twenty, when they finish the preliminary year this June, will go to work as apprentices in leading manufacturing plants. They will have two weeks' vacation during the summer, and in the fall they will begin the weekly alternating plan. They are paid for their work, of course.

The object of the plan, according to Superintendent Cummings, who inaugurated it after observing the work at Fitchburg, Mass., is not only to provide a rational course of study for pupils who desire specific preparation for a trade, but also "to serve a purpose in the performance of the school's duty to the industries and to society."

The instructor in charge of the industrial-cooperative course is an admirable example of the new kind of schoolman required for vocational education. He is well educated, but at the same time he is a man of practical training and experience. Not only did he serve at his trade for several years, but he has had experience in teaching as well. It is not often that the schools can avail themselves of vocational instructors of this double qualification, and in this respect Lansing is considered particularly fortunate.

The work is already proving its importance, in the opinion of two boys, who, after having made abject failures of the regular high-school work the year before, are successful leaders in the work of the industrial department.

Buy your jewelry at the big sale, 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Fillon.

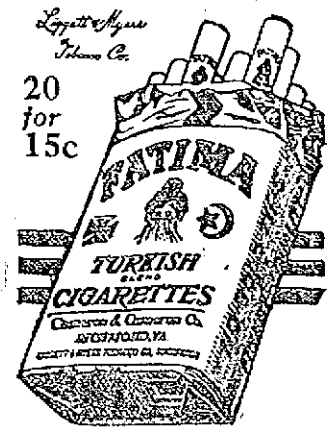
A "Distinctively Individual" smoke—

FATIMA

TURKISH BLEND

CIGARETTES

Pure, good tobaccos—selected as you would select a gift for a friend. Simple package—20 cigarettes, of which more are sold than any other in this country.



If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

APPROPRIATIONS FOR YEAR

Continued

for automobiles purchased last year.

The handling of the annual budget this year is the quickest on record. Yesterday afternoon all of the department appropriations were voted and this forenoon the sub-division apportionments were made in less than an hour. The total appropriations made yesterday are shown in the table and the sub-divisions in the running story of today's meeting.

Mayor O'Donnell called to order at 10.40 o'clock and the first business before the board was the consideration of Ald. Cummings' $6,000 order for the completion of the comfort station. Mr. Cummings explained that a great deal more ledge had been encountered than was expected and considerable detail that was not anticipated in the beginning, including waterproofing and leveling.

The mayor moved that his department be allowed the sum of $4900. The motion was seconded and Ald. Brown said that there should be an ordinance creating the office of secretary to the mayor. The mayor, in reply, stated that heads of departments had the right to hire their assistants. The following sub-divisions of appropriations made yesterday were voted:

Public safety department—Board of health—outdoor relief, $33,000; hospital, $50,000; fish warden, $100; health department office, $17,130; health department yard, $50,540; milk inspector, $2,532; law department, $5,000; pound-keeper, $5; police department, $163,000; soldiers' benefit fund, $40,000; school inspection, $800; inspector of animals, $510; department of insurance, $4500; department of smoke inspector, $400. That concluded the sub-divisions of the mayor's department, the total appropriation voted yesterday being $372,417.00.

Department of Finance

The total appropriation allowed yesterday was $57,700. Alderman Brown said that was considerably less than last year and he produced figures that he had had prepared in Mr. Donnelly's office. He said the actual expense of the department last year was $61,781.76 and if he were obliged to do with the appropriation given him yesterday he would have to lay off clerks. The subdivisions were made as follows, Mr. Brown voting "no":

Auditor's department, $6,000; assessors' department, $14,500; treasurer's department, $11,500; city clerk, $7,300; department of elections, $8,000; registrar of voters, $4,000; supply department, $6,200; tax refunds, $200.

The Ugly Word Passed

Ald. Brown had made a statement relative to the fire department appropriation and sent to the auditor's office for figures.

"I want to call attention," he said, "to the fact that the sum of $174,373.13 was expended by the fire department in 1912 and that $187,000 was allowed that department this year."

"Now," said Mr. Brown, "if the council wants money to help out the financial department all that it has to do is to call on the fire department." He said the original appropriation for 1912 was $191,755.00, and Ald. Barrett said that the difference between $174,373.13 and $190,755.00 was set aside for the purchase of automobiles for the fire department. "That does not answer my statement," said Mr. Brown. "I say that the actual expense of the fire department last year was $174,373.13 and—"

"That is a lie," said Mr. Barrett.

"You are a poor kind of gentleman as a member of the council to use that language," said Mr. Brown.

"I repeat that it is an absolute falsehood," said Ald. Barrett.

Mr. Brown had said that all departments but the department of finance seemed to have been so supplied as to satisfy the heads of those departments, and Mayor O'Donnell took him to task for the statement. "I am not satisfied," said the mayor, "but I am satisfied to make the best of a bad job."

After this little flurry the council resumed its work on subdivisions and the department of streets and highways was taken up.

Streets and Highways

The street department yesterday was allowed $252,000 and the following subdivisions were made today: Street department, $140,000; street watering department, $119,000; street lighting $100,000; sewer maintenance, $18,000; engineering department, $15,000."

Water Works and Fire Department

Alderman Barrett moved that the sum of $187,000 be allowed the fire department and that the receipts of the water department be allowed that department for its expenses. It was so voted.

Public Buildings and Licenses

Alderman Cummings moved that the sum of $21,000 be the sum apportioned for public buildings and it was so voted. Twenty-one thousand dollars was voted for school houses; for messenger's department, $18,000; $5500 for moth extermination; rifle range, $1000; sealer of weights and measures, $2300; official weigher, $810; inspection of wires, $2500; $12,000 for parks; $800 for care of trees; $1000 for playgrounds; $4600 for license commission; $35,900 to be apportioned for payment of state's share of the liquor licenses. Mr. Cummings' total appropriation was $128,810.

This completed the sub-division work and Mr. Barrett moved that the council have a call of the roll on the entire apportionment. It was so voted.

At 11.45 the council adjourned to 2 p. m. Tuesday.

YESTERDAY'S MEETING

Of the Municipal Council—Appropriations Voted—Lighting Contract Adopted

At the call of Mayor O'Donnell the members of the municipal council met in special session yesterday afternoon for the purpose of settling the appropriation question and other matters of importance that have been before the council for some time. Despite the fact that the meeting did not last much longer than an hour and a quarter, all this business and considerable other was gone through. The appropriations for each and all departments were voted, and the lighting contract which was published in The Sun some time ago was accepted.

The total amount voted this year for the maintenance of all departments is $1,443,397, as against $1,455,291.05 last year, which makes a difference of $11,894.05 less than last year.

In the course of the meeting it was also announced by Commissioner Barrett that beginning today a reduction of 20 per cent on the water rates would go into effect.

The meeting was called to order by Mayor O'Donnell at 9.40 o'clock with all members present. In opening the mayor explained that he called the meeting for the purpose of taking definite action on the budget. At this point Mr. Brown called attention to section 31 of the finance ordinance of the city charter, which stated that the estimates shall be referred to the auditor and be verified and printed for the members of the council. Mayor O'Donnell said that the estimates had been referred to the auditor and had been verified but not printed, this to come later.

The Appropriations

Mr. Barrett made a motion that the appropriation for the department of public safety for the present year be $372,417. Mr. Cummings seconded and the motion was adopted despite the fact that Mr. Brown said he was opposed to this method of making out the appropriations, as he wanted a certain sum voted for each department. Mr. Barrett explained that the amounts appropriated would be practically the same as last year, and in some instances less than in 1912. He said the department of public safety asked for a few thousand more in order to take care of the 25 cents a day increase for patrolmen of the police department. Mr. Brown voted against the motion and gave notice of reconsideration.

It was moved by Mr. Cummings that the sum of $128,810 be voted for the department of public buildings. He said he was asking for about $8000 less this year for the fact that in all probability the money earned by the public cemeteries department will wholly be applied to the maintenance of said department. This motion was again opposed by Mr. Brown, but the other four commissioners voted for and it was passed.

Mr. Barrett moved that the sum of $187,000 be appropriated for the fire department. He said this was a reduction of about $5000 from the amount voted last year which was $191,755. In presenting his motion the commissioner said this was the first time in the history of the city that the fire department has asked less money than in the preceding year. He said he has two petitions for fire houses, one from the Oaklands and another from Branch street, but he believes these new houses will not be needed now, inasmuch as the automobile apparatus can do the work and in quicker time than if there were stations at the aforementioned places.

Alderman Barrett Resents

Mr. Brown said that the expenses of the fire department last year were $174,373.13, and if $187,000 is vited this year it means a decided increase.

"Commissioner Barrett's statement is correct in every detail," said Mayor O'Donnell.

"This statement is false and malicious," said Mr. Barrett, referring to Mr. Brown's statement, "for the appropriation for the fire department last year was $191,755, and the expenditures for the year included the cost of three combination fire automobiles, and you, Mr. Brown, have agreed to the purchase of two of those cars. The three machines which were selected with the approval of the council will be paid for out of last year's appropriation for the fire department."

The motion was carried, the vote being four to one, Mr. Brown voting against. He gave notice of reconsideration.

On motion of Mr. Barrett it was voted that the receipts of the water department would be utilized for the maintenance of the said department, to which Mr. Brown again dissented, as he wanted a specific sum appropriated for this work. Mr. Barrett said the ordinances and the charter state that the revenues of the water department must be applied to that department and to that wholly.

"Have you considered these appropriations in your office " asked Mr. Brown of the mayor.

"Yes, for a month past," was the reply.

"Has the public or press been invited?" asked Mr. Brown.

"Nobody has been invited to attend," replied the mayor.

The motion was put and carried and Mr. Brown gave a notice of reconsideration.

Water Dept. Rates

Mr. Barrett stated that the meter year in the water department opens on March 1, and he asked permission to reduce the rates 20 per cent, instead of 10 per cent, as it was announced some time ago. On motion of Mr. Cummings this was voted.

Mr. Donnelly moved that the sum of $282,000 be appropriated for the street and highways department. Mr. Brown did not favor this because he thought this would not be enough to carry the department through the year, as the appropriation last year was for the same department $286,500. The motion was carried.

Lighting Contract

The following motion in writing was presented by Mr. Donnelly:

That the commissioner of streets and highways be, and hereby is, authorized and requested to make, on behalf of the city, a street lighting contract, with the Lowell Electric Light corporation, for 710 alternating current, series enclosed, arc lamps, the same to be furnished for not less than six years, at the prices and agreeable to the terms and conditions expressed in the draft contract now on file in said 'Street lighting contract as proposed February, 1913."

Mr. Cummings seconded and the motion was unanimously passed.

Mr. Barrett moved that the sum of $57,700 be voted for the department of finance and this was passed, Mr. Brown who is at the head of this department voting against. He gave notice of reconsideration.

On motion of Mr. Cummings the sum of $355,000 was voted for the school department. Mr. Brown was again on his feet to oppose this motion saying that last year the same sum was appropriated and before the year was over the council was forced to borrow $35,000 more. Mr. Cummings said if more money is given to schools it will have to be borrowed. The motion was carried and a notice of reconsideration was given by Mr. Brown.

For the Library

The question of the public library was next brought to the attention of the council by Mayor O'Donnell, who said the trustees of the library have asked for an appropriation of $18,000. But he said that although in favor of giving them what they want as he knows it is badly needed, he feels that the council cannot afford more than was given last year, that is $14,500 and this was voted.

Twenty-five hundred dollars was voted for the commissioners' fund, and $10,000 was voted for the commissioners' salaries. It was voted to appropriate $1000 for the Labor day celebration and $1000 for the Fourth of July celebration; $700 for band concerts and $1350 for Memorial day, $1000 for the G. A. R. and $350 for the Spanish War Veterans.

Erection of Poles

Mayor O'Donnell brought up the matter of making an amendment to the city ordinance which provides that the public service corporations pay certain fees for the erection of poles and wire attachments. He said that he and Commissioner Donnelly had held several conferences with some of the officials of the corporations and the result was that the companies had made a concession to the effect that they would contribute between $450 and $500 each year to the support of the wire inspection department. The mayor moved that the city solicitor be authorized to draw an amendment to the compensatory fee ordinance, making it possible to alter conditions. It was so voted.

Alexander Jancovitch, through his attorney George F. Toye, entered a claim for damages to his property in Central street, caused by the breaking of a water main. It was referred to the legal department.

Timothy Driscoll entered a claim for damages caused by a fall on a sidewalk, Jan. 27th, last. Referred to the legal department.

John F. Noyes entered a claim for damages to himself and property. Referred to the legal department.

M. S. Feindel asked permission to keep, store, use and sell gasoline. A hearing was set for March 18.

A communication was received from the Lowell board of trade, asking that Nichols and Smith streets, from Branch and Westford streets, be made one-way streets. It was referred to the highways department.

A communication from the Lowell board of trade was read, asking that the land in the rear of the police station in Market street be put in proper condition and used as a space for the parking of automobiles. Referred to the commissioner of public property.

The Patterson Rubber company asked permission to store 6000 gallons of naphtha and 6000 gallons of benzine. A hearing was set for this petition for March 25th.

Alden B. Ilsley asked that the council take action on a bill of $68.50 against the city, claiming that this amount is due him for the time he was laid off from his work. Referred to the legal department.

Mayor O'Donnell brought up the matter of the contagious hospital, and said that it was the consensus of opinion of the members of the commission that some definite action should be taken relative to recommendations made by the majority membership, last year, concerning the selection of a site near the Chelmsford street hospital.

Mr. Brown moved that the recommendation of the hospital commission favoring a site in front of the Chelmsford street hospital be accepted, and it was so voted.

Mr. Cummings moved that a ballot be taken for a member of the board of health. There was no second.

Adjourned at 4.52 p. m., to Saturday at 10 a. m.

THE RANKS OF THE HOLDOUT BRIGADE IN BASEBALL ARE RAPIDLY DIMINISHING

CHICAGO, March 1.—The baseball holdout brigade is gradually diminishing. A few weeks ago there were at least twenty-five stars who declared they would not play this season for some reason or another. At the present writing the former list has been cut in half and will be smaller within the next two weeks. Some owners have given in to their men, while some players could not resist the lure of the diamond. Among the most prominent holdouts at present are Jimmy Archer of the Chicago Cubs, Ed Konetchy of the St. Louis Cardinals, Jack Miller and Bobby Byrne of the Pittsburgh Nationals, Sam Crawford, Ed Stanage and Jean Dubuc of the Detroit Americans and Rube Marquard of the New York Nationals. Ty Cobb is also a holdout, but the chances are that President Nevin of the Detroit club will give him the salary asked for. Navin cannot figure why he should increase the pay of Crawford Stanage or Dubuc when his team finished far down in the race last season. These players, however, pretend to be just as much in earnest as their employer, so that it may be some time before their differences are straightened out. Archer says he will not play unless President Murphy gives him $10,000 for the season. In view of the fact that the Cubs have Bresnahan to do the catching, it looks as if Archer will not get what he asks for. Konetchy demands $7,500, but Manager Huggins says he is willing to give "Big Ed" $6,000. It is likely that he will accept the terms offered by Huggins. Miller is asking for an increase of $300 over last year and Byrne the same. President Dreyfuss declared he will not give in. Now it's up to the players to sign or quit for the season. It is probable that by the time the season rolls around all the aforementioned stars will be handling the pill for their respective teams.

GALLANT AND ALGER IN FAST BOUT

Boxed 12 Rounds to a Draw at Local Club Last Night—Morgan Won From Riley

The members of the Lowell Social and Athletic club who were present at the weekly meeting of the organization last night witnessed a twelve-round draw between Gilbert Gallant and George Alger. Public opinion before the bout seemed to lean toward Gallant as the probable winner but Alger showed up with the left hand even in better jabbing shape than usual, and that is saying much.

In the early rounds Alger jabbed Gallant's face and head with great regularity and force and succeeded in escaping a return by his fast footwork. Gallant kept following him, however, and worked both hands with great effect to the kidneys and stomach in the clinches. Gallant's superior strength also was a telling factor in all the infighting and he kept his opponent busy holding on whenever the two engaged in any close work.

As the fight progressed Gallant began to show to better advantage and developed a feint and duck that forced Alger to miss many of his left hand leads. Alger also showed the boy from Chelsea a new wrinkle when in the fifth round he opened up with a left lead to the stomach instead of the usual jab to the jaw that he had been using.

On several occasions during the latter portion of the contest the only thing that saved Alger was his cleverness in ducking, fast footwork and all around ring generalship. Although the Chelsea fighter was the stronger of the two at the end of the twelfth session and showed more fighting power in respect for the other's cleverness a draw was the only decision that Referee Joe Thomas could conscientiously give. The decision was highly popular.

The semi-final between Young Morgan of Manchester and Barney Riley of Boston proved a good go for a while. The Boston fighter packed a wallop but he also had a telegraphic communication for same which the other boy found out very shortly. Whenever Morgan saw Riley reach in back of him he immediately either stepped out of range or walked in and jabbed or crossed him before Barney could get his swing started. This occurred so many times as the fight progressed that the Boston boy began to show marked signs of weariness and after a particularly bad time in the last period the bout was awarded to the Manchester lad.

Finney Boyle continued his winning streak at the expense of Young Martin in the first prelim. This youngster can certainly hit with both hands and has assimilated a lot of cleverness since his last local appearance. The bout was stopped in the second round after Young Martin's second had thrown in the sponge.

Two boys from Cambridge were the principals in the second prelim and what they knew about boxing would not fill a Carnegie library. From a ludicrous point of view the bout was a complete success. This affair was cut short in the second period when Comey, the larger of the two, put Valley down for the count.

It was announced that the main bout next week will be furnished by Johnny Dohan of New York and Young McDonough of Manchester.

NEW ENGLAND DATES

Schedule for Opening Week and Holiday Games as Arranged at Meeting of Baseball Men in Boston

The schedule for the opening week and the holidays in the New England baseball league was drawn up at a meeting of representatives of the various clubs held in Boston last night. The opening will be on Wednesday, April 30, with home games scheduled at Worcester, Lawrence, New Bedford and Lowell. Portland, which has a New England league franchise for the first time, will play at home on two holidays, Memorial day and the Fourth of July.

The league teams were represented at the meeting as follows: Lynn, E. B. Fraser; Lowell, James J. Gray; Lawrence, Louis P. Pieper; Haverhill, D. H. F. Clohecy; Brockton, J. W. McCue and J. W. Burns; Portland, Hugh Duffy; Worcester, J. J. O'Donnell and Jesse Burkett; New Bedford, Samuel Winsper.

The schedule for the opening week and holidays follows:

April 30 and May 1—Brockton at Worcester, Lynn at Lawrence, Haverhill at New Bedford, Portland at Lowell.

May 2-3—Brockton at New Bedford, Haverhill at Worcester, Portland at Lawrence, Lynn at Lowell.

May 5-6—Brockton at Lowell, Lawrence at Lynn, New Bedford at Haverhill, Portland at Worcester.

May 7—Worcester at Brockton, Portland at Lynn, New Bedford at Lowell, Haverhill at Lawrence.

May 8—Lowell at Portland, Worcester at Brockton, New Bedford at Lynn, Lawrence at Haverhill.

May 30—Morning—Lawrence at Lowell Haverhill at Portland, Lynn at Worcester, Brockton at New Bedford; afternoon, Lowell at Lawrence, Haverhill at Portland, Worcester at Lynn, New Bedford at Brockton.

June 17, Morning—Worcester at Lynn; afternoon, Brockton at Lynn.

July 4, Morning—Worcester at Lowell, Lawrence at Haverhill, Brockton at Portland, New Bedford at Lynn; afternoon, Lowell at Worcester, Haverhill at Lawrence, Brockton at Portland, New Bedford at Lynn.

Sept. 1, Morning—Lowell at Lawrence, Lynn at Haverhill, Portland at Worcester, New Bedford at Brockton, afternoon, Lawrence at Lowell, Haverhill at Lynn, Portland at Worcester, Brockton at New Bedford.

Buy your jewelry at the big sale, 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Fillon.

DIAMOND NOTES

With Ainsmith's health still a matter of conjecture and John Henry far from recovered from the operation upon his knee, it looks as if the bulk of the catching in Washington's early season games would fall upon Alva Williams.

When anybody drops a fly ball down at the Giants' training quarters at Marlin Springs, they call it "pulling a Snodgrass." All of which is rather tough on Fred, who is himself detained in California with a $75,000 breach of promise suit upon his hands.

Manager Dooin has announced that he will not pay old Pat Moran a penny more than he was offered in his contract. If Moran doesn't like those figures Dooin is perfectly willing to trade the veteran to Cincinnati.

Harry Ordway, an East Boston boy and last season with the Chillicothe team of the Ohio State league, has received a contract from the Worcester club and will doubtless sign with the Busters for the coming season. Ordway broke into New England league baseball with Lowell, but broke a finger in the season's opening game, and being unable to play was promptly released. Ordway is an infielder, and Old War-Horse Burkett believes that he has the making of a capital player.

Christy Mathewson has been spending most of his time to date in handball and tennis, with checkers as his diversion in the evening. As yet he has done very little in the pitching line at Marlin Springs.

Elaborate accommodations have been provided for the players at Ebbetts Field, Brooklyn. The home team has five shower baths, and each man has a locker. The visitors, in separate quarters, have three showers and wire cages in which to lock their clothing and valuables. The floors and walls are of marble and slate, with electric lights and steam heat. From the dressing rooms runs a private lane, fenced in, leading to the covered benches, so that it will be impossible for the players to come in contact with the fans.

The University of Pittsburgh is to pass a rule permitting its athletes to play summer baseball provided they give up all other forms of athletics after Sept. 15, save that in which they will compete for the university.

B. F. Keith's

Five Selected Actors — David Higgins and Co. —IN A— Brilliant Comedy — Late Star of Piney Ridge

PAUL KLEIST & COMPANY
"THE LAND OF DREAMS."

WYER AND SHELDON
HE, FINE. SHE, GREAT.

RICE AND DORR'S

Presenting all the Mysterious Wonders of the New York Hippodrome

WATER CARNIVAL AND AQUATIC CIRCUS

Male and Female Swimmers and High Divers—Indian Log-Rolling Experts—Water Walkers—The High Diving Horse May—The Fisherman's Dog—Laughable Clowns.

NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER—"Or a Trip to the Bottom of the Sea." A marvelous and awe-inspiring feature—They disappear into the tank and are not seen by the audience again.

The Biggest and Costliest Act Ever Presented In Lowell

Week Mar. 3

DOROTHY RICHMOND & CO.
In "A MIDNIGHT MARRIAGE." Four High Class Players.

LEE AND PERRIN
SHE'S DANDY. HE'S FUNNY.

LEWIS AND DEMONT
He and She, Sing and Dance.

IRENE DELYS—She's Some Girl.

A MONEY TRUST DOES EXIST

And Powers Should be Curbed by Stringent Regulations, Says Money Trust Committee

WASHINGTON, March 1.—That a money trust does exist and that its powers should be curbed by stringent federal regulations as to the conduct of national banks, clearing houses, and stock exchanges were the findings of the house money trust committee set forth in the majority report of its investigations filed in the house late today.

Voluminous Document

The report, signed by Chairman Pujo and the six other democratic members of the sub-committee which conducted the money trust probe, is a voluminous document accompanied by two lengthy bills, one to regulate stock exchanges through forbidding the mails to exchanges which do not comply with federal regulations, and the other to regulate clearing house associations through forbidding national banks to join such associations unless federal regulations are observed. In the latter bill, proposed as an amendment to the national banking act, the conduct of national bank officers and directors is closely restricted.

The report as submitted to the house is largely the work of Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the committee, who composed the original draft of the report and who drew the bills presented. On the question of the existence of a money trust is the report specific and detailed.

Ridiculous Suggestion

"It would, of course, be absurd," said the report, "to suggest that control of the bulk of the widely distributed wealth of a great nation can be corralled by any set of men. If that is what is meant by gentlemen who deny the existence of a money trust, your committee agrees with them. Such a thing, of course, would be impossible and its suggestion is ridiculous. It is not, however, necessary that a group of men shall directly control the small savings in the banks nor the scattered resources of the country in order to monopolize the great financial transactions or to be able to dictate the credits that shall be extended or withheld from the more important and conspicuous enterprises. This is substantially what has been accomplished and fairly represents the existing condition."

Banker Can Handle Securities

The great bank or banker "with access to the mainsprings of the concentrated resources of other people's money," the report declares, can handle the vast issues of securities now demanded by the commercial and industrial development of the country. But the bank reserve system, it is further contended, concentrates a large part of the funds of the smaller banks in the only public money market of the country, New York, where a group of men there have strengthened their interest in the various banking institutions, the report says.

"If therefore, by a 'money trust' is meant 'an established and well defined identity and community of interest between a few leaders of finance which has been created and held together through stock holdings, interlocking directorates and other forms of domination over banks, trust companies, railroads, public service and industrial corporations and which has resulted in a vast and growing concentration of the control of money and credit in the hands of a comparatively few men,' your committee, as before stated, has no hesitation in asserting as the result of its investigation up to this time that the condition thus described exists in this country today.

Inter-state Corporations

"To say that the domination of this group over the money and credit of the country controlled by our largest financial institutions and that is available for financing large security issues for the current needs of our principal inter-state corporations and of the individuals conducting great enterprises and for stock exchange loans, is at least as effective, as for instance, is the control of the United States Steel corporation over the steel industry, is an under statement of the situation, although the methods by which this control is effected and held together are of course essentially different and of a more loose and intangible character."

Membership Outlined

Accepting this as the long sought "money trust," the committee outlined the membership as follows:

"The parties to this combination or understanding, or community of interest, by whatever name it may be called, may be conveniently classified, for the purpose of differentiation, into four separate groups.

"The first, which for convenience of statement we will call the inner group, consists of J. P. Morgan & Company, the recognized leaders, and George F. Baker and James Stillman in their individual capacities and in their joint administration and control of the First National bank, the National City bank, the National Bank of Commerce, the Chase National bank, the Guaranty Trust company and the Bankers' Trust company, with total known resources, in these corporations alone, in excess of $1,300,000,000, and of a number of smaller but important financial institutions. This takes no account of the personal fortunes of these gentlemen.

International Banking Houses

"Closely allied with this inner or primary group and indeed related to them practically as partners in many of their larger financial enterprises, are the powerful international banking houses of Lee, Higginson & Company, and Kidder, Peabody & Company, with three affiliated banks in Boston.

"In New York City the international banking house of Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb and Company, with its large foreign clientele and connections, whilst only qualifiedly allied with the inner group, yet through its close relations with the National City bank and the National bank of commerce and other financial institutions, with which it has recently allied itself, has many interests in common, conducting large joint account transactions with them, especially in recent years, and having what virtually amounts to an understanding not to compete, which is defended as a principle of 'banking ethics.' Together they have with a few exceptions preempted the banking business of the important railways of the country.

Inner Group Associates

"In Chicago this inner group associates with and makes issues of securities in joint account, or through underwriting participations primarily with the First National bank and the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, and has more or less friendly business relations with the Continental and Commerce National bank, which participates in the underwriting of security issues by the inner group. These are the three largest financial institutions in Chicago, with combined resources of $561,000,000.

"Radiating from these principal groups and closely affiliated with them are smaller but important banking houses such as Kissel, Kinnicut and Company, while Weld and Company and Harvey Fisk and Sons, who receive large and lucrative patronages from the dominating groups and are used by the latter as jobbers or distributors of securities the issuing of which they control, but which for reasons of their own they prefer not to have issued or distributed under their own names. Messrs. Lee, Higginson and Company, besides being partners with the inner group, are also frequently utilized in this service because of their facilities as distributors of securities.

Sale of Securities

"Beyond these inner groups and sub-groups are banks and bankers throughout the country who co-operate with them in underwriting or guaranteeing the sale of securities offered to the public and who also act as distributors of such securities.

"The patronage thus proceeding from the inner group and its sub-groups, is of great value to these banks and bankers, who are thus tied by self interest to the great issuing houses and may be regarded as a part of this vast financial organization."

Concluding its findings as to the existence of a money trust the committee said:

Fraught With Great Peril

"Your committee is convinced that however well founded may be the assurances of good ntentions by those now holding the places of power which have been thus created, the situation is fraught with too great peril to our institutions to be tolerated."

Discussing the control of issues of securities by this so-called money trust, the report said:

"Through their power and domination over so many of the largest financial institutions, which, as buyers, underwriters, distributors, or investors, constitute the principal first outlets for security issues, the inner group and its allies have drawn to themselves practically the sole marketing of the issues of the greater railroad, producing and trading, and public utility corporations, which in consequence have no open market to which to appeal; and from this position of vantage, fortified by the control exerted by them through voting trusts, representation in directorates, stockholdings, fiscal agencies and other relations, they have been able in turn to direct the deposits and other patronage of such corporations to these same financial institutions, thereby strengthening the instruments through which they work."

Interlocking Directorates

The report condemned interlocking directorates and consolidations, and devoted considerable space to a statement showing the development of control through those agencies in New York institutions.

"It is manifestly improper," said the report, "and repugnant to the theory and practice of competition that the same person or members of the same firm shall undertake to act in such inconsistent capacities."

The report condemns the use of voting trusts in the control of financial institutions, and criticizes private bankers in the capacity of depositaries for interstate corporations.

Committee Recommendations

The recommendations of the committee, as set forth in the report, and as embraced in the bills accompanying the report urged the following reforms:

"Clearing house associations of which national banks are members, should be required to become bodies corporate of the states in which they are located and every solvent and properly managed bank or trust company should have the right enforceable at law, to become and remain a member.

"Regular periodical examinations of members by a committee of the Clearing House association should be prohibited and instead all such examinations should be conducted by public authorities."

Government Supervision

The committee would give government supervision of clearing house certificates, and would prohibit the fixing of rates by clearing houses for the collection of out of town checks, discount or interest on deposits.

As to the New York stock exchange the committee recommended:

Prohibit Transmission

"That congress prohibit transmission by the mails or by telegraph or telephone from one state to another of orders to buy or sell or quotations or other information concerning transactions on any stock exchange, and also prohibit national banks from buying or selling or lending upon the security of stocks or bonds listed on any stock exchange, unless such exchange were a body corporate of the state or territory in which it is located.

"Require corporations whose securities it (the stock exchange) lists," the report continues, "To make a complete disclosure of their affairs, in particular any commission paid to promoters, middlemen or bankers, out of any such security interest or the proceeds thereof.

"Require a margin of not less than twenty per cent on all purchases of stock.

"Prohibit as far as possible the execution of simultaneous or substantially simultaneous orders proceeding from the same person or persons to buy and sell the same security for the purpose of creating an appearance of activity therein, and any orders, the purpose of which is to inflate or depress the price of any security.

"Prohibit members from pledging securities purchased and carried for a customer for an amount greater than the unpaid fortune of the purchase price, whether with or without the consent of such customer.

Prohibit Lending

"Prohibit members from lending to other members securities carried by the former for customers, whether with or without the customer's consent.

"State in its charter the conditions on which issues of securities shall be admitted or removed from the trading list, and provide for a judicial review of its action in this regard.

"Keep books of account, showing the actual names and transactions of customers and give access thereto to the postmaster general."

Among the recommendations for the restriction of national banks the committee set forth 22 regulations. These were:

Prohibition of Consolidation

The prohibition of the consolidation of two or more banks without the approval of the comptroller of the currency; prohibition of directors serving on the boards of more than one bank in the same community or locality; forbidding ownership of stock in one national by any other bank or trust company; forbidding voting trusts in the control of banks; providing for cumulative voting in the election of national bank directors; forbidding security holding companies as adjuncts to national banks; forbidding interstate corporations from constituting any banking establishment their sole fiscal agents; forbidding interstate corporations to deposit funds with "unsupervised, unregulated private bankers;" forbidding national banks engaging in underwriting syndicates; allowing national banks to invest 25 per cent. of their capital in state, city, county or corporation mortgage bonds, if the corporation issues have paid interest regularly for five years; reform of the system of railroad reorganization to conform with the scheme outlined in the British law which places reorganization under the control of the courts, giving the interstate commerce commission the power to supervise reorganization plans; placing railroad security issues under the control of the commission and providing for competitive bidding of such issues; forbidding officers of national banks from borrowing from their banks; providing for publicity for loans made by a director from his bank; forbidding national bank officers and directors for participating in underwriting syndicates; making it a crime for officers or directors to accept any compensation for loaning a bank's funds; limiting the number of directors of national banks to not less than five or more than 13; providing publicity for the assets and for the stockholding lists of national banks.

Control of Clearing Houses

The two bills presented by the committee deal with the national banks and with stock exchanges: The first embodies the committee's recommendation as to control of clearing houses, cumulative voting for directors, forbidding loans to aid in combinations to restrain trade; limiting the number of bank directors, regulating loans by national banks to officers and directors; forbidding interlocking directorates in banks and national banks or officers from participating in underwriting syndicates, and providinig a fine of $5000 and imprisonment for two years for violations.

The second bill embodies all of the recommendations of the committee as to stock exchanges and fixes penalties for violation.

BILL IS OVERRIDDEN

Senate Repasses Liquor Shipment Measure

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Webb liquor bill prohibiting the shipment of liquor into "dry" states, was repassed in the senate yesterday over President Taft's veto, within two hours from the time the president's message of disapproval had been laid before that body.

A short debate, in which the advocates of the bill voted down a motion to postpone action until today, and in which they reaffirmed their belief that the measure is constitutional, ended with the repassage of the bill by the large majority of 63 to 21.

The Webb bill passed both houses of congress and went to the president 10 days ago. His veto message reached the senate about 3 o'clock yesterday, accompanied by an opinion from Atty. Gen. Wickersham.

Basing his decision upon the attorney general's findings, the president expressed the belief that the measure was clearly unconstitutional because it gave the states the right to interfere with interstate commerce.

The senate took up the bill at once. Atty. Gen. Wickersham's opinion was not read, and Senator Kern asked that a final vote on the overriding of the veto be delayed until today, so that senators might have the opportunity to examine the attorney general's arguments. A motion made by Mr. Kern to postpone the vote until today at 11 o'clock was defeated, 71 to 9.

MAYORS WILL COME

Barry of Cambridge and Duane of Waltham Are to Ride in the Parade on March 29th

Mayor J. Edward Barry of Cambridge and Mayor Patrick J. Duane of Waltham have sent replies to the invitations sent them to attend the parade of the United Irish Catholic societies in this city on March 29th. Both officials state that they will be glad to join with the societies in the celebration, and express their thanks for the courtesy extended them.

LIVELY TRIP FOR WILSON

Children Make President-Elect Miss His Nap

NEW YORK, March 1.—Two little children, a boy of 5 and a girl of 3, gave President-Elect Wilson an hour of merry diversion yesterday, when he rode to New York from Philadelphia after a visit to his dentist.

Pres. James Rea of the Pennsylvania, whose private car happened to be attached to the same train, greeted Mr. Wilson, inviting him to luncheon in Mr. Rea's car The president-elect had arranged to dine with some of the members of his party in the dining car and declined. The railroad president sat with Mr. Wilson for a few minutes chatting.

At the other end of the car was a blue-eyed youngster, blowing a toy whistle. He was watching the president-elect, and as soon as Mr. Rea left the little fellow took his opportunity to come forward. He proceeded at once to make the acquaintance of the future president of the United States, who received him in his arms, found that his name was Clark Greenwood, Jr. and that he was fond of pulling hair.

Master Greenwood found Mr. Wilson a ready listener to his infant utterances. He rapidly grew more intimate and soon his acquaintanceship extended to the privilege of fingering the president-elect's ears, rubbing his face, and dancing up and down on his knee, all of which Mr. Wilson seemed to enjoy immensely. Master Greenwood avowed that he intended to go to college some day, whereat Mr. Wilson told him to remember to go to Princeton.

A minute later little Clara Greenwood came toddling along from the other end of the car to find her brother, and she, too, was soon on friendly terms with Mr. Wilson. Both children were presently perched on the knees of the president-elect, unconscious of the unusual situation. Mrs. Clark Greenwood of Narberth, Penn., mother of the two children, left her youngest child, a baby, for a few moments and chatted with the president-elect.

Mr. Wilson usually sleeps in his chair on his trips between New York and Philadelphia, but the children gave him such a busy time that he got no opportunity to do so. Master Greenwood's parting tribute was a piece of candy, which, however, the president-elect declined, saying, "Old people don't eat candy."

Master Greenwood insisted on being raised aloft and climbed on the very top of the parlor car seat from which point of vantage he embraced the president-elect and then returned to his mother's side.

Mr. Wilson on arrival in New York went to the studio of an artist who completed a portrait begun during the campaign. Then the president-elect met William F. McCombs, democratic national chairman, at the University club, and called also on Col. E. M. House.

Mr. Wilson attended a theatre last night and saw a melodrama.

NORTH BILLERICA

At the North Billerica Baptist church Sunday morning the Rev. C. H. Williams, Ph. D., will preach on "Justification by Faith and Work," and in the evening at 7 p. m. he will speak on "Social Teachings of Jesus." There will be special music by the choir. The Williams Bible class will meet at 12 o'clock and will discuss the subject, "Significance and Work of Covenant."

As stated in this paper some time ago, all pews will be free after March 1st and everybody is cordially invited to be present.

Mrs. Edwin Stott and daughter of Pittsfield have been visiting in town the past week.

The public schools that have been closed the past week will open on Monday, starting the spring term.

Grand Opera Lecture

W. L. Hubbard gave the last of a series of grand opera lectures for the music section of the Middlesex Women's club, yesterday afternoon. He told the story of the fairy opera, "The Blue Forest," by Louis Aubert, soon to be presented in Boston, for the first time in America. It is the work of a young French composer, Louis Aubert. Mr. Hubbard also told the story of "The Secret of Suzanne," by Wolf-Ferrari.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Lowell Opera House

What has been called Charles Klein's best play, "The Gamblers" will be the offering at the Opera House next week, presented by The Lonergan Players. "The Gamblers," which was played at the Maxine Elliott theatre, New York city, for over 200 consecutive nights, for ten weeks in Boston and equally long periods in other cities, is conceded the greatest success of that season's plays and in securing it for Lowell, the management has adhered to the announced policy of offering only the best of latest released royalty plays. This play is written in Klein's best vein and is a tense and thrilling drama. One of the stirring scenes shows five of its gamblers playing a poker game, which is only a pretence to cover the stacking of the cards in their bigger financial game. They hold an emergency meeting at a director's home on the night of a ball. Secret service men are on the watch. It won't do to darken a single room by the drawing of the window shades while the rest of the house is illuminated. So the five men seat themselves around a card table, in plain view from outside and go through the motions of a card game while really discussing the affairs of the bank. By this subterfuge, they for the time being deceive the watching secret service men. In the hands of the Lonergan Players, "The Gamblers" will be given a production that will compare favorably with that of the original company. Performances will be given every afternoon except Monday and every evening of next week. Seats for all performances are now on sale.

Keith's Theatre

Congratulations will be universally extended to the management of the B. F. Keith theatre, next week, on the wonderfully good bill which will be offered for the delectation of vaudeville lovers. It will introduce as its great headline feature the biggest and costliest vaudeville act ever offered here, the Rice and Dore water carnival and circus, which comes direct from Keith's Union Square theatre, New York city. It is reported as standing absolutely alone among the acts of its kind and approached by few of any other sort. It presents all of the mysterious wonders of the New York Hippodrome tank and introduces the greatest exhibition of swimming, diving and various other water feats that has ever been offered on a theatrical stage. Among its many extraordinary interesting features will be found the male and female fancy swimmers and high divers: Indian log rollers; water walkers; the equine water star; May, the high diving horse; Dock, the fisherman's dog, and many other unique water features. It will also present numerous novel and laughable water pantomimes and mystifying water spectacles, the most important of which will be Neptune's Daughter, or a Trip to the Bottom of the Sea. This is a marvelous and awe-inspiring performance, where the performers disappear into the tank and are not seen by the audience again. In this stupendous water carnival-circus 18 great aquatic experts are introduced, and one of the special features of the act will be the acrobatic diving by the world's title holders, the Misses Esthre Donoghue, May de Young, "Chubby" Whitney, Fay de Young, Katherine Hall, Helen de Young and Grace Hall. These young women will go through some gymnastic stunts that will open the eyes of all auditors. The grand finale of the act will be some sensational high diving that will be done by holders of championships in their respective classes. Misses Lillian Cooley and Elsie Dietrich, beautifully formed young women, will offer this work, which may be characterized as the very cream of the entire performance. Diving dogs and the smallest water ponies in the world will fill into the scheme of things now and then. All in all the Rice & Dore water circus will be lauded as positively the biggest water sensation this city has ever known. Paul Kleist, in a pantomimic novelty, "The Land of Dreams," has any similar act badly beaten. Kleist has overcome the handicap of the pantomimist. He has cultivated a whistle which he has graduated to such exquisite nuances that he can whistle words and phrases to his audience as plainly and intelligibly as though they were spoken. He is a high grade soloist on various musical instruments, and he unites mysterious electrical effects with his other work, making a blend of entertainment which marks it as one of the greatest novelties of the age. Waltzing in mid-air, bringing life to wooden figures or commanding a battleship to float in thin ether—these are a few of Kleist's interesting features. David Higgins, the playwright-actor, will bring an entire new production here, one which has only recently been placed on the stage and Dorothy Richmond & Co., in "A Midnight Marriage," have a farcical sketch. Wyer & Sheldon, a man and a woman, have a singing and dancing sketch, and Lee & Perrins offer something which is new and bright. Louis & Demont, a man and a woman, mix up laughter with music and dancing, and a woman violinist, who is now unnamed, will give brilliant melodic work. This bill is one of the strongest ever played in this section of the country. Last week, in Portland, it was considered of such strength that the wat[er] circus and four acts sufficed to pa[ck] the Hippodrome. Here there will [be] no reduction in the number of acts, th[e] octet of good things being retained [as] usual. Tomorrow afternoon and eve[n]ing the special Sunday entertainmen[t] will be in order, and they will un[-]doubtedly attract very large audience[s].

Merrimack Square Theatre

Scenically, nothing more comprehe[n]sive and realistically magnificent ha[s] ever been given on a local stage tha[n] the beautiful stage setting in whic[h] Ann Madigan & Co. will make the[ir] first bow to Lowell audiences next Mo[n]day afternoon at the Merrimack Squa[re] theatre. The sketch is called "A Drea[m] of Killarney." The story is taken fro[m] the famous fireside tales of Irelan[d] and the time around 1778, so it can [be] readily seen is ample opportunity f[or] a more than plausible little playle[t]. The presenting company is compete[nt] and all members are excellent singer[s]. The Nashville students, a trio of sing[-]ers and dancers billed as "those un[-]bleached harmonists," will contribut[e] a brace of songs, all of which are ne[w] and will also have on display some ne[w] steps in the dancing line. Francis O'Reilly, the monologist from Dubli[n] is here to prove his right as a fun[-]maker for his is a repertoire just bul[g]ing with amusing songs and storie[s] told in the true Celtic style. Vaivi[no] & LaMore, comedy athletes, have a[n] astonishing routine of feats and g[o] through with a vim and dash that [is] surprising, while the photo-plays fo[r] the first three days include "Blackpoo[l] the Coney Island of England," "Hi[s] New Watch" and a two-reel featur[e] "The Guiding Light." This is the fil[m] which when shown in one of the large[r] cities some time ago created such [a] furor. It is extremely sensational, tell[s] a true story and is above all vitally interesting.

The Sunday concerts to be given to[-]morrow might in a sense be calle[d] good-bye performances for they wil[l] mark the last appearance of the Tem[-]ple Players' stay in Lowell after a number of successful weeks here. No doub[t] their many friends and admirers will turn out to wish them luck as well a[s] to witness the excellent bill which Manager Carroll has booked to be given at that time.

The Playhouse

"The Marriage of Kitty," which is t[o] be given a splendid revival by the talented Drama Players at the Playhouse next week is an adaptation from the famous French play, "La Passerelle," and has been played both in this country and England with uncommon success, by that well known actress, Marie Tempest. One of the principal characters, that of Miss Katherine Silverton, is to be presented by Miss Bertha Mann, the new leading lady of the company, and her interpretation of it should give genuine satisfaction. The piece is a society play, witty, clever and full of amusing situations and complications. It is based upon the result of a hasty marriage between Miss Silverton and Sir Reginald Belsize, in order that the latter may possess a legacy willed him by a relative. The complications arising from this act are numerous and provide humor in a generous quantity from then on. What the ultimate result is remains to be seen by those who attend one of the performances during the week. The staging the piece will be artistically done and the whole production given with characteristic correctness. Tickets are now on sale at the theatre, telephone 811, or the sub ticket office, at Dows', telephone 640. First performance Monday night.

The Kasino

You have no conception of real roller skating if you have not been to the Kasino, where the little rollers whirl their wearers through space to tuneful music by the big Kasino band. At the ordinary rinks, the skating is ordinary. There is nothing like Kasino skating. Daily band concerts are given, to which the public is cordially invited. The big promenade affords comfortable seating space.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

QUINCY HOUSE
BRATTLE ST. NEAR ADAMS SQ.

Boston's Most Centrally Located Hotel. Comfort Without Extravagance
Midway between the North and South Stations, centre of business, historic, shopping and theatre districts. All lines of electric cars within a minute's walk.
500 Rooms $1 a Day and Upwards
Special Breakfast........25c to 50c
Special Lunch every day........50c
Our 12-Course Table d'Hote Supper is unequalled anywhere $1
Music and Soloists Every Afternoon and Evening
Banquets, Conventions, Parties, Meetings can receive every accommodation necessary at the most reasonable prices.
Visit the Japanese Garden, Boston's most novel cafe. A la Carte at reasonable prices.
You will find every modern convenience and proper attention at the Quincy House, Boston. Taxicab service.
WRITE FOR ACCOMMODATIONS

Amusement Centre of Lowell — MERRIMACK SQ. THEATRE — Continuous—Never Too Late

LAST APPEARANCE OF THE
Temple Players at Tomorrow's Concerts
NEXT WEEK:
"A DREAM OF KILLARNEY"
PRESENTED BY ANN MADIGAN & CO.
THE NASHVILLE STUDENTS, those unbleached harmonists
FRANCIS O'RIELY, the Monologist from Dublin.
VALVINO and LA MORE, Athletes with comedy.
"THE GUIDING LIGHT," Feature Motion Picture.
Other Photo-Plays and Views.

The PLAYHOUSE
—NEXT WEEK—
"The Marriage of Kitty"
One of Marie Tempest's Greatest Successes
Presented by THE DRAMA PLAYERS, and under personal supervision of KENDAL WESTON.
PRICES 10 TO 50 CENTS
First Performance Monday Night.

Lowell Opera House
JULIUS CAHN, Prop. and Mgr.
TONIGHT
THE LONERGAN PLAYERS
Direction Lester Lonergan
In Dustin Farnum's Great Success
"The Virginian"
AUGMENTED CAST
SPECIAL SCENIC PRODUCTION
Prices: Matinees, 10c, 20c, 30c. Evenings, 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c.
ALL NEXT WEEK
Matinees Dail, Except Monday
The Gamblers
By CHARLES KLEIN
Seats Now Selling

SACRED HEART SCHOOL HALL
MOORE STREET
"Ancient and Modern Ireland."
Illustrated With Colored Pictures and Song
By the noted lecturer, DANIEL J. DWYER, of Boston, Mass.
Thursday, Mar. 13, 1913, at 8 P. M.
TICKETS 35 CENTS

KASINO
Roller Skating, Afternoon and Eve'g
Admission Free—Skating 25 Cents

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, STEAM ...t, gas and bath, good location. 39 ...imsford st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET BY ...ek, with steam heat and gas, from ...up; by the day or night. 25c up. ... Central st.

TWO WELL FURNISHED ROOMS ...let; coal and gas range, kitchen ...nsils; heat; gas; separate toilet and ...rance; everything complete; refer-...ces. Apply 61 Church st.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND LIGHT ...usekeeping rooms to let; also three-...m furnished tenement. Apply 387 ...ntral st.

PLACE TO MAKE MONEY, BOARD-...g house to let; plenty of boarders; ...a week, no washing; sure pay from ...s office. Houses and land for sale. ...quire Eustache Christman, 154 Wo-...rth st., South Lowell.

LARGE DOWNSTAIRS FRONT ...om to let; heated; modern conven-...ences, at 572 Central st.

FOUR ROOMS TO LET; GAS, PAN-..., toilet on floor, with attic room; ...cred Heart parish; near mills; G. K. ...pair; $1.35. Apply 302 Lawrence st.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR ...ht housekeeping. Apply 119 Mid-...lesex st.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS ...let; steam heat; most desirable resi-...ential district in the city; one mi-...e's walk from Westford st. car line. ...quire Mrs. Nettie Saunders, 68 Gates ... Tel. 2685.

STORE TO LET, CORNER OF JOHN ...d Merrimack sts. Inquire at The ...owell Five Cent Savings Bank.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER ...op or business office, to let on sec-...nd floor of the Harrington building, ... Central st.

FOR RENT

—IN THE—

HARRINGTON BUILDING

52 Central Street

Splendid rooms on the second floor, suitable for Physician, Dentist, Tailor, Barber, Dressmaker or Real Estate dealer. Also offices on the third floor. Rent reasonable. Apply to D. J. Harrington, New Sun Building, or at The Sun Office.

What Our Customers Say of

The New Vacuum Clothes Washer, Price $3.50.

"With three little children, how did I ever do without it?"
MRS G. D. DOBBS, N. Y.

BRADLEY BUILDING
175 Central st., Room 220. Tel. 1381-5

SPECIAL NOTICES

STOVE LININGS, GRATES, CENTers, water fronts, etc., for all kinds of ranges, carried in stock and furnished at short notice. Bring size and name of stove or telephone 4170. Quinn Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

P. H. DONLAN, MASON—BRICK and cement work, plastering and whitewashing; chimney repairing a specialty. Residence 120 Fayette st. Telephone, 1607-1. Work and prices satisfactory to all.

E. L. GILLIGAN & CO., HOUSE painters, paper hangers and interior decorators. Estimates on all jobs, large or small. Residence 130 Bowers st. Phone 3334-4.

VOICE, PIANO AND VIOLIN LESsons. Experienced teacher; easy and rapid method; 35c per lesson. Write or call Wednesdays, 65 Dover st., off Westford st.

MISSION FURNITURE MADE AND furniture repaired at 234 Adams st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND repaired. Tuning $1. J. Kershaw, 190 Cumberland road. Tel. Demers, 1963-3.

BENTS NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON children. Excellent for browntail moth itching, ivy poison, hives, mange, salt rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Falls & Burkinshaws.

LIMBURG CO., CHIMNEY EXPERTS —Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1124 Bridge st. Tel. 945-3.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

PROF. EHRLICH'S "606"

SALVARSAN

Administered in the veins at Dr. Temple's Lowell office. NO LOSS OF TIME from business. NO PAIN. Lues, malaria, locomotor ataxia and various forms of skin disease arising from blood poison.

This solves the problem of the centuries and rids the world of the WORST SCOURGE that the human race has known. RESULTS IMMEDIATE. Wasserman blood tests made. Also treats cancers, tumors, all acute and chronic blood and nervous diseases of men and women, hydrocele, varicocele, Stricture, prostatic diseases, piles, fistula, fissures, ulcers, and rectal diseases WITHOUT THE USE OF THE KNIFE. Diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, skin, stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, bowels, and rectum, epilepsy, and all nervous diseases.

Terms always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Lowell office, 91 Central street, Mansur block, Wednesdays 2 to 4, 7 to 8; Sundays, 10 to 12.

Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and cleansing of ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. 19 years in the business.
40 JOHN STREET

Storage for Furniture

Separate rooms $1 per month for regular $2 two-horse load. The driest and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection. L. F. Prentiss, 359 Bridge st.

HELP WANTED

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK TELLS of about 300,000 protected positions in U. S. service. Thousands of vacancies every year. There is a big chance here for you, sure and generous pay, lifetime employment. Just ask for booklet T 135. No obligation. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

GAIN TO FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS per month paid salesmen selling our paints and specialties. Twenty-five years the standard of quality. The Carrara Paint Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

SALESMEN—$100 TO $600 PER month selling our oils, greases and paints. Do not be satisfied, get our proposition. Salary or commission. Inland Oil Works Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

AMBITIOUS SALESMEN OF NEAT appearance wanted to call on merchants in their territory; elegant sideline, convenient to carry; good commissions, prompt remittance. Belmont Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, O.

MEN WANTED TO PREPARE AS firemen, brakemen, electric motormen, colored sleeping car porters. Experience not necessary. $75 to $100 month to start on. Steady work winter and summer. Chances for promotion. Large Massachusetts roads. Write Inter Railway, Dept. 150, Indianapolis, Ind.

EXPERIENCED TABLE GIRL wanted. Apply 57 Lawrence st.

AGENTS WANTED—BOY, GIRL, man and woman agents wanted in every city or town for our latest and best household article. Every home needs one or more. Sells on sight. Write for territory. M. J. Taylor Manufacturing Co., 127 No. Dearborn st., Chicago.

NEAT GIRL WANTED FOR HOUSEwork; plain cooking; small family; $4 per week. Write O 8, Sun Office.

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK TELLS of about 300,000 protected positions in U. S. service. Thousands of vacancies every year. There is a big chance here for you, sure and generous pay, lifetime employment. Just ask for booklet T 135. No obligation. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

RELASTER WANTED AT ONCE. Apply Mears, Feeley & Adams, cor. Lincoln and Tanner sts.

BOY WANTED FOR PRINT SHOP, 14 to 16 years of age, with some experience. Call at 234 Wilder st.

YOUNG MAN WANTED WITH ONE or two years' experience in drug store. Apply Goodale's drug store.

MACHINE OPERATORS WANTED; (female) for both plain and hemstitch work. Good pay, steady work; new factory. Apply to supt., Cochrane Mfg. Co., East Dedham, Mass.

PRACTICAL FARMER WHO IS USED to farm work and a good hand with a team, who wants a permanent position with house rent, call evenings 530 Middlesex st.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANTed for parcel post. $90 month. Lowell examinations May 3rd. Coaching free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 156 B, Rochester, N. Y.

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE FOR magazine wanted; good salary for hustler; give references and past experience. National Sportsman 73 Federal st., Boston, Mass.

ENERGETIC SALES AGENT WANTed, to establish headquarters in and look after entire business of Lowell; exclusive contract; references. L. T. Townsend, 42 Copeland st., Boston, Mass.

WORSTED DRAWING ROOM HELP wanted. Worsted twisters and spinners. Apply Hillsborough Mills Wilton, N. H.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

I WANT A PARTNER, LADY OR gent with $500 for half interest in my variety store and real estate business. Partner to look after store and office, in part, while I work on the real estate end of the business. For full particulars, see F. L. Vance, 515 Bridge st.

TO LET

THOROUGHLY CLEAN, SUNNY 5-room tenement to let; toilet and shed on same floor; gas; handy to mills; price $2.25 per week; No. 26 Fulton st., Centralville. Apply 276 Westford st.

PLEASANT, SUNNY ROOMS, TO let, furnished or unfurnished. Gas, bath, furnace heat, and table board if desired. 417 Westford st., corner Wilder st.

COTTAGE OF SEVEN ROOMS TO let; rent $11. Flat five rooms, rent $10. Seven minutes' walk to Merrimack sq.; both in good repair. Apply at 563 Bridge st.

STEAM HEATED ROOM TO LET AT the corner of Princeton and South Canton sts.; one minute's walk from Westford st.; use of telephone, with board. Tel. 3543-2.

CHEAP RENT—SIX NEW FLATS, 58 Elm st., $8 month; large 5-room flat, 43 Prospect st., $8 month; flats on Cushing st., $4.25 a week; four big flats at 145 Elm st., 5 rooms each; all new. Jos. Flynn, 71 Chapel st.

TWO MOST DESIRABLE COTTAGES of 7 rooms each, with bath, hot and cold water, to let, next to Riley's flower garden, Fairmount st.; spacious yard. Apply at 24 Pentucket ave.

MODERN FLAT OF SIX ROOMS TO let; bath, pantry; steam heat; 59 Foster st. Inquire at 61 Foster st.

FINE, NEW FRONT CORNER SUITE to let on the second floor in the Majestic chambers; to sub-let at much reduced rent. Inquire of the janitor, or address Dr. O. A. Lothrop, 101 Beacon st., Boston.

LADY LIVING ALONE WOULD LET one or two steam heated rooms; on car line; someone who wants good home. Call 749 Middlesex st.

TENEMENT 6 ROOMS AND BATH to let on Moore st.; practically new; plenty of yard room; rent $12 per month. Store on Gorham st., near R. R. bridge, rent $10 per month. Inquire at 937 Gorham st.

STORE TO LET AT 285 CENTRAL st. The best location in city. Occupied by one tenant 17 years as a jewelry store. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT

Desirable Offices in Traders' Bank Building,
38-40 Middlesex Street.

TO RENT

Room 70x50, for light manufacturing, second floor, 398 Middlesex street. Apply 173 Nesmith street. Phone 1326.

FOR RENT

The splendid offices on the second floor of the Harrington Building, formerly occupied by Louis Grunewald, the piano dealer. These offices are light, airy, easy of access, centrally located, with fine large windows. Rent reasonable. Apply to D. J. Harrington, Building Manager, Room 901 New Sun Building, or at The Sun Office.

LOST AND FOUND

GOLD LOCKET AND CHAIN FOUND. Owner can have same by proving property and paying adv. charges at the Hotel Belvidere, Prescott st.

BANK BOOK LOST, ON THE FIVE Cent Savings bank, between 18 Livermore st. and Massachusetts mills. Return to 18 Livermore st.

SUM OF MONEY LOST THURSday night, between Boston road and Joseph Mullin's, Gorham st. Finder return to 15 Boston road and receive reward.

SMALL HEIFER LOST BETWEEN Thorndike st. depot and Lincoln st. Return to Joe Keller, 116 Lincoln st.

GOLD WATCH LOST THURSDAY night, between Middlesex st. and Gershom ave., with fob attached; owner's name on fob. Reward for return to 492 Middlesex st.

STRING OF GOLD BEADS LOST Friday afternoon, Feb. 21; suitable reward if returned to 201 Appleton st.

GLASSES LOST BETWEEN WARren and Church sts. Return to J. L. Challoun's store and receive reward.

SMALL BRACELET LOST ON CONcord st., Sunday, Feb. 16. Reward for return to 189 Concord st.

MONEY TO LOAN

READY CASH

Supplied to all borrowers on plain note AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES

$5 costs	.16	Lic No. 92
$10 costs	$1.50	Open Mon
$15 costs	$1.50	Sat. Eve.

Monthly or weekly payments at legal rates of interest.

LOWELL LOAN CO,
22 CENTRAL STREET
Fourth Floor

CREDIT TO ALL

LOANS

Made on short notice without publicity.

We give you the money so cheap that you can't afford to owe anyone else and at charges that honest people can afford to pay. New Methods.

Borrow $10.00	Pay back $11.50
Borrow $15.00	Pay back $16.50
Borrow $20.00	Pay back $22.00
Borrow $25.00	Pay back $27.50
Borrow $30.00	Pay back $33.00
Borrow $40.00	Pay back $44.00
Borrow $50.00	Pay back $55.00

In monthly or weekly payments. Legal rates of interest. Credit once established with us is as good as a bank account in time of need. Our rates and plans have proved to be the best because our customers are glad to come again.

MERRIMACK LOAN COMPANY

Room 3, 81 Merrimack street, 17 John street. Hours: 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Monday and Saturdays until 9 p. m. Tel. connection. License No. 61.

The New Loan Co.

234 BRADLEY BUILDING

Loans made while you wait. No delay. We trust to your honor. Legal rates of interest. License No. 106. Open evenings.

FOR SALE

TABLES, SHOW CASES AND BOYS' forms for sale. Apply King's Clothing Co.

50 R. I. RED PULLETS FOR SALE. L. H. Lapoint, Wamesit, near depot.

FRENCH POODLE PUPPIES FOR sale. Tel. 2362-1.

GOOD ALL ROUND FAMILY OR business horse for sale; perfectly safe for a woman to drive, kind and gentle in a stable, blood bay, weighs about 1100 lbs.; must be sold at once. Inquire at 176 Branch st., cor. Loring st.

KOHLER & CAMPBELL MAHOGANY piano at a great bargain; piano in first class condition; will sell $135 cash. 747 Merrimack st.

ONE ROLL TOP DESK, ONE FLAT desk, two small desks, one large office table suitable for hearings or directors' meetings, five book cases and office chairs, for sale; all in good condition. Can be seen at office formerly occupied by Judge Enright, 71 Central st.

CHAS. DUPRA'S CHAMPION LAYing strain of R. I. Reds and Plymouth Rocks, 50c per setting. 51 Clifton st., Wigglesville.

INCUBATOR FOR SALE, IN GOOD condition. Can be seen at 44 Hale st.

FARM WAGON FOR SALE, WITH hay attachment; also square wagon and buggy without top; cutter sleigh. Call and see me. John Keefe, 245 Tenth st.

HOT WATER HEATING BOILER for sale, at a wonderful bargain at 20 Varney st.

ROLLER CANARIES FOR SALE. Males and females. 102 Cross st.

LADY WILL SELL BEAUTIFUL upright piano, chair and scarf; guaranteed; $1.00 per week, if taken at once. Address I 4, Sun Office.

A FIRST CLASS ORGAN FOR SALE Price $25.00. J. Kershaw, piano tuner, 190 Cumberland Road.

ELMORE, 5-PASSENGER TOURING car for sale; price $350. Car can be seen at Church Street Garage.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

Four Tenement House

Near Lawrence st., for sale. An unusual investment. 4 rooms to each tenement. Rents readily for $260 a year. Pays enormous investment. For immediate sale price is only $1400. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

FOR SALE

A good two tenement house and stable in Belvidere at a bargain; $500 cash and easy terms for balance, or will exchange for small farm near Lowell.

Now is the time to look at our bargains in farms and small places near the city.

W. E. DODGE
Real Estate and Insurance of All Kinds
9 Central st., Lowell, Mass.

WANTED

CHILDREN WANTED TO BOARD, from the age of two weeks up to three years. Good care and good board. Milk from one cow only. Address Mrs. D. Gollnas, Nassau st., Kenwood; first house. Take Lawrence & Haverhill car from Bridge and First sts.

SECOND HAND TYPEWRITER desk wanted. Apply K. M., Sun Office.

WORK WANTED WASHING, IRONing, or cleaning by the hour. Inquire at 472 Central st.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, Feb. 28, 1913. The Committee on Labor will give a hearing to parties interested in proposed legislation as follows: House, No. 1672, further to provide for investigations of industrial difficulties; House, No. 1082, against piece work in making or repairing railroad cars and locomotives; House, No. 1083, for double-time pay for work on Sundays and holidays on railroads; House, No. 1670, for a day's rest in seven for certain employes, at room No. 246 State House, on Monday, March 3, at 11 a. m. Wm. J. Look, Chairman. C. H. Williams, Clerk of the Committee.

SITUATIONS WANTED

POSITION WANTED BY FIRST class milliner. Address 175, Sun Office.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Office of the License Commission,
Lowell, Mass., March 1, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that applications for licenses to sell intoxicating liquors under the provisions of Chapter 100, Revised Laws, for the license year beginning May 1, 1913, and ending April 30, 1914, should be made at this office not later than 12 o'clock, noon hour, Friday, March 14, 1913.

Blank forms can be secured at this office and each application must be accompanied by a fee of three dollars.

The following license fees will be charged:

Innholder—First Class. To sell liquors of any kind to be drunk on the premises. $1800.00.

Common Victualler—First Class. To sell liquors of any kind to be drunk on the premises. $1200.00.

Dealer—Fourth Class. To sell liquors of any kind not to be drunk on the premises. $1200.00.

Brewer—Fifth Class. To sell malt liquor, cider and light wines containing not more than fifteen per cent of alcohol, not to be drunk on the premises. $2000.00.

Druggist—Sixth Class. $1.00.

Dealers in paints and chemicals—Seventh Class. To sell pure alcohol. $1.00.

Clubs—Special Class. $300.00.

The holder of a first class license as Innholder will not be granted an additional license of the fourth class.

Certificates from the building inspector of the State Police, showing that the buildings to be licensed comply with the state laws, must be presented with the application for an Innholder's license and special class Club license. Certificates from the State Board of Registration in Pharmacy must accompany each application for a sixth class license as Druggist.

Applications for sixth and seventh class licenses may be filed up to 12 o'clock, noon, Friday, March 28, 1913.

Applicants are notified that the premises to be licensed as hotels and common victuallers must be furnished and equipped in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 102, Revised Laws, at the time applications are made; and offices, screens, pictures, boxes and all other obstructions of every character must be removed so that a clear and unobstructed view of the bar and interior of the premises can be obtained from the street, except as provided in Chapter 104, Acts of 1906.

The office of the License Commission is open daily from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m., and on Saturdays from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and all inquiries for information should be made there.

RULES ADOPTED BY THE LICENSE COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF LOWELL FOR THE GRANTING OF LICENSES TO SELL INTOXICATING LIQUORS FOR THE LICENSE YEAR 1913-1914

The attention of all persons interested in the granting of liquor licenses is called to the following requirements:

HOW TO APPLY

On application to the Clerk of the Commission at our office, blanks will be furnished to those desiring to make application for licenses.

The application must state clearly the location of the building for which the license is desired, naming all entrances, regular and bulkhead, and must also state the number of rooms on each floor to be used for the sale, use or storage of liquors. It must be signed with the full names of each applicant and must state the interest of each applicant in the license, whether financial or otherwise.

Any person making application for a license must personally appear before the Commission upon written request in order that he may be questioned thereto, and the commission may require any statement which may be made before it and papers which may be filed with it, relative to applications for licenses, to be sworn to before a member of the commission or the clerk thereof.

Applications must be made between the dates of March 1, and March 14, inclusive.

OBJECTIONS

Notice of all applications for licenses shall, at the expense of the applicant, to be paid in advance, be published in some Lowell newspaper, at least ten days before the commission will act thereon.

If, before the expiration of the ten days following the publication of the notice as above set forth, the owner of any real estate within twenty-five feet of the premises described in an application for a license to be exercised by a common victualler to sell liquors to be drunk on the premises, notifies the Licensing Board in writing that he objects to the granting of the license, no license to sell intoxicating liquors to be drunk on said premises shall be granted, unless the applicant therefor, shall, for the two years next preceding the date of his application, have held a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors upon said premises.

Other objections to the granting of the license, either on account of the unfitness of the applicant, or otherwise, may be made to the commission at any time before the application is acted upon. The laws of the Commonwealth do not compel the licensing board to grant licenses in any case.

Upon objection being made to the granting of the license, except the objection by an adjoining owner of real estate as above provided, the commission may, in its discretion, if so desired, grant a hearing to parties interested.

JOHN J. MULLANEY
CHARLES H. HANSON
THOMAS F. BOULGER
The License Commission of the City of Lowell

WITH THE FRATERNITIES

Red Men and Foresters Are Active

Warriors and chiefs of Passaconaway tribe, Improved Order of Red Men held a well attended pow wow last evening in their wigwam with the stump being occupied by Sachem Thomas H. Sellers. Considerable routine business of importance was transacted.

A committee consisting of John Howarth, Arthur W. Garland, George W. Randall, Charles H. Kittredge and Edmond Crompton, was appointed to revise the by-laws. George Houle was chosen trustee. The tribe stood in silence one minutes in respect to the memory of Henry C. Bee, who passed to the happy hunting grounds last Wednesday. A delegation attended the funeral this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Passaquoi tribe No. 27, of Haverhill sent a letter of sympathy and regret on the death of Past Sachem Leonard F. Steele, their deputy.

John Howarth, past sachem, gave a review of the affairs and finances of the order, going back over the past seven years. Plans are being made for a grand class initiations and applications for membership are numerous. Bros. C. H. Kittredge, G. D. Ryan and E. Crompton spoke on the welfare of the tribe.

Court Scandia, F. of A.

The regular meeting of Court Scandia, Foresters of America, was held last night with a large attendance and many important matters were discussed. The officers and several noted guests, including the grand chief ranger of Massachusetts, George F. James and his deputy, Brother Albert McDougall, delivered speeches. After this the voting contest was held and the winners were the following:

First prize, gold watch, Karl Ohlson, 17 Crescent street; second prize a folding umbrella, Mrs. G. Wikander of 148 Whitman street; third prize, a pair of $4 shoes, Bengt Johnson of 70 Main street; fourth prize, a whist table, O. F. Palmgren of 27 Meadowcroft street; fifth prize, a silk umbrella, C. E. Carlson of 41 St. James street; sixth prize, a pair of $3 shoes, Otto Haxer of 4 Carter avenue; seventh prize, a box of cigars, Eva Miller of Fairmount street; eighth prize, a smoked shoulder, P. Abrahamson of West Chelmsford.

Court Gen. Shields, F. of A.

The 23d anniversary of Court General Shields, Foresters of America, was fittingly observed last night in Elks hall by the members, with C. R. Hugh Finnerty presiding. There were several applications for membership acted upon and a number of candidates were initiated. The election of treasurer was held and Bro. John McDonough was chosen. Bro. Keegan declined a renomination after having served in the office for ten years.

After refreshments were served, Bro. Harrigan, as toastmaster of the evening, introduced G. F. James, grand chief ranger of Massachusetts, as the first speaker. He was followed by Grand Deputies Gerow, McDougall, Barrett and Gabouse. The entertainment consisted of a piano solo and organ prelude by Bro. McGlinchey and recitation by Mr. Henderson.

The prizes were drawn, as follows: First prize, Ralph Cullen, a $5 gold piece; second prize, Leo Dailey, a briar pipe; third prize, Esther Holland, a box of cigars; fourth prize, Rose Garrigan, a pair of shoes; fifth prize, A. Lavigney, a silk umbrella. The receipts for the evening were $336.75, and the expenses were $125.25.

Court Wamesit, F. of A.

Members of Court Wamesit, Foresters of America, met in regular session last night with a good attendance and transacted several important matters of a routine nature. Several committees reported favorably on their work and there were remarks on the good of the order by the officers.

Daughters of Veterans

Mary E. Smith tent, No. 23, Daughters of Veterans, met in Memorial hall last evening, with Sister Addie Carl presiding. Routine business was transacted. It was voted to invite the Union Veterans union to the anniversary exercises March 14. Two applications for membership were received.

DECORATIONS ABLAZE

At Banquet of Svea Gille Asso. in Worcester

WORCESTER, March 1.—Amid the yellow and blue of Sweden and the red white and blue of America, combined with the lavender and white of the club, 300 Swedish people of Worcester, celebrated last night the 25th anniversary of the Svea Gille association, one of the oldest Swedish organizations of New England.

Supper was served at five long tables in Hibernian hall, followed by speeches and a musical program.

Only one incident marred the evening. That was a small fire among the decorations caused by the flare of a flashlight photograph which was taken at the close of the banquet. One of the purple and white crepe paper streamers took fire. Women screamed and many of the people moved towards the exits. Several men leaped upon one of the tables and succeeded in beating out the flames with napkins and with their hands before the blaze could spread, and in a few moments quiet was restored.

Pres. Rudolph Sundin gave an address of welcome, speaking briefly of the beginnings of the association and what it has done for the social life of the Swedish residents. Oryar Rosengren and John Blom sang a duet, and Sigurd Bensen sang a solo. Mr. Sundin read a letter of regret from Mayor George M. Wright, who had been invited, and introduced Walter S. Doane, president of the board of aldermen, who spoke in the mayor's stead. At the conclusion of his remarks the members gave three cheers for the mayor.

Gustaf Berg, chairman of the arrangement committee, was awarded the honor medal presented by the association last year to one of its members. Letters and telegrams of regret were read from several past officials of the organization in various parts of the country.

The decorations consisted of Swedish and American flags festooned about the walls, interspersed with pennants and purple and white streamers, which formed a canopy above the tables.

The arrangement committee comprised Gustaf Berg, chairman; Olaf Nilson, John Linne, Representative Charles Orstrom, Arthur Hedlund, David Sjogren, William Ostberg, Sten Ohlander, Adolf Einar, John Lindgren and Sture Hafstrom.

A LITTLE NONSENSE

MRS. NADEAU IS GUILTY

Mother of 10 Convicted of Killing Husband

PROVIDENCE, March 1.—Mrs. Agnes Nadeau was convicted yesterday afternoon by a jury in the superior court of killing her husband, Thomas.

The verdict was guilty of manslaughter, and was received by a large crowd in death-like stillness. The decision was reached in one hour and a half. One of the jurymen said after their discharge that Mrs. Nadeau's own testimony brought about her conviction.

Declaring that Mrs. Nadeau was in mortal fear for her safety and was under great provocation at the time she fired the fatal shots, Attorney Archambault made a forceful plea for the acquittal of his client.

Attorney Archambault, in his argument for acquittal, laid great stress upon the alleged brutality of Thomas Nadeau, the husband and victim of the shooting during the 33 years of life with his wife. Archambault said that not one ray of sunshine had ever entered the life of the woman during her married life.

Some of the references which he made to the unhappiness the woman suffered as a result of the husband's alleged brutality, brought sobs from the defendant and from her sons and daughters, who were in the courtroom.

Mrs. Nadeau took the stand in her own behalf. She told of the brutal attitude her husband had taken toward her during their married life; how he had frequently struck her in his rage, had consistently failed to provide for her support and her family; had called her vile, coarse names, and in other ways mistreated her.

Her testimony as to the shooting was plain spoken. She was afraid her husband was going to do her bodily harm, after they had an altercation over money matters, and she fired at him to protect herself.

Documentary evidence was introduced showing that the victim, Thomas Nadeau, had been in court in Canada on occasions for assaults on his wife and for threatening her.

Two sons and four daughters corroborated the mother's testimony as to the brutality of the husband. It came out in evidence that Nadeau had once said he would like to see his wife under 100 feet of earth, and that the only way she would die would be by his hand.

Mrs. Nadeau is 51 years old and the mother of 10 children.

SAW WOOD

Wood is cheaper than coal this winter. Buy an Ideal Wood Sawing Machine and be independent.

A good outfit, saw and engine, all mounted on steel truck, for $159, or a heavy durable frame with 22 inch saw blade, for $21.60.

BENNETT BROS. CO.
41-51 Payne Street, Lowell

M. H. McDonough Sons

UNDERTAKERS and EMBALMERS

Prompt Service Day and Night

108 Gorham St. Tel. 906-1

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Baby Carriage Tires

Put on, 25c up. Prompt service and good work.

GEO. H. BACHELDER
POST OFFICE SQUARE

WANTED

50,000 Tobacco Tags 50c per 100. Tokio and Perfection coupons count the same as tags.

CAHIS POOL ROOM
98 Gorham Street. Near Post Office

Bright, Sears & Co.

WYMAN'S EXCHANGE

Bankers and Brokers

SECOND FLOOR

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
1.40	2.25	3.05	3.48
5.43	6.30	6.12	7.18
6.25	7.26	7.23	8.31
6.47	7.33	7.35	8.40
[illegible]	7.53	b8.21	9.28
6.57	8.00	9.00	9.39
7.21	8.05	10.00	10.36
r7.28	8.40	11.30	12.09
7.56	8.57	12.33	1.09
8.01	9.35	1.00	1.39
b9.12	10.24	2.00	3.01
9.48	10.30	3.00	3.39
10.09	11.16	b3.47	5.02
10.53	11.35	4.00	4.38
11.03	11.45	r4.14	5.32
12.15	1.05	5.00	5.38
1.15	2.25	b5.21	6.26
2.38	3.27	5.37	6.33
3.57	4.40	b5.51	7.10
4.31	5.27	r6.14	7.23
5.22	6.29	8.00	8.38
6.12	7.18	8.30	9.08
6.32	7.15	10.30	11.38
7.28	8.10	11.17	12.18
9.55	10.40	12.00	1.10

Western Div.

To Boston Lve.	To Boston Arr.	From Boston Lve.	From Boston Arr.
6.45	7.55	z6.40	8.06
8.05	9.06	9.14	10.29
9.35	10.50	10.50	11.43
10.52	12.00	11.59	12.55
12.02	1.12	2.16	3.29
z1.27	2.32	3.30	4.40
5.17	6.26	6.14	6.10
7.18	8.25	6.04	7.05
10.15	11.32	7.00	8.15
		9.53	11.00

Sunday Trains
Southern Division

6.47	7.36	9.00	10.00
7.21	8.05	10.00	10.38
8.58	10.03	11.30	12.09
8.48	9.49	1.00	1.52
9.03	9.55	5.30	6.24
10.20	11.21	8.00	8.38
2.25	3.06	8.30	9.05
5.10	6.00	9.20	10.25
6.36	7.15	10.14	10.55
7.28	8.10	10.29	11.33
9.55	10.40		

Sunday Trains
Western Division

8.20	9.20	8.00	9.06
12.10	1.15	12.00	1.09
3.50	5.05	2.16	3.25
5.45	6.58	5.35	4.40
8.55	10.04	5.20	6.34
		8.45	9.46

References:

b Via Bedford.

a Via Salem Jct.

z Via Wilmington Junction

n will not run on Holidays.

LOCAL NEWS

Commercial printing. Tobin's.

Dr. Allen, dentist, formerly Old City Hall building, now in Sun building.

If your teeth trouble you, see Dr. Gagnon, 466 Merrimack street.

When you have any real estate to sell, consult J. F. Donohoe, Donovan Bldg Telephone.

A baby boy has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Marren, Varnum avenue.

Don't suffer with eye ailments. Visit R. E. Jodoin, optometrist, 441 Merrimack street.

Bring your watch to Willis Peltier, Jeweler, 443 Merrimack street. Expert corrector of watch ills.

Stop, Look, Listen. The greatest legitimate jewelry sale ever held in Lowell, now going on at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

The many friends of John J. Sullivan, who has been confined to his home for several weeks will be pleased to hear that he has so far recovered and he is able to be out again. He is a student at the Commercial college.

Mrs. Devine, the well known millinery teacher in the evening industrial school at the closing of the school Thursday night, was presented with a gold piece and also two solid gold hat pins as a slight token of appreciation from her class of 1913.

At the hall of the Celtic Associates, 22 Middle street, tomorrow afternoon at two-thirty o'clock, there will be celebrated the anniversary of Robert Emmett. There will be a delegation from Canada including Captain Kane, Capt. Doyle, Thomas Heavers and Patrick Scullion of Montreal with Mr. P. J. Judge of Holyoke. Mr. James O'Sullivan will preside and it is expected that the meeting will be one of the largest held in this city for a number of years. There will be a musical program and a number of local speakers will deliver addresses.

Society Women in Court Ejected

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 1.—When a delegation of society women remonstrating against a liquor license application in court yesterday applauded, Judge O'Boyle ordered the women from the court room. The women did not move and Judge O'Boyle directed the officer to eject them. The court pointed to two women in the front row and said:

"These two women applauded. Put them out, too."

One of the women waited outside, and when the wife of the applicant came out slapped her face. The women were then haled before Judge O'Boyle again, but were released after a lecture.

GEN. WAGNER RESIGNS

Friction Said to Have Developed Among Members of Gettysburg Anniversary Commission

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—General Louis Wagner, chairman of the Pennsylvania commission to arrange for he observance in July of the 50th anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg, yesterday sent his resignation as a member of the commission to Governor Tener, to take effect at once. His action was not unexpected.

While Gen. Wagner did not make known the reasons for severing his connection with the commission, it is known that there has been friction.

Church Built in a Day

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 1.—A church was built between sunrise and sunset here by members of the congregation. Last night services were held in the building.

The lot was purchased for $5000 with the help of the Presbyterian council of the city. There was no money to hire carpenters and the members decided to do the work themselves.

The wives and daughters of the men served luncheon and encouraged the men.

GILBERTO'S BAIL $5000

Lawrence Man Charged With Assault With Intent to Murder Michael Pollicito

LAWRENCE, March 1.—Samuel Gilberto, who is charged by the police with being involved in the quarrel Sunday night when Michael Pollicito was shot and is now in the General hospital in a serious condition, was arraigned in police court yesterday on the charge of assault to murder.

The case was continued until today, sureties being fixed at $5000. Michael Coco, who is alleged to have shot Pollicito, has not been apprehended.

Lyons Nashua's Acting Mayor

NASHUA, N. H., March 1.—At a special meeting last night the board of aldermen elected Harry H. Lyons, democrat, chairman, to serve as acting mayor during the absence of Mayor Berry in Washington.

CELTICS
Attention!
ROBERT EMMET ANNIVERSARY
Sunday, March 2, 2 O'clock Sharp
32 MIDDLE STREET
Very Important. Don't Miss It.

LISTENED TO LECTURES

Erring Husbands Were in Police Court Today

Fred Bean was arraigned in police court today on two charges, the first being non-support of his wife and the second neglect to care and provide for his minor children. He pleaded not guilty.

On the witness stand Mrs. Bean stated that since January 1 she has received no support from her husband; moreover that she had been obliged to go to work for she herself paid the bills. She pays for the support of her young children whom she has placed in the care of another woman. This is the time, according to the testimony of Mrs. Bean, that she has been forced to leave her husband. She claimed that he drank a great deal and used bad language in the presence of herself and the children.

On a former occasion Bean was placed on probation. He pleaded for another chance and Judge Enright, after a severe lecture and warning sentenced the man to four months in the house of correction and suspended this sentence for six months during which the man was ordered to pay $4 weekly to Probation Officer Slattery, to go to the support of Mrs. Bean.

For Assaulting Wife

Charged with neglecting to support his wife, Thomas W. Foster entered a plea of not guilty. His wife appeared and said she desired to enter a complaint of assault and battery against the defendant instead of non-support and she was sent to the clerk's office to do so. Foster promptly answered "not guilty" to the new charge.

Mrs. Foster on the stand said that she lives with her husband in Dracut. On last Thursday, she said, he told her to stay home and care for the child and she replied that if she did, she would starve, whereupon he assaulted her.

Defendant said that he had merely given his wife a push on the day in question, and that he was not drunk, although he had taken a few drinks. He claimed that his wife had struck him over the head with a stick and he denied striking her and throwing her to the floor.

Judge Enright said he would give Foster a chance to do better and the defendant's case was continued until next Wednesday.

Placed on Probation

William Brandon, charged with vagrancy, who has been residing at the jail for a week or so appeared today and was placed on probation for three months. He avers that he is heir to an estate and wishes to settle the affair.

Continued a Week

The trial of Michael Foley, charged with assault and battery was postponed for one week and the defendant was allowed to go on his own recognizance. D. J. Dunahue, Esq., represented the prosecution with William A. Hogan, Esq., for the defense.

For Drunkenness

Jas. H. Gaffney, Jas. Rourke, Cornelius Sullivan, all out of town visitors, were assessed $6 for second offenses. Frank Donahue was sentenced to four months in the house of correction. It was his sixth time in a year and he had been given a chance to reform on two occasions. Thomas Wilson was sent to jail for 10 days.

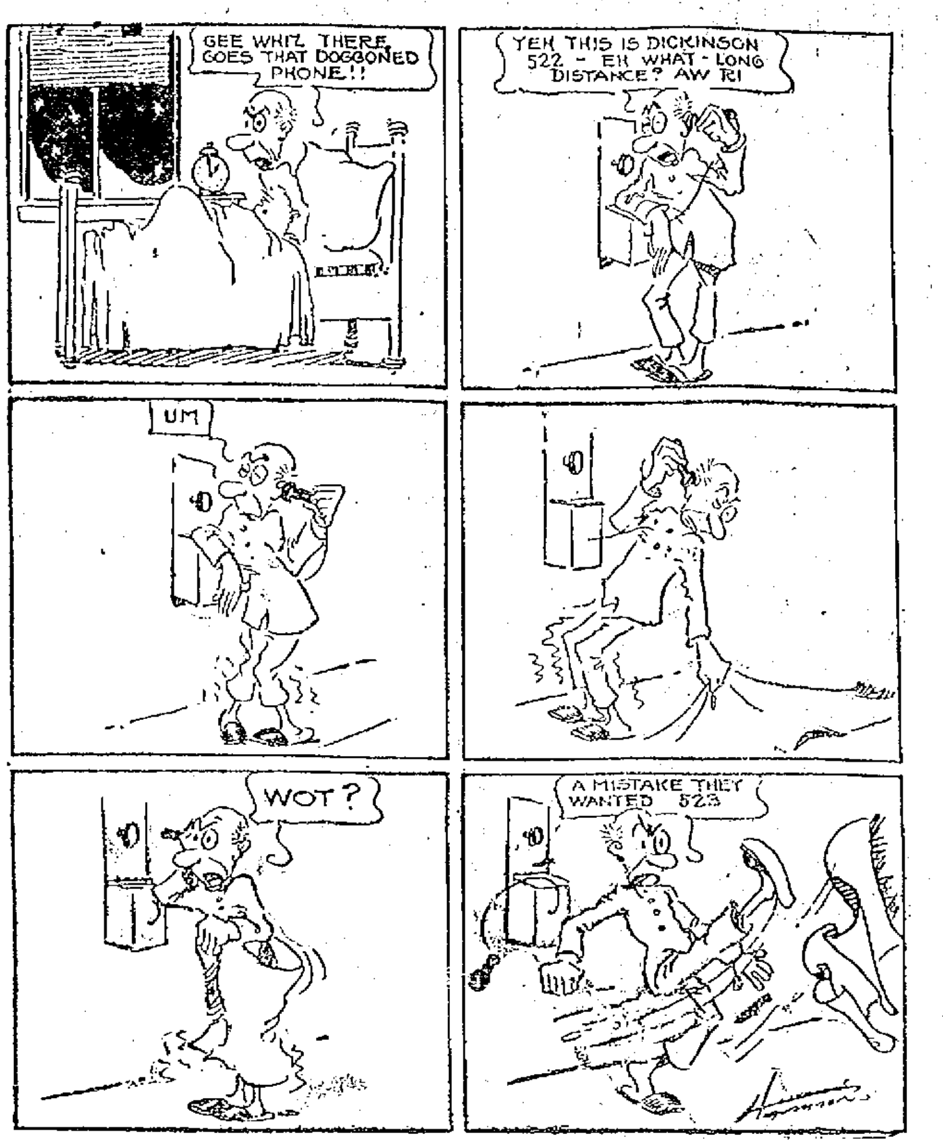
James H. Kenney pleaded guilty to drunkenness and he was held for the session of next Saturday morning. Peter F. Gillick was given a suspended sentence of four months in jail and he promised to reform.

Samuel Scott, who had been under a suspended sentence appeared again. The suspension was revoked and his sentence of four months in jail was affirmed.

Test Wireless Station

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Navy officials are awaiting with interest a cablegram from the scout cruiser Salem, now somewhere in the North Atlantic ocean which will tell whether the vessel has continued to receive messages from the new radio station at Arlington. When she last responded to the call of the Arlington station the Salem was out 2060 miles, since which no word has come from her. This may mean that the vessel is unable to send a message to Arlington, although able to receive messages from that station. The tests are being made to determine the capacity of the Arlington station before its acceptance by the government. The contract provides that the new station must have a radius of 3000 miles.

PILES! PILES! PILES!
WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT
Will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief.
For sale by all druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.
WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio
For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw.



ALGY, THE COP

THOUSANDS ARRIVING

All Roads Lead to Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Vice President Marshall's hotel was the center of interest today for the thousands of visitors dropping into the national capital on every train to attend the first democratic inauguration in 16 years. While Gov. Marshall saw some visitors he and Mrs. Marshall spent the morning quietly in their apartments. There was a disposition on the part of his hosts not to burden him with ceremony in advance of the inauguration and his desire for privacy was respected.

Thousands of visitors are arriving for the inauguration and the stream of humanity was expected to tax the capacity of the hotels and boarding houses. The real rush is not expected to begin until tomorrow, when troops, delegations and political delegations from nearby states begin to arrive.

Everything is now in a state of preparedness for the inaugural event and finishing touches are being put on the stand from which President Wilson will review the parade.

CHELMSFORD

Mr. Elmer R. Hill of Bridge street, one of Chelmsford's high school students, left for New York this morning. He will go from there to Washington, D. C., where he will witness the inauguration of President-elect Wilson on the fourth. While in Washington he will be the guest of his brother, Mr. Hermon H. Hill.

A valuable horse owned by Mr. Arthur Dutton, had to be shot yesterday by the local veterinarian. The horse was loose in a pasture and in some way broke its leg. Dr. Harris was called but nothing could be done except to kill the animal.

The postmastership is the uppermost subject of discussion throughout the town, three candidates are running for the position in the North village.

Principal and Mrs. Charles A. Holbrooks of the North Chelmsford road are entertaining at their home their daughter, Miss Rebecca Holbrook of Charlton City, who is also a teacher. Miss Holbrook intends to remain three weeks.

Mrs. Warren of the Boston road is reported as being quite ill.

Don't miss the big jewelry sale now going on at J. A. Filion's, 156 Merrimack street.

CHICAGO STRIKE SETTLED

300,000 Workers Were Affected by Trouble

CHICAGO, March 1.—Today being Saturday not all of the 50,000 garment workers affected by last night's settlement of the strike which began on Dec. 30 returned to their shops, but it is thought that by Monday practically all will have resumed their places. The terms of the agreement provide that there shall be "no discrimination in re-employment."

The agreement officially ratified by all the unions involved settles for the time being at least a labor crisis which at its height affected 300,000 workers. It does not, however, have any bearing on the garment workers' strike in Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia and elsewhere.

Division 11, A. O. H.

A very important meeting of Division 11, A. O. H., was held in Hibernian hall last night with president McInerny in the chair.

During the meeting a large number of applications for membership were received and an initiation will be held at an early date. The sick committee reported favorably and the treasurer stated that sick and death benefits to the amount of $254 have been paid since the last meeting. The finances of the division are in a prosperous condition.

The division has hired a band from Lawrence to furnish their music in the parade of Irish Catholic societies which is to take place on March 29. The committee reported in detail the arrangements for the parade as far as they have been made and announced by the general committee.

The members voted to run a dance and social on Friday evening March 28 and a committee of ten was chosen to take charge of the affair. They were J. J. Kenny, Daniel Quatey, John McInery, John Brennan, John Burns, Patrick Kenny, John H. Hickey, John Hendricks, John Callahan, and Bernard Gagan. After the business session a social hour and smoke talk were enjoyed by the members.

Don't miss the big jewelry sale now going on at J. A. Filion's, 156 Merrimack street.

WILSON PRIVATE CITIZEN

Ceased to be Governor of N. J. Today

TRENTON, N. J., March 1—Woodrow Wilson ceased to be governor of New Jersey today. Until Tuesday, when he becomes president of the United States, he will be a private citizen for the first time in about two years. Mr. Wilson had filed his resignation to take place at noon today, but planned to be on hand to witness the ceremonies at which Senator James Fielder, president of the state senate, becomes acting governor. No speeches were planned, but it was expected in some quarters that Mr. Wilson would deliver a farewell to the state of New Jersey.

The president-elect was due here from New York shortly before noon.

ROY & O'HEIR STORE

Has Undergone Changes to Provide for the Ever Increasing Business—Shoe Department Added

This firm has recently made many very important changes in the interior of their store which greatly add to the appearance and convenience for the transaction of business. This was necessary to meet their growing business. The change consists of utilizing the basement and making one of the neatest and most compact shoe departments seen anywhere. They also use this department for their overalls and other articles of clothing which are not of so much importance. It gives them almost a third more floor space. This firm has always enjoyed a reputation for fair and honest dealing with their patrons and always had a generous share of the public patronage. Their store now better and larger than before, it is expected that their business will grow accordingly. They are showing a spirit of enterprise that is sure to bring its rewards.

BEAN SUPPER

By the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Patrick's Parish, Post 120, G. A. R. Hall, Merrimack street, Saturday, March 8th, 1913.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE
The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
Makes delicious home-baked foods of maximum quality at minimum cost. Makes home baking pleasant and profitable

GAVE FALSE TESTIMONY

J. J. Kenny Admits That He Lied

ALBANY, March 1—Fifteen indictments against striking textile workers at Little Falls, charging them with engaging in riot and assault, were based upon perjured testimony given before Herkimer county grand jury, according to an affidavit by John J. Kenny of Albany.

Kenny was employed as a special officer at Little Falls and was stabbed in one of the recent strike riots. He admits he was one of those who testified falsely, and says he wants "to tell the truth, so no innocent person is sent to jail."

Accompanied by Mayor Lunn of Schenectady, Kenny came to Albany today to tell his story to Gov. Sulzer. The governor had gone to New York, and the matter was laid before Chester C. Platt, the governor's secretary.

Mayor Lunn said other affidavits had been made supporting Kenny's story, and he proposed to ask Gov. Sulzer to order a thorough investigation of the matter.

Kenny alleges he testified along lines of written instructions given him by the Little Falls police.

The trial of the indicted strikers is scheduled for next week. The trial of Mayor Lunn, who was arrested during the strike, is down for the same time. Mr. Lunn reiterated his determination to ask Gov. Sulzer to appear as a witness for him.

Kenny Known Here

J. J. Kenny is well known in this city, where he lived several years before his removal to the state of New Hampshire. He was employed as a baker at the Chelmsford street hospital for two years, being a paid man. He left his position to enlist in the new regiment organized by Colonel Rice in the state of New York, and went to the Philippines. At the close of his service he returned to this city and secured employment in some of the Lowell mills. Later he went to New Hampshire and it was at that time that his Lowell friends lost track of him.

OFF TO THE CAPITO[L]

Mass. Military Men Sta[rt] for the "Front"

BOSTON, March 1.—Massachuset[ts] military representation in the inaugur[al] parade in Washington on March 4 wi[ll] get away late today. To this sta[te] will go the honor of having the large[st] number of militiamen in the parade, a[c]cording to statements issued by the in[]augural committee. More than 3[] members of Massachusetts militia com[]panies will be on their way by tonigh[t]. Companies of the volunteer militia i[n] many cities and towns of this com[]monwealth will participate in the pa[]rade. The Coast Artillery corps wi[th] two companies of the Naval brigad[e], a detachment of the Ambulance com[]pany and the Hospital corps will b[e] the first to start from Boston for Fa[ll] River, where special steamers are t[o] be boarded. The Eighth Infantry wi[ll] leave a short time later to be joine[d] at Taunton by the Ninth and Tent[h] companies.

The New Bedford companies will re[]port in Fall River late in the day. Th[e] militiamen will entrain at Jersey Cit[y] Sunday morning and are expected t[o] arrive in Washington in the afternoon.

Included in the chief executives o[f] the New England states who will at[]tend the exercises are Governors Fos[s] of Massachusetts and Pothier of Rhod[e] Island. They will be accompanied b[y] their staffs, state officials and guests.

Big Sale! Big Sale! Entire jewelry stock must be sold at 156 Merrimack street. J. A. Filion.

W. P. Hovey
TEACHER AND DEALER
400 Wyman's Exchange. Tel. 153-2.

DON'T OVERLOOK--
Look Over This List
C. B. COBURN CO.

SIMPLIFY your cleaning with Liquid Disinfectant, pt	.15
SILENCE your squeaky wringer with Stainless Oil, pt	.15
STOP your pans from leaking with Polmend, box	.15
SHINE your sliver with Silva Putz, jar	.25
SUPPLY yourself with a 36-inch Radiator Brush	.35
SEND your order now for Johnson's Kleen Floor, pt	.40
SWEEP your carpets with Coburn's Parlor Broom	.45
SCRUB your floors with The Brush Mop	.50
SAVE on your fuel expense; use a Flue Brush	.50
SIFT your ashes in a galvanized Iron Ash Can	2.25

FREE CITY AUTO DELIVERY
63 MARKET STREET

Stove Coal Reduced $1.00 Per Ton
EGG, BROKEN, NUT, No. 1 and No. 2, REDUCED 50c PER TON
New Prices Stove $8.50 Egg $8.50 No. 1 Nut $8.50
Broken $8.00 No. 2 Nut $7.50
These are the Standard Grades We Have Always Carried in Stock.
D. T. Sullivan, 11 Postoffice Ave.,
Also Cor. Tanner and Howard Streets.